Weather
Warmer today, with possible showers. The maximum temperature yesterday was 82.4 and the minimum 67.5, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 72.3 and 64.2.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Empress of Russia, July 3.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Dilwara, July 9.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Korea Maru, July 2.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Devanha, today.

NO. 2692 VOL IX. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 庚申年五月初十日 SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920 大正四年第三種郵便物認可 10 CENTS

PEACE ENVOYS MAKE INITIAL DECISIONS ON GERMAN CASE

Boulogne Conference Of Allied Statesmen Over; Premiers Satisfied

POWERS AGREE

Lloyd George Declines To Mention Amount Of Reparation

(Reuter's Service)

Boulogne, June 22.—The Boulogne Conference came to an end today. Mr. Lloyd George and his associates left at three o'clock this afternoon on board the steamer Maid of Orleans. M. Millerand, Marshal Foch and Count Sforza were present on the quay to bid the British delegates farewell. The dense crowd on the quay loudly cheered the departing delegation and the band played the British national anthem.

ALLIES UNIFIED

Boulogne, June 22.—Mr. Lloyd George, interviewed prior to his departure from Boulogne, said that the Conference had gone very well. The Germans had, apparently, anticipated divided counsels but they would find that the Allies were as united and determined as ever. With regard to disarmament the Conference had taken a very strong line on the basis of the British proposal. The Turkish situation was not grave and was well in hand. The Premier declined to answer a question with regard to the lump sum, fixed for reparation. With regard to the suggestion that America should forego an amount of the debt, due from Great Britain, equal to the amount of the debt, due to Great Britain from France, Mr. Lloyd George said that fresh proposals had been made to Washington but an answer had not yet been received. He emphasised the fact that the best of relations existed between France and Great Britain.

SEND AMBASSADORS

London, June 22.—The Boulogne Conference has decided that the Allies shall be represented at Berlin by Ambassadors who will take up their duties before the Spa conference, namely on July 1.

The note to Germany regarding the reduction of the German army was despatched yesterday evening.

The deliberations of the conference have been of the friendliest character.

THE RAPPROCHEMENT

London, June 22.—The Times Boulogne correspondent, telegraphing last night, said:

"The Conference is already having the effect of drawing closer the rapprochement between the Allies, and particularly between Great Britain and France. Well-informed quarters state that an agreement has been reached on the subject of Turkey.

"Greece acts as mandatory with the consent of all parties, although there exists an Italian feeling of sympathy with Turkish nationalism."

DISCUSS PAYMENT

Boulogne, June 22.—A communique issued this afternoon says:

"The conference this morning again discussed the question of German payment for reparation and its distribution among the Allies. It was agreed that Allied experts should meet in Paris and draw up a joint proposition on an agreed basis for submission to the Allied Conference at Brussels on July 2, which will agree to a joint policy before the Spa conference.

DISARMAMENT A TOPIC

"The conference, secondly, discussed the disarmament of Germany and approved the draft communication prepared by the military experts and also their proposal with regard to the ownership of distributed war material and the date of resumption of the manufacture of aircraft. The French delegates reiterated the failure of Germany to execute the clauses relating to the delivery of coal. The advice of the Reparations Commission on this subject will be considered at the Brussels Conference."

"Finally, the conference agreed that the economic negotiations begun in London with the Russian economic delegates should be continued upon the understanding that there was no question of political recognition of the Soviet Government."

Allied Leaders Attend Conference At Boulogne

The first photograph received here showing leaders of the Allied nations attending the conferences at Boulogue-sur-Mer. The conferences are called to discuss German indemnities. From left to right in the photograph—Premier Lloyd George, of Great Britain; Lord Curzon, of Great Britain; Millerand, French Premier, and Premier Nitti, of Italy.

Golden State's Glee Club Takes Shanghai By Storm; Visitors Given Ovation

University Of California Players And Songsters Here For One-Day Engagement; Going To Manila; Returning Next Month

BY DOMINO

When the University of California Glee Club comes back to Shanghai in a few weeks time I am going to see and hear it every night even if I have to pay for my tickets. The glee club puts up an absolutely unique performance and the big house that filled the Olympic Theater last night showed in no uncertain manner their appreciation of every single number. The gang of merry students may be sure of full houses when they play here on their return.

The boys have been having a great time in Shanghai and if we may believe Summer Mering, he and his pack will be just as happy to stay in Shanghai as to go to Cuba. Yesterday was busy time for them. They all tiffined as guests of the Rotary Club and sang right merrily their songs and catches. What they did in the afternoon is neither here or there, but when it came to tea time Louis Ladow had them all round him at the Carlton again dancing was the order of the evening until the bell rang for dressing for dinner and show. Now for the show.

WINS AUDIENCE

It was as good as it was unique. The house was taken from the time the glee party sang Hail to California until Summer Mering got the lads together to give the final yell. Taking it altogether, I should say that no matter how much the individual numbers were enjoyed, and they were all enjoyed to the full, it was the concerted numbers that proved the big hits of the evening.

We have seldom heard anything so good either here or elsewhere. Mr. C. R. Morse is to be heartily congratulated upon the perfection to which he has brought his songsters. They are all perfectly trained and in time and tune absolutely correct and on top of this what is so rare in vocalists the words were wonderfully well heard in all parts of the theater. Too much cannot be said in praise of the ensemble singing. It was delightful. It was fine. It was excellent. It was extraordinary. Can any more be said? And all that is said is true.

TWO STARS

Two items stand out amidst the galaxy of individual turns, one a vocalist and one an instrumentalist. Irving Neumiller is described on the program as the McCormack of the college world. He has a voice that is likely to make him the leader in any singing world that he cares to naturalise in. He sang three songs. If the audience had their way he would be singing now. In tone, in sympathy, in purity, in style he is a sheer delight.

Dave Phennig is the instrumentalist hinted at. He gave as a first number something really good. He was called back. Then he gave some real rag in the raggy rioting style. His call back this time wasn't a call at all—it was a tornado. He played again. Then someone came on to announce the next turn. They turned him off and Dave had to bring his violin on again. He knows that instrument from its bow to its bridge and from its top to its south pole.

Frank Morgan brought on a saw. Just an ordinary or garden saw, the sort of thing that you saw wood with in the back yard. He hit it with a cork or something very like cork. He bent it backwards and forwards and got certain vibrations that resembled the vibrations of the Persia Maru. But the results were different. Rag time, sob stuff melodies and jazz came from the weird instrument. A clever turn.

QUARTET SCORES

The Golden Bar Quartet proved most acceptable and everyone who heard them looks forward to more of the same quality. Summer Mering was the funny man of the party. He is also the very clever man of the crowd. He went right over the footlights with a bang. His rapid remarks about this rapid place Shanghai were right to the point. From what one could judge I should say he is not a prohibitionist and that if he does not settle in Cuba he will make his home somewhere in Bubbling Well. Charles Strickfaden is a champion saxaphomist. He has stunts on the instrument that couldn't be beaten by Corbett in the Midnight Man. The Jazz Band make the necessary row and puts everyone in the audience on the wobble.

Altogether the show that the Californians put up last night was great and we shall be delighted to welcome them as soon as they strike the port again. The boys and their leader, Mr. C. R. Morse, leave today for Manila. But they are coming back. And for this much thanks.

CALIFORNIA ANTI-JAP LAW AGAIN MAKES TROUBLE

Nipponese Embassy Files Protest In Washington Against Statute

CRISIS FEARED

Government Opponent At Tokio Make Issue Of The Matter

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 24.—A special telegram to the Japan Advertiser from Washington states that the Japanese Embassy at Washington has lodged a protest against the proposed anti-Japanese legislation in California. The protests says:

"Diplomats in Washington fear that serious complications may arise, should the measures be passed."

Reports from Sacramento state that the Governor of California, in the course of a speech, pointed out that the Japanese birth-rate in California "constituted a menace to the State and to the country," and demanded the rigid exclusion of all Japanese from California and the forfeiture of the land held by them in the State.

GOVERNMENT WEAK

These reports are being used by the opposition newspapers in Tokio to impress the public with the weakness of the Government; which, they state, has failed to convince the leaders in America of Japan's sincerity with regard to America's difficult racial labor and immigration problems.

Despatches from America to the Japanese press are increasingly disturbing and indicate that there is a very serious anti-Japanese situation in California.

The foreign and Japanese newspapers deplore what one leading newspaper calls "the dirty work of spreading national prejudice.' Other papers comment on the situation in a somewhat similar strain, pointing out that a large number of Americans—some of them Californians—are large landholders in Japan.

These include business firms, missions and private individuals and they are scattered throughout Japan and Korea. The "jingo" press is trying to make capital out of these reports; which, however, are generally regarded as exaggerated.

PAINLEVE HURT, BUT LIKES CHINA

French Statesman Guest Of President Hsu At Hotel de Peking

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, June 24.—M. Painleve met with a slight accident to his arm when in a lift yesterday afternoon, after lunching with M. Boppe, the French minister, and other French notables.

M. Painleve, interviewed by Reuter, said that the Chinese had accorded him and his colleagues a splendid reception and had shown them the utmost courtesy.

He will remain at the Hotel de Pekin for a week as the guest of the President and will afterwards be the guest of M. Boppe.

M. Painleve contemplates visiting Hankow, Shanghai and Canton and probably Hanoi, but must return to Paris in October, as his most distinguished colleagues are then due to resume their duties at the University of Paris.

M. Painleve's mission is purely an intellectual one and is not concerned with commerce. He wants to gain an understanding of Chinese civilisation and, at the same time, to impart a knowledge of French culture which will be of benefit to both countries.

M. Painleve's accident does not in any way affect his activities.

LABOR CAUCUS OPENS

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 22.—The Labor Party's conference opened at Scarborough this morning. Mr. Hutchinson of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers presided over 1,150 delegates, representing three and a half million members. Mr. Arthur Henderson was absent, owing to an operation.

FLEET TO GUARD CANAL

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, June 21.—It is announced that from October 1 a special service squadron will be based on the Panama canal zone and will be available for duty in Mexican and Central American ports.

Bolsheviki, With Knives In Teeth, Parade In Paris

A rather unique demonstration Government poster conception of took place recently in Paris when Bolsheviki, and many of them the local Bolsheviki staged a paraded with wicked looking parade through the streets. The knives held between their teeth marchers tried to emulate the pirate style. Even the youngsters carried knives almost as big as themselves. Imagine being caught in this mob if "hell started poppin'."

PRESS IN JAPAN TELLS PUBLIC TO TAKE FAIR VIEW

Business Men Must Work Out Own Salvation In Money Crisis

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, June 24.—The business men in Osaka are still striving in vain to see light as to the financial crisis. Some are desperately praying for Government relief.

The newspapers are, however, unsympathetic and continue to express their disapproval of Government assistance and to urge the merchants to work out their own salvation.

Nevertheless the approaching session of the Diet is attracting great attention because the Government will then be pressed to define its financial policy.

The financial editor of the Asahi declares that the Government's loan policy, of which internal loans to the amount of 350,000,000 yen still remain to be floated, is very likely to prove a stumbling block for the Government.

OPPOSE INCOME TAX LAW

The merchants here strongly oppose the proposed revision of the income tax law, but the Government appears unwavering.

The reason for the Government's attitude is believed to be that Mr. Hara has pledged himself to the militarists, to find permanent resources to finance the so-called national defense.

Osaka merchants are in no frame of mind to offer money for military enterprises. They are exceedingly anxious to have the country's business stabilised before anything else.

The Nikolaevsk incident, which the opposition is vigorously taking up, is regarded by the newspapers here as only an additional proof of the folly of the Government's Siberian expedition.

PUBLIC MEETINGS HELD

The Osaka newspapers recently held large public meetings, at which their special correspondents, who recently inspected the scenes of the disaster, delivered addresses. Thousands of people attended these meetings.

The newspapers here are very indignant at the brutality of the Partisans, but hold the Government chiefly responsible.

The Asahi, however, proposes the appointment of a special commission to carry out a thorough investigation, along the lines of the Dardanelles and Mesopotamia inquiries.

GREEKS NOT ALARMED

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 22.—Telegrams from the Greek military authorities state that they are in an adequate position to deal effectively with Mustapha Kemal's forces.

AGAINST INTERVENTION

Paris, June 21.—It is authoritatively stated that the report that Field Marshal Sir Henry Wilson and Marshal Foch are opposed to Greek intervention in Anatolia is incorrect.

The field-marshals argued that apart from political questions, Greece with 90,000 men would not be able to undertake the proposed operations.

CHOLERA IN KYOTO

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Osaka, June 24.—Cholera is spreading in the interior. There have been some cases at Kyoto.

GERMANY AGAIN DEPLORES HORROR OF SUB CAMPAIGN

(Reuter's Service)

Genoa, June 22.—At the International Seamen's Conference today M. Albert Thomas (France) announced that the German government had authorised the German delegate, Herr Wissell, to make a statement deploring the victims of the submarine war and pointing out that Germany had undertaken, by the peace treaty; to make good all damages done to the Allies by the submarine war, and had already met the reasonable claims of neutrals.

M. Thomas asked the conference to record the German government's undertaking to repair the wrongs to seamen victims of the submarine war.

Mr. Havelock Wilson (Great Britain) expressed satisfaction at Germany's recognition of her wrongs.

JAPAN MOURNS THOSE KILLED AT NIKOLAEVSK

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 24.—The arrival here yesterday of the remains of the Japanese Consul, Mr. Ichida, and other victims of the Nikolaevsk massacre was the scene of a great manifestation of national feeling.

A movement is growing in strength which holds the Government and the Military Command accountable for the failure to provide adequate protection.

The Hochi, in a leading article today, points out that the failure to rescue General Gordon at Khartoum was condemned by Queen Victoria as a "national humiliation" and the journal considers that the Nikolaevsk massacre is also a national shame for Japan, as it was occasioned by want of adequate precautions on the part of the authorities, civil and military.

A parliamentary memorial service to the victims was held this morning in the Diet compound. Addresses were given by the Premier, the ministers of war and of the navy and members of the privy council.

The Imperial princes paid homage to the spirits of the massacred at a temporary altar, the service being Shintoist throughout.

The Emperor and Empress made a joint contribution of 1,000 Yen to the expenses of the occasion and the Crown Prince and the other Imperial Princes also contributed.

Today and tomorrow have been set apart as special memorial days. Tomorrow thirteen sects of Buddhists will hold a combined mass at the Honganji Temple.

Rumanian Prince Honored In Japan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 24.—The Crown Prince of Rumania was received in audience today by the Empress and the Crown Prince, to whom he presented the highest Rumanian order for the Emperor. This afternoon the Crown Prince bestowed the grand Cordon of the order of the Chrysanthemum on Prince Carol.

POLICE ON TRAIL OF MURDERER OF SING-SONG BEAUTY

Suspect Under Arrest Said Confessed Knowledge Of Mysterious Crime

Information that the police of the International Settlement have obtained, it is thought, may lead to the arrest of the missing Yen Jui-sang, suspected of complicity in the mysterious murder of Lien Yin, who was one of Shanghai's most celebrated sing-song girls, noted throughout the Chinese community for her charm and beauty. One arrest has been made in connection with the case.

Lien Yin's body was found one morning last month in a wheat field near the outskirts of the city. She had been strangled with a silk scarf. Investigation, according to police report, disclosed that on the night she disappeared Lien Yin had set out on an automobile ride with Yen Jui-sang in a car he is said to have borrowed from the son of a wealthy Chinese merchant. This car, abandoned on a country road not far from the spot where the body was discovered, was found by the police, but Yen Jui-sang had vanished leaving behind no trace.

It is reported that under examination by the police a Chinese taken into custody admitted knowledge of the crime and said that Yen Jui-sang had gone into hiding in a temple in a city some distance from Shanghai. Further investigation of circumstances in connection with the crime is being carried out by the authorities.

Colonel House Now In England

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 21.—Colonel House has arrived in Southampton from America. He denies that the object of his visit to England is to endeavor to persuade Mr. Davis, the United States Ambassador in London, to accept Democratic nomination as candidate for the Presidency.

Connaught Made Governor-General Of South Africa

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 22.—It is officially announced that Prince Arthur of Connaught has been appointed governor-general and commander-in-chief, South Africa.

Prince Dedicates Australian Capital

(Reuter's Service)

Sydney, June 22.—The Prince of Wales visited Canaberra, the site of the new federal capital, and laid the foundation of the capitol building.

A casket was presented to His Royal Highness containing a mallet made of wood from every Australian State.

Special Police Guard Dr. Wu While In Japan

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, June 23.—An assault on Dr. Wu Ting-fang is apprehended and special police are protecting him at Miyanoshita.

9 ARE KILLED; 20 WOUNDED IN IRISH REBELLION

Population Panic-Stricken As Sinn Feiners And Constables Mix

RIOTS REPEATED

De Valera Denies Story Of $50,000 Fund Sent To G.O.P. Convention

(Reuter's Service)

London, June 22.—In the House of Commons today, replying to Major Robert O'Neill with regard to the riots at Londonderry, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the County Inspector of Londonderry had reported that nine civilians were killed and 15 to 20 wounded. Brigadier-General Arthur Campbell, commanding the district, had gone to Londonderry with full discretion to deal with the situation. The Chief Secretary had stated that the force at Londonderry was reported to be adequate but General Campbell had been instructed to ask for whatever force he might think necessary. The Government were satisfied that the Irish Government were using every weapon in their power to deal with the situation.

JUST LIKE BATTLE

The troops had been instructed, if attacked, to treat the attackers as they would treat an enemy in a field battle. If they saw armed men approaching, the troops must "hands-up" them and in the event of a refusal fire on them.

The Constabulary had already been granted increased pay and arrangements had been made with regard to compensation to widows and children.

Mr. Henry added that he had been assured by those responsible in Ireland that better times were in store and that there was every prospect of a speedy improvement. There had already been a marked reduction in cattle driving.

REIGN OF TERROR

London, June 22.—Londonderry yesterday had another day and night of terror. All business was suspended and shops closed. Men carrying rifles marched through the streets firing recklessly.

The infirmary was busy throughout the day.

The difficulties of the conveyance of wounded was increased owing to a motormen's strike. Shots rang out at intervals from five in the morning until midnight.

Fighting was continuous in the evening for four hours.

FEELING RUNS HIGH

Unionist feeling is highly inflamed as a result of the brutal murder of McKay, the son of a well-known Londonderry resident. McKay who served in the war had just returned from a holiday. He was held up by Sinn Feiners on the outskirts of the city and on declining to give information regarding the despatch of arms, was bound and gagged. His body was then riddled with bullets and lay on the roadside for three hours until a hearse would be secured to convey him to his father's house.

Correspondents state that the police and military are acting independently, which has added to the chaos. The magistrates are demanding martial law and also fresh seasoned troops.

RIOTS REPEATED

Later—The fierce rioting of the past couple of days in Londonderry was repeated today. The conflicts between Sinn Feiners and Unionists are rendering movement in the streets most risky while communications have been interfered with. Troops are patrolling the streets and have constantly intervened to stop the disorder temporarily.

MOB LAW EXTANT

London, June 22.—In the House of Commons today, Lieut.-Colonel Wifrid Ashley, drawing attention to the failure of the Government to maintain order in Ireland, especially in Londonderry and Dublin, said that mob-law had prevailed in Derry for seven days. He delared that the situation was unbelievable.

The Chief Secretary and the Lord-Lieutenant were prisoners

in their own houses as were also the officials at Dublin Castle, having to take exercise in their own grounds.

"ASSASSINS," HE SAYS

The Republicans had established their own post-offices. It was useless to talk of conciliation with Sinn Feiners and assassins. Colonel Ashley said that the only way to deal with the menace was to declare martial law.

Replying, Mr. Denis Henry, Attorney-General for Ireland, repeated Mr. Bonar Law's statement earlier in the sitting. He said that a battalion of troops had gone to Londonderry and that there were two at Belfast ready to proceed to Derry. Mr. Henry admitted that the position in Dublin was very grave and expressed the hope that means would be found to adopt the suggestion to get the assistance of all loyal men irrespective of party. There had already been a very successful attempt along such lines.

DE VALERA DENIES

New York, June 21.—De Valera, in the course of an interview today denied the allegation, published in the Gaelic American, that fifty thousand dollars, subscribed to Irish bonds, had been used to send a delegation to Chicago to attempt to secure an Irish plank in the Republican platform. He declared that not more than $25,000 from the Sinn Fein funds had been spent in that connection.

TWO BURNED

London, June 21.—The Court House at Drumcollogher, County Limerick, was burned down yesterday evening. Two charred bodies were found in the debris.

From midnight to dawn Londonderry was peaceful, but at daybreak shooting recommenced.

It is officially stated that a bomb outrage occurred in Dublin this morning. A motor was proceeding from the Amiens road station to Dublin Castle, containing Mr. Roberts, assistant inspector-general of constabulary, and three constables, when the driver was fired on in Beresford Place by men armed with revolvers concealed behind the pillars of the railway bridge.

BOMBS THROWN

The first volley wounded both Mr. Roberts and the driver, but not seriously. The latter continued to drive and fire was returned from the car, whereupon two bombs were thrown. The amount of damage done is not stated. No arrests have been made.

The Executive of the Irish Labor Party has issued a manifesto advising the railwaymen to await dismissal, thus avoiding a general strike.

Five policemen were ambushed at Bantry today. One was killed.

Londonderry was quiet this afternoon. The casualties in the rioting this morning were one killed and three wounded.

SOOCHOW SATIN WEAVERS STRIKE

Workers Riot When They Are Refused Increase In Their Wages

(*China Press Correspondent*)

Soochow, June 23.—The satin-weavers in Soochow went on strike again on Monday. The unskillful procedure of the so-called Tung-shih, and the measure taken by some of the employers are chief causes for the new outbreak. Two riots occurred on Monday and Tuesday, and the whole city is in a panic.

As previously decided, 90 coppers are paid for skilled and 45 coppers for unskilled workers. The workers considered this decision as satisfactory and promised to return to work.

On Monday, when the laborers were informed that the extra payment would not be maintained more than two months they became uneasy and decided to lodge a protest against their employers.

Over 1,000 workers called on Mr. Yen (Tung-shih of the Satin Weavers' guild), who is the Manager of the Shik Shang Kong Pao.

Owing to his being unable to comply with their demand, for an interview the laborers became impatient and began their attack. They smashed the furniture to pieces, tore off scrolls; and, at last, knocked down the printing machine.

Following suppression by the armed police, the laborers became more infuriated and commenced their coup against the constables.

NOTICE

On and after June 21st our rates for car hire will be:—

5 seater $4.00 per hour, $1.50 minimum
7 seater $5.00 per hour, $2.00 minimum

THE CHINA GARAGE CO.
21 Foochow Road
Tel. Central 2403.

Noted Writer Reveals Romance After Five Years

Miss Fannie Hurst, noted author, has revealed her romance, which surpasses in romantic trend any of her gripping tales of love and life. Miss Hurst told how five years ago she was secretly married to Jacques S. Danielson, pianist and composer. She told of the remarkable plan of "trial" they had agreed on and which has brought happiness to them in private life and success in public ventures.

She said that five years ago the right man came into her life and she was called upon to choose either a career or love in wedlock. She solved the problem by choosing both.

As proof of her belief that she has found the habitation of the dual gods, Success and Happiness, she pointed out the fact that the "trial marriage" which was timed to last one year, has reached the end of the fifth year.

The couple maintain separate apartments and meet only by appointment. They continue life as before their marriage, cultivate their own friends and, according to Miss Hurst, are "supremely happy."

As a result of the skirmish, one constable and a pedestrian were slightly hurt.

After the arrest of 17 rioters, a big crowd, consisting of about 300 workers, went to the Yaman with joss sticks in their hands. They prostrated themselves before the Mayor and requested the emancipation of their comrades. This faithful demand was at once conceded to, and the men were released.

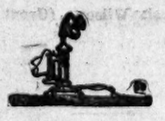
No Money For South Before Peace, Says Peking Goverment

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, one of the three directors of the South-western University, has resigned following the action of the Peking Government withholding funds allotted to the Southwestern Government from the customs surplus revenue.

Although both Chiang Shih-chao, representative of the Tsen Chun-shuan administration, and Wu Ting-fang, ex-minister of finance of the Canton government, are both willing to set aside Tls. 850,000 from the fund for the establishment of the university, the Central Government has requested the banks through the respective foreign consulates to hold the money until the conclusion of internal peace.

War Memorial Tablet At Cathedral School Will Be Unveiled

The Cathedral School War Memorial Tablet will be unveiled in the school by Sir Everard Fraser K.C.M.G. at noon today. There will be a short service conducted by Dean Symons. It is hoped that all old boys and others interested will attend.



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We deliver to your home twice a day.

SHAININ & Co.
The Home of Delicacies
100 SZECHUEN ROAD

Anfu Club Busy, Try To Suve Self

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, June 24.—It is reported that General Hsu Shu-tseng has left for Urga.

It is generally believed that the Anfu Club has suffered a notable defeat at the hands of General Chang Tso-lin, but the club is now calling up its last powerful reserves, with a view to effecting a compromise by invoking every possible influence upon General Chang Tso-lin.

It seems probable that the Anfuites will retain the portfolios of finance and communications, while the Parliament will be voluntarily dissolved, thus removing one of the main sources of Anfu strength.

General Chang Hsun will be appointed Tuchun of Anhui. This proposed compromise is said to be largely due to foreign influence, but is considered fairly satisfactory.

General Chang Tso-lin returned from Paotingfu yesterday evening and will have an audience with the President this evening.

Chin Yung-peng will probably be granted a further ten days' leave, in which time the details of a working agreement will be drawn up.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

"I'm broke, so I went to borrow some money from my friend."

"My mother is sick, I went over to get some opium for medicine."

"I am a wharf coolie, I went there to take a rest."

"I am a foreman in Chapei and came over to get some labor help from the den."

"I am a hawker in the night, the puff makes me awake to carry on my trade."

"I am a messenger. I was asked by my master to deliver a note to his friend."

"I never smoke, the sight of smoking interests me."

These were a few of the excuses offered by a band of Chinese brought into the Mixed Court on charges of smoking opium. The court let them off with a fine of $3 each except the man who said he had to return to the Settlement to find enough workmen to fill his force.

"There are about five hundred million Chinese in this country," suggested the Court, "and not all of them live in this International Settlement—eighteen months."

Commissioner Hsu Calls On Consuls

Mr. Hsu Yuan, the new Foreign Commissioner, accompanied by the secretaries of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs, Messrs. S. K. Chen and N. T. Yang, called on the local Consul-Generals yesterday. Today he will visit the members of the Municipal Council and foreign judicial officers.

1000 TIFFINS

have been served during the past month at

SULLIVAN'S
36 NANKING ROAD
and

1000 PEOPLE

have had good tiffins. Indeed, many of them have said so. They remark about the good food, well-cooked and neatly served.

The light tiffin costs $0.75
The full tiffin costs $1.25

When ladies are down town shopping in the mornings, they will find it restful to drop in at Sullivan's, and sip a cool, refreshing Ice Cream Soda, while working over their shopping lists.

SULLIVAN'S
36 NANKING ROAD.

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You don't have to depend on outside labor for building Beaver Board walls and ceilings. Beaver Board is quickly nailed to the studding of new buildings or partitions or directly over old cracked plaster and dingy wall paper.

Beaver Board has endless uses about the farm. It's just the thing to line your work shop and it's even better for the building of a beautiful new room in some waste space in the house.

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A BANK IS THE SAFE PLACE TO "HIDE" MONEY!

Put your money in the bank, where it is not only safe, but where it earns interest for you. The following clipping from a Cleveland newspaper shows the risk of keeping money in private hiding places:

HIS $54 BOILS AWAY

Man Hides Money in Coffee Pot, Then Forgets

CLEVELAND, O.—Eugene Para reported to police Monday night that $54 of his savings which he had hidden in 2 coffee pots in his restaurant, had been stolen. Last night he assured the officers that it was all a mistake.

He explained the money was in a small coffee bag inside the pot. Forgetting the money, he said he placed the pot on a steaming radiator.

The coffee boiled over and with it the $54. "I've found the bag and the money behind the radiator," he said.

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There are definite reasons why the New Post Toasties are vastly superior in crispness and flavour to any other corn flakes.

In the new process of baking, intense heat raises tiny air "puffs" on each flake, bringing out a decidedly new and delicious flavour—the true flavour of the corn—unknown to the corn flakes of the past.

Owing to this new process the New Toasties maintain their crispness untill eaten and do not grow soft and mushy in the bowl like other corn flakes.

The flavour is so delightfully pleasant that the New Post Toasties may be eaten and relished dry, though of course they are generally served with cream, rich milk, or fruit with a sprinkling of sugar.

Suppose you try the

New Post Toasties
—at all Grocers.

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38 Kiangse Road

Judgment Is Reserved In Kolchak's Claim Against Tientsin American Firm

Plaintiff's Counsel Scores Defense For Dodging Issue And Asking Court To Consider Russian Politics, With Which It Has No Concern

Tientsin, June 22.—The most important case of the Tientsin docket of the United States Court for China, Judge Charles S. Lobingier sitting, that of the Kolchak Government in a claim for $140,875 against the China and Mongolia Export Company of Tientsin, was heard today. Judgment was reserved and the respective counsel engaged, Messrs. Fleming, Davies and Bryan, by Messrs. Fleming and Bryan and Mr. E. P. Allen, were ordered to file briefs.

Three cases were heard here yesterday. They are Fearon, Daniel and Co., Inc. versus R. N. Kitching, Fearon Daniel and Co., Inc. versus R. F. Hall and Fearon Daniel and Co., Inc. versus R. F. Hall. Judgment for plaintiffs with costs was handed down in each of the first two cases, while judgment was reserved in the last case.

Messrs. Fleming, Davies and Fryan, by Bryan, were counsel for plaintiffs and defendants were represented by Mr. E. P. Allen. Five more cases will be heard in the course of the next two days, by the end of which the session will be closed.

CLAIMED OVERDRAFT

In the case of Fearon, Daniel and Co., Inc. vs. R. N. Kitching, the plaintiffs claim for Tls. 1,292.19, alleged to have been overdrawn by the defendant in his account with the plaintiff during his employment by the company. Defendant denied the claim and alleged that the amount was a portion of the commission on the profits of his department.

Evidence was adduced and Judge Lobingier gave judgment for plaintiffs.

In the plaintiffs' claim against R. F. Hall, they sued the defendant for Tls. 1,367.16 for moneys overdrawn by him in his account with the company as manager of the paint department of the company at Shanghai and Tientsin. The claim was admitted and a judgment was accordingly handed down with costs.

BILL IN EQUITY

The second suit against the same defendant by Fearon, Daniel and Co., Inc. was a bill of equity, asking for an injunction to restrain the defendant from allowing himself to be engaged in any other paint company in competition with the plaintiffs. Defendant admitted the stipulations of his contract with the firm. There remained only the question of law involved. After a lengthy argument, judgment was reserved.

Today's other proceedings were particularly interesting, inasmuch as the claim was made on behalf of the Kolchak Regime. Serge Ivanovitch Dougacheff, agent, attorney and liquidator of the Ministry of Food and Supplies of the Russian Government, claimed against the China Mongolia Export Company, Tientsin, for breach of contract for the supply of 50,000 sheep pelt coats for use of the Kolchak Army. Plaintiff alleged that he had deposited with the defendants, the sum of $143,000, being 35 percent of the purchase price for the coats; that defendant had only delivered 1,000 coats and that there was due to the plaintiff from the defendants, $138,000, being balance of the money deposited and also damages for the breach of contract.

DEPOSITIONS TAKEN

Depositions had been taken prior to the trial both from the plaintiff and the defendants. At the trial, the plaintiff, in addition to his power of attorney as agent of the Ministry of Food and Supplies of the former Kolchak Government, produced an authorisation from the Russian Minister in Peking, by which he was appointed to liquidate claims of the ministry and to disburse the funds as directed by the Russian Legation in Peking.

During the trial, Mr. Allen, on behalf of the defendants, admitted that the bulk of the coats manufactured by defendants and intended for delivery were not up to the specifications. The case therefore was heard largely upon legal points.

NOT RECOGNISED

Mr. Allen contended that the Kolchak Government had not been recognised and that it had since disappeared. He contended that another government had been organised in Vladivostok, with which the defendants was now negotiating for a settlement of the case. He produced telegrams from the parties in Vladivostok with whom his clients were negotiating and urged that the case should stand over until an opportunity of effecting a friendly settlement could be reached. He claimed that the authority of the plaintiff had ceased and that he could not be recognised as the representative of the Russian Government, because there was no such a thing as recognised Russian Government in existence.

In reply, Mr. Fleming claimed that the case was a plain breach of contract on the part of the defendants. Plaintiff had come to China, he said, as a representative of the de facto government of Russia at that time. He had been inspired by a patriotic motive, had entered into a contract honestly and squarely and prepared to carry it out to the letter.

CONTRACT BROKEN

The failure of the defendants to supply the coats, counsel continued, had compelled him to place orders with others for the same supplies at much higher prices and the failure of the defendants to deliver the coats as contracted for was a great disappointment to the plaintiff and his principals.

The defendants, said Mr. Fleming, instead of meeting the issue of the case squarely, were now attempting to divert the attention of the Court from the legitimate issued involved in the case and were asking the Court to enter into the consideration of the question of Russian politics, with which the Court had no concern.

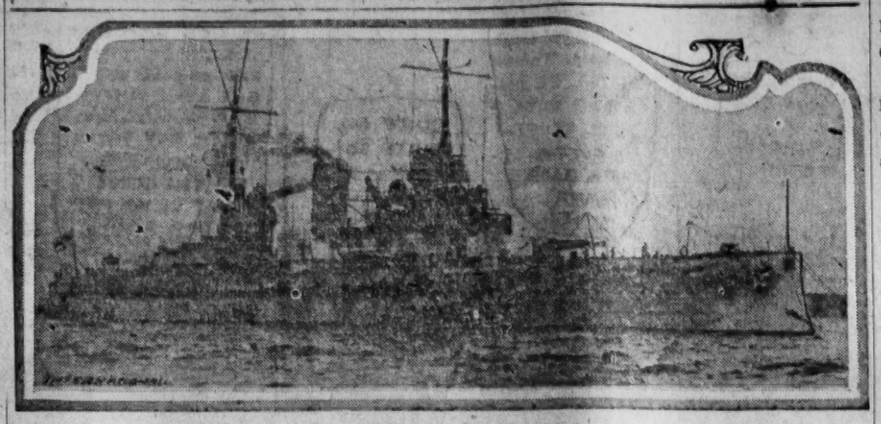
Mr. Fleming stated that the plaintiff in this matter was a trustee and as such it was his duty to recover from the defendants the balance of the deposit amounting to $183,000 and the damages resulting from the breach of the contract. It did not matter, counsel maintained, whether or not the Kolchak Government was in existence. The claim was one which belongs to the Russian people and would have to be enforced for the benefit of whatever government which is eventually to be recognised.

STATUS OF RUSSIANS

Counsel said that the status of the Russians in China are determined by the Chinese Government and the other treaty powers, who recognise the authority and jurisdiction of the Russian Minister and Consuls over Russian subjects and property and that the Russian Minister to Peking had taken this in charge for the purpose of liquidating the claims resulting from the business transactions of the Kolchak Government in China and had appointed the plaintiff as the liquidator.

As the claim is Russian property, Mr. Fleming contended, the Russian Minister by his legitimate agent, has the right to prosecute the action for its enforcement. As there was contention on the part of the defense that the contract was not broken, Mr. Fleming asked that judgment be given in favor of the plaintiff as prayed for. Mr. Lobingeir reserved judgment and ordered briefs to be filed.

German Battleship Allotted To United States



America's war prize. The German battleship Nassau, which has been allotted to the United States. The warship will shortly be handed over to America, and it is possible that upon its arrival it will be used as a target for the navy's gunners.

30 Organisations To Discuss Plans For Internal Peace

Thirty local Chinese organisations will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the former German Club to plan for the early resumption of the Shanghai peace conference.

Nine others yesterday telegraphed to Peking, urging the recall of the Anfu Northern peace delegate and protesting against the possible appointment of the monarchist, Chang Hsun.

S. V. C. Orders

Routine Order by Lt. Col. R Marr Johnson, C.M.G., D.S.O. Commandant S.V.C.

4.—Headquarter Offices.—The Headquarter Offices will be closed on Thursday and Friday, July 1 and 2, 1920.

5.—Long Leave.—Long Leave is granted to Capt. J. T. W. Brooke from June 24, 1920 to February 23, 1921.

Short Leave.—Short Leave has been granted to the following Officers.

Capt. E. H. McMichael June 25 to July 3, 1920.

2.-Lieut. F. W. Snape June 30 to August 1, 1920.

R. Marr Johnson,
Lieut.-Col.
Commandant, S.V.C.

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Some are better than others

We claim to manufacture a soap which is in every way as good as the best imported soap

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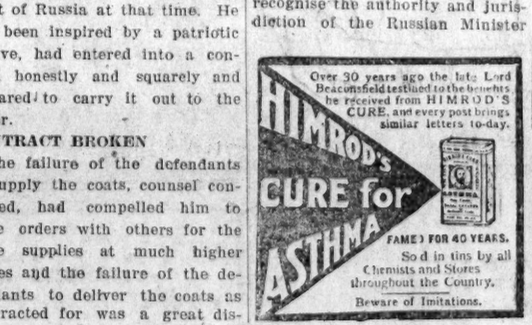
Polished Floors Last Longer Look Better

The polish adds extra protection to the floor, makes hard cleaning unnecessary, reduces the chances of scratches due to friction, and preserves and accentuates the finish.

Polished floors do not look so gloomy, either. The whole room is made cheerful.

There are many kinds of floor polishes, but there is only one kind that's better than the rest, namely:

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS Floor Wax



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P 67

Brainworkers Find It Refreshing and Invigorating to sip a glass of cool water containing a teaspoonful of

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

An invaluable tonic, a delightful beverage and one of the best restorers when the energies flag and the spirits droop. Non-alcoholic, it invigorates without undue stimulation, and is a helpful preventive for digestive disorders.

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NOVELTY NECKWEAR, FRILLS,
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Dress lengths of VOILES
in EXCLUSIVE DESIGNS
direct from PARIS

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JUMPERS AND SWEATERS

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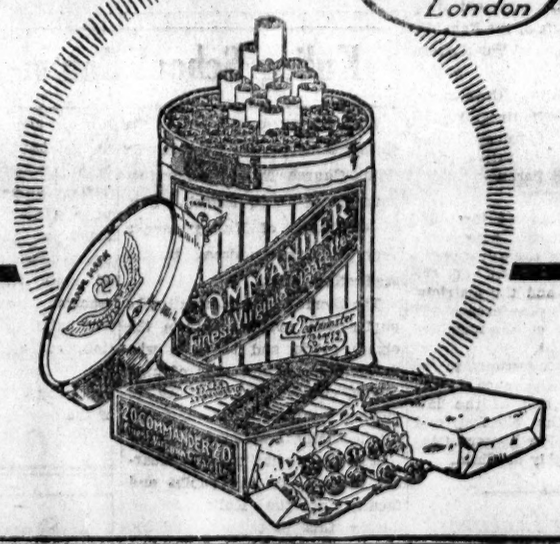
"COMMANDER"

"Commander" stands supreme in it's power to satisfy the most fastidious smokers. It is a mild, pleasing cigarette made in a "Super Size"....

"Commander must be smoked to be appreciated"

Manufactured in England

Westminster Tobacco Co, Ltd. London



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NEPTUNUS

ARE you interested in the Salt Business? Have you heard about the Chiu Ta Salt Refining Company of Tientsin? It is the

LARGEST SALT REFINERY IN THE FAR EAST and the only one of its kind.

WE manufacture different grades of Refined Salt for DOMESTIC purposes as well as for EXPORT. If you have any idea of buying a large quantity of salt, it will pay you to make inquiries from us.

CHIU TA SALT REFINING CO.
TIENTSIN
Telegram No. 2639: Cables: "CHIUTA TIENTSIN"

MOSCOW OPENS RUSSO-CHINESE CONFERENCE

Third Gathering Of Siberian Mongols—Persian "Reds" Announce Themselves

(*Dalta News Agency*)

Moscow, June 19.—The third All-Russian Congress of Chinese workingmen living in Russia, Siberia and Turkestan, was opened today in Moscow.

Fifty-two delegates, representating over one hundred thousand organised workers, have arrived at the congress. Three leaders of the first Chinese revolution are among the delegates.

A mass meeting of the Persian residents in Moscow was held a few days ago. After speeches delivered by Vosnessensky, Narriman, Khan and the Azerbeidjan communist Naouri and others, the following resolution was carried:

"It is with great joy that all the Persian citizens received the news that the Persian people have revolted against the most ruthless oppressor of Persia and other eastern countries—external imperialism."

GREETS LEADER

The resolution further greets "the beloved leader of the insurrection in Iran, Mirza Koutchouk" and expresses the hope that he will bring the struggle he has begun to a successful end.

Greeting the Russian Soviet Republic as the only defender of the freedom of all nations, the resolution expresses the protest against the Polish invasion supported by the Entente.

SAFE PASSAGE

Verhne-udinsk, June 19.—The Chief of the fifth Japanese division, General Sudzuki, has officially declared to Mr. Krasuoschekoff, Minister of Foreign affairs of the Far Eastern Republic, that the Japanese Command guarantees safe passage to the representatives of various districts of the Republic gathering at a general Far Eastern Conference.

The Verhne-udinsk Government has proposed to Vladivostok and Blagovestchenck to elect immediately three representatives each, and send them to Verhne-udinsk.

NINE SEATS LEFT

By the decision of the Constituent Conference, nine seats have been left in the government for the representatives of the political parties and the districts.

Members of the conference will enjoy the rights of the members of the Government.

Among other questions to be decided by the conference is the question of sanction of the law providing for the election and summoning of a Far Eastern Constitutional assembly at Chita.

MUTT & JEFF — On The Level, Here's A Strip With A Real Punch To It — By Bud Fisher

CERTAINLY, BUD OLD DEAR! JUST LEAVE IT TO MUTT AND ME! TEE HEE! TA TA OLD THING.
JOE
MUTT, THAT WAS BUD ON THE PHONE. HE WANTS US TO GET UP THE JOKE FOR TODAY'S STRIP-SOMETHING HOT WITH A "PUNCH" TO IT.
THAT'LL BE SOUP FOR US! A CINCH!
WE GOTTA GET UP SOMETHING THAT'LL BE ON A PAR WITH BUD'S STUFF. WE GOTTA PUT A GOOD "PUNCH" IN IT!
QUITE SO, QUITE SO!
WE CAN USE THAT ONE ABOUT THE EXPLOSION! ONE GUY ASKS WHAT IT WAS, AND THE OTHER GUY SAYS- "THE WIND BLEW UP THE STREET. WHAT'LL WE PUT IN THE LAST PICTURE?
WE'LL PUT IN WHAT YOUR JOKE LACKS
SWISH-
A GOOD PUNCH! AND THERE IT IS.
196
(Copyright, 1920, by H. C. Fisher)

News Brevities

Beginning from the first of this month, the Chinese police constables will receive $1 extra per month on account of the rise in the price of rice.

* * *

Work on the new Commercial Museum of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce on North Honan Road is now complete. The opening ceremony will take place at an early date. The museum is located next to the present premises of the chamber and occupies over three mow of land. It is a reinforced concrete buildings of three stories.

* * *

The Government Steamship Administration will be abolished beginning July 1. The administration was originally established to handle the enemy vessels sequestrated at the treaty ports when China declared war against the Teutons. Following the conclusion of the war, the Government leased the fleet to a Chinese company, which will hereafter assume control over the property.

* * *

Thirty-five American sailors of the U.S.S. Elcano and U.S.S. Samar enjoyed the entertainment given by the University of California Glee Club last night. The party was arranged by Mr. William R. Durbin, an alumnus of the University of California.

* * *

Mr. T. F. Cobb of the B. A. T., Mr. W. A. B. Nichols of Fearon, Daniel and Co. and Mr. W. S. Fleming, senior partner of the law firm of Messrs. Fleming, Davies and Bryan returned from Tientsin yesterday.

Kuling School Commencement

The closing exercises of the Kuling School were held in the Union Church Thursday morning, June 17 at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. E. C. Cooper of Kuling gave a very inspiring address to the graduating class.

The theme of his address to the pupils who graduated from the eighth grade, and to those who finished the second year of high school, was "The necessity of moving onward and upward, intellectually and spiritually."

Rev. Cooper has greatly endeared himself to the pupils and faculty of the Kuling School during this past year, and his address was a fitting close to the school year.

HEADMASTER SPEAKS

Following the commencement address, Headmaster Albert H. Stone gave a resume of the year's work. He reported excellent work done in all departments of the school. The Kuling School has on its staff eight trained teachers in addition to a matron, a trained nurse and a physician. Out of 57 pupils enrolled in the school, only two failed to pass the necessary requirements which would have entitled them to promotion to the next higher grade, and three were honor pupils, having received a grade of 90 or above in all subjects.

Mr. Stone placed emphasis upon a description of the equipment of the school from the point of view of its large corps of well trained and efficient teachers, and stated that the new building now under construction, costing $40,000 would be ready for occupation by the beginning of the second term of the school year of 1920-1921.

He further stated that it cost $32,000 to run the Kuling school for one year, that over half of this amount went to pay the salaries of the members of the staff, and that the actual cost to maintain a pupil in the school for one year is $600. The highest charge made is $450 per year, this being for children of business people; while the lowest charge made is $225, this amount being for children whose parents belong to contributing missions.

DIPLOMAS PRESENTED

At the close of the headmaster's remarks, diplomas were presented to Ada Adams, Ruth Derr, Paul Gelwicks and Kenneth Kepler, who completed the eighth grade; and certificates to Raymond Kepler and Alfred Duff, who completed the second year of high school, the highest grade offered by the Kuling School at the present time.

The honor pupils for the year were Raymond Kepler, Baird Butchart and Harvey Butchard.

Several musical numbers by the pupils of the school, under the direction of Miss Grace McKinney of the music department, added interest to the closing program.

Commencement week of the school was saddened by the death of Rev. W. A. Reimert of Yochow who was shot and killed by Chinese soldiers a few days ago. Two of his children, who are pupils of the Kuling School, had prominent parts in commencement activities and in a scene from "A Midsummer-Night's Dream," which was to have been presented under the direction of Miss Gertrude Frost of the English department.

A program to have been given by the pupils of the primary department, under the direction of the primary teachers Miss Vernon and Miss Harlowe, was also omitted. A piano recital by Raymond Kepler, who graduated from the music department, was postponed from Wednesday evening to Saturday evening.

Mr. Theodore Hobbie, formerly a master in the Kuling School, and during the past year a teacher in Boone University, returns as a master next year.

Dr. Dewey Lectures At Hsuchowfu

(*China Press Correspondent*)

Hsuchowfu, Ku, June 21, 1920.—Dr. Dewey, assisted by Dr. K. S. Liu of Nanking, has just finished a series of lectures on education to the teachers of Hsuchowfu and the surrounding country. The subjects were, "Some Modern Tendencies in Education." "How to Promote the Activity of the Students," "The Criteria of Social Progress," "Moral Education."

The Presbyterian Church, which seats more than a thousand, was filled with teachers and students representing eight hsiens and four provinces.

This week the educational conference is being continued with lectures by Dr. Hwang Reu-chi, Miss Chang of the Nanking Woman's Normal, and Mr. Chen He-chin.

Dr. Dewey went to Wusih from here, there to give another series of lectures.

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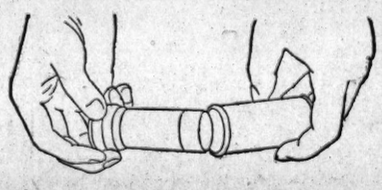
$3 per hr. $1.00 per 20 min.
77 ROUTE VALLON

Williams'
Holder Top Shaving Stick



The rich, lasting lather of Williams' Shaving Stick will quickly win you to its daily use.

The velvety coolness it imparts to the face, combined with its delicate fragrance makes shaving a real pleasure.

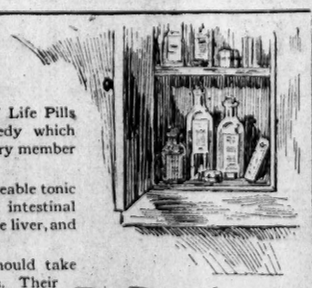
The Holder Top feature is an added convenience. Holder can be reloaded at less cost than complete stick.

At all Chemists and Bazaars.

J. B. WILLIAMS CO., Glastonbury, Conn., U. S. A.
Agents: MULLER, PHIPPS & HODGES (China), LTD.
38 KIANGSE ROAD. SHANGHAI

SHASTA WATER
Invigorating and Refreshing.
Delightfully cooling in summer, and possessing marvellous tonic properties, which revitalise jaded nerves and appetites.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
in
QUARTS—PINTS—SPLITS.
Trans-Pacific Corporation
Sole Agents
103 SZECHUEN ROAD.

A Standard Family Remedy



For over 25 years Dr. Ross' Life Pills have been an approved remedy which could be effectively used by every member of the family.
They are an efficient and agreeable tonic laxative which cleans out the intestinal tract, stimulates the action of the liver, and tones up the entire system.
Every one in the family should take these pills at frequent intervals. Their regular use may save the expense of serious sickness by keeping the family in good condition to ward off disease.
For sale at all druggists.
THE SYDNEY ROSS COMPANY
New York, U. S. A.
Dr. Ross' Life Pills for Bowel & Liver
Life Pills

Fire and Marine Insurance
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Member of
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China Lace Guild
Manufacturers of
FILLET AND IRISH CROCHET LACE, INSERTIONS, ETC.
Wholesale only
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ROSENSTOCK'S
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AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTEER
OF CHINA
China-Manila Edition: $14.00
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Every industry has a regiment of them. Some are on foot. Some are on horseback. Some are behind desks. Their flag is woven with "it can't be done." Spend money on printing and advertising? "It can't be done," and their watery-blue eyes melt in soft salty tears in sympathy with the traditions of the trade.
Meanwhile the progressive and aggressive competitor, knowing the value of both, sits at his desk and takes cheques out of the morning mail.
This, however, is the point we want to emphasise:
THE EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY
never says, when you want a thing a certain way: "They don't do it that way" or: "It can't be done." We work it out with you first and are just as pleased as you are with your new ideas.
Have you received our little booklet "At Your Service"? It's free for the asking.
EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY, Commercial and General Printers, and Direct-by-Mail Advertisers.
Temporary Office: F94 Bubbling Well Road, (Opposite Baseball Ground) Phone C. 3019.

The Chinese Benevolent Association
271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques
Benevolent Fund Ticket
First Prize $50,000.00
Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 8th July, 1918.
To be drawn among 30,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on June 25, 1920.
One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.60, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing, proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.
Price for Whole Tickets: $6.00
Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.
All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des Deux Republiques, Shanghai): if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.
The Chinese Benevolent Association
29959

KOFA PERFUMES
THE PHILOSOPHY OF PERFUMES is based upon a commendable desire to be pleasing to one's Companions. AGREEABILITY is, therefore, the first requisite in making choice of a perfume for toilet purposes.
Try the following odors
LILAC, ROSE, VIOLET, WISTARIA AND CARNATION
Three Sizes at $2.00, 4.00 & 8.00
Eau de Cologne Surfin
A sweet, lasting and hygienic Perfume for the Toilet and Handkerchief
¼ litre $0.90 ½ litre $1.50 1 litre $2.50
Savon Eau de Cologne
Exquisitely Perfumed
In boxes of 3 cakes $1.25 per box
AMERICAN DRUG COMPANY
SHANGHAI.

GERMAN TRADE DEBT $120,860,171 IN UNITED STATES

Exports To America Since Armistice $26,140,763—Imports $147,000,934

CREDIT SITUATION BETTER

Steady Expansion In Germany's Trade Reflected In Statistics

(*New York Times*)

In the year and a half since the signing of the armistice, Germany has accumulated a debit balance in merchandise operations with the United States amounting to $120,860,171. Her exports to this country have totaled $26,140,763, while her imports from us have reached a figure of $147,000,934. In other words, our exports to Germany in the period have been 565 percent of our imports from Germany.

However, German credit, it is said, is now better in the American market than it was a year ago, and reichsmarks, which were down to penny apiece in February, are now selling in the foreign exchange market at about 2 cents each. Measured in money, that is not much of a gain, but in percentage it is a recovery of 100 percent and there is a belief that the recovery will be steady, especially if the indemnity is fixed at a definite sum and Germany is placed in position where she will be able to budget her assets and liabilities and draw up a positive program for economic rehabilitation.

The so-called visible balance against Germany has been almost completely offset by "invisible" operations, it is believed. Germany, according to estimates by bond dealers who have specialised in German securities offered in this country, has been able to replace the bonds of her municipalities and industrial concerns to an amount not far short of $100,000,000. Some dealers place the probable figure at considerably more than this, but in most places it is agreed that the aggregate has been in the neighborhood of $80,000,000 to $100,000,000.

Furthermore, Germany has been able to arrange some loans in this country. She has not been able to float any new security issues here, nor will she be able to do so until the Peace Treaty is ratified and a state of official peace once more exists. The German bonds sold here all have been the property of Americans or of neutrals before they actually were brought into the country. Also, none of the leading banks, so far as is known, have made any formal advances to the German Government or to German industrial and commercial interests. But credit has been extended, it is said, by merchants who have sold goods to Germans and in total these credit grants are believed to run to upward of $20,000,000, and possibly to a greater sum.

Foreign exchange dealers who have been trading in marks say there has been a tremendous demand for dollar credits with which to purchase goods here, and the exports figures, by months, indicate that this is so. From November, 1918, to March, 1920, the imports from Germany and the exports to Germany, by months, have been as follows:

		Imports	Exports
Dec.,	1918	102,842	.....
Nov.,	1918	$51,976	.....
Jan.,	1919	177	.....
Feb.,	1919	.....	.....
March,	1919	76,818	.....
April	1919	208,436	$55
May,	1919	90,330	60,814
June,	1919	266,996	8,783,013
July,	1919	291,166	2,426,742
Aug.,	1919	236,293	11,674,257
Sept.,	1919	1,586,963	8,836,693
Oct.,	1919	2,157,608	20,663,521
Nov.,	1919	3,228,919	23,044,142
Dec.,	1919	2,480,523	17,297,077
Jan.,	1920	4,385,975	14,675,317
Feb.,	1920	3,881,559	18,598,807
March,	1920	7,004,182	20,940,496
Total		$26,140,763	$147,000,934

The feature of this display, according to bankers and others in position to judge, is not so much in the volume of goods purchased in America and exported to Germany as in the steady expansion in German exports to the United States. There is still a considerable disparity between exports and imports, but, while the imports from Germany reached their highest point thus far in November of last year, the German exports to us have more than doubled since that time.

Referring to the low state of the mark in the exchange market, bankers believe that this simply reflects the chaotic conditions of German finance at home rather than the trade operations with other countries. Germany is staggering under her enormous war debt, and is steadily adding to this an immense amount of paper currency, which is now so large as to be almost totally worthless. When the armistice was signed the Reichsbank had outstanding approximately 18,000,000,000 in paper marks, against which there was held 2,550,000,000 marks in gold. This compared with a position at the beginning of the war, in July, 1914, where 1,900,000,000 paper marks in currency were secured by 1,725,000,000 marks in gold. At the present time the Bank of Germany has only about 1,100,000,000 marks in gold and has paper marks outstanding amounting to 45,700,000,000.

Figuring this gold cover in percentages, there was at the beginning of the war a gold reserve against notes equal to 91.3 percent. At the suspension of hostilities this had fallen to 14.2 percent, while now it is down to 2.4 percent. That, it is pointed out, explains the more than 90 percent depreciation in German exchange at the present time. And it also explains, it is believed, the reason Germans are doing their utmost to resort to a system of bartering goods for goods rather than one of more conventional kind, where goods are purchased and paid for in the ordinary manner of buying bills of exchange.

Former Cub Strengthens Dodgers Catching Staff

"Rowdy" Elliot. INTERNATIONAL.

The addition of "Rowdy" Elliott to the catching department of the Dodgers, has undoubtedly greatly strengthened that department of the Brooklyn team. Elliott, a Cub cast-off, was a member of the Oakland club of the Pacific Coast League when he was signed by the Dodgers. In his first championship game of the season Elliott was the star of the day. He slammed out three solid base hits drove in four runs and scored one himself. His superb handling of the slants of "Big Jeff" Pfeffer also attracted much attention.

Lawn Bowls

(By Skip)

The rain has certainly put the hat on lawn bowls for the past week or so and quite upset the catalogue. However, there were one or two games worth talking about, the match between J. Ross Young's rink and G. McMurdo's rink on Tuesday evening was a rare tussle. At the 20th end the Lawn Bowls four were leading by two points and in the last end Geordie's men had laid the necessary two to make a tie of it when he came up with his last wood, he took a sporting chance to lay three so as to win the game but had the misfortune to touch an opponents wood with the result that Ross Young's rink won by three points. It was a sporting shot and quite characteristic of the player.

At Hongkew Park on Wednesday A. Braid's rink knocked out J. T. Disselduff's rink by 27 points to 11.

The heavy going apparently did not suit the visitors and they could not get into their stride, having reached the nine mark they stuck there for ten ends, eventually scoring two more towards the last. Both games were for the rink championship.

There have been a few singles matches played off but only one pairs game up to the present. Things will have to be moving before the 28th or what will the Association say?

The Waysiders visit the Race course on Sunday to try their luck with the Lawn Bowls Club. I see there are five rinks so it ought to be a good game. The other clubs are having a rest probably getting off some of their Club Competitions. The following are the teams:

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

G. L. Campbell (skip), A. W. McCallum, P. M. Scott, J. Munro.

J. T. Disselduff (skip), J. Dewar, E. Payne, D. Mennie.

T. Harborne (skip), J. Buckley, W. A. Turnbull, W. Gater.

W. D. McMallum (skip), H. H. Fowler, F. C. Banham, G. Dunlop.

A. Taylor (skip), J. D. Gaines, R. G. H. Cole, J. E. Betley.

Reserves: J. Ross Young, H. G. Manwaring, G. Butland.

Yangtszepoo Bowling Club

R. C. Aitkenhead (skip), C. Richards, H. Radford, W. Preston.

G. McMurdo (skip), G. A. Miller, G. E. Marshall, J. Grieve.

W. T. Bisset (skip), H. Roebuck, R. Youles, T. H. Brownlie.

A. Taylor (skip), P. H. Robinson, J. E. Wilson, W. Smith.

F. Ferrier (skip), B. Anderton, C. Havthorn, F. Lloyd.

Reserves: M. B. Anderson, R. H. Brown, M. Macphail.

County Cricket

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, June 22.—Middlesex beat Lancashire by an innings and 37 runs. Hendren (Middlesex) scored 183 not out.

Surrey beat Yorkshire by 204 runs. In Surrey's first innings Hobbs made 112, his fourth consecutive century.

Cambridge University beat Warwickshire by 159 runs.

Hampshire beat Essex by an innings and 62 runs. Mead (Hampshire) scored 178 not out.

Oxford University beat Sussex by eight runs.

Leicestershire beat Nottinghamshire by five wickets.

BUSHBY IS GIVEN 18 MONTHS' JAIL WITH HARD LABOR

Foreigner Who Shot Sampan Man Breaks Down When Sentenced

Trembling pitifully, with tears in his eyes, Graham Bushby, charged with attempted murder, received his sentence of 18 months' imprionment with hard labor yesterday in the British Supreme Court. He was ordered to be deported at the end of the term and to pay the expenses of his own deportation. Bushby wounded a sampan man by shooting him.

When brought up for sentence, the accused looked pale. His eyes were strained. As the judgement was read to him, he broke down entirely. When brought to the point where the Judge announced that efforts are being made to reclaim him, he listened with a drooping head.

PAY COMPENSATION

A final eloquent appeal was made by Mr. W. Strafford Levinson, Counsel for prisoner. He stated that the accused had arranged to pay substantial compensation to the sampan man and that he had never before been in trouble and has been working for a living since he was 14 years old.

The prisoner he said, has been addicted to drugs to such an extent that it would be impossible for him to do without them. Therefore, he pleaded for consideration under the First Offenders' Act or alternatively that he be kept in custody until arrangements could be completed to have him taken care of by his friends in California or Australia.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson, the crown advocate, said that the application of the First Offenders' Act would be unusual, but there was no doubt about the power to apply it. Undoubtedly the safest and most healthy place for a man in the condition of the prisoner would be somewhere under medical observation, not for a short period, but for a period shorter than the maximum punishment.

The Court then pronounced the sentence. He said:

SENTENCE PASSED

"Graham Bushby, you have been found guilty of one of the most serious offences known to the law and you have very narrowly escaped being tried here for murder. As it is, the law empowers me to send you to imprisonment for life, but I am not going to do that.

"You find yourself in the position in which you are today entirely, I believe, due to your own habits. Drink and drugs have brought you where you are. I was considerably revolted at the casual way you reeled off in the witness-box the amount of drink and drugs you took.

"Your case has given me very considerable anxiety and I put you back in order that I might take further thought as to what would be the right way to deal with you. I am not able to accede to the suggestion that you should be let out now.

"What has been worrying me is how far I can assist you in getting away from your evil habits for the future. The administration of criminal justice is not only intended to warn other people not to get into trouble and to punish the offender, but also it is out to try and do something to reclaim the individual from his evil ways and that is what I have had in my mind. The doctor says the best chance for you is to be under care and observation for a considerable period and if you will make an effort you should get back to such a state of health and mind as will enable you to become a proper citizen.

"I therefore sentence you to 18 months' hard labor and you will be deported at the end of that sentence and pay the expenses of deportation. If you come back after that deportation, without the necessary authority, you will be liable to be arrested and sent to prison and again deported. If you can get out of the tropics and into a temperate climate, you have a far greater chance of getting on in life than if you are detained here or in the tropics."

Cricket

A match is to be played tomorrow by the S.C.C. v. Public Schools, past and present, on the S.C.C. Ground, commencing at 1:30 p.m.

S.C.C. team.—H. W. Allison, S. J. Deeks, A. W. Hayward (Capt.), W. J. Hawkings, D. W. Leach, H. W. P. McMeekin, Dr. W. E. O'Hara, J. M. Pearson, Rev. C. E. Spencer, L. Wainwright, W. S. Read.

The S.C.C. 2nd XI. and the Parsees, will play on S.R.C. Ground, commencing at 1:30, p.m.

S.C.C. 2nd XI. team.—E. G. Barnes, R. D. Bell, P. H. Cobb, C. S. Cheetham, J. R. Harder, C. Knight, H. Middleton (Capt.), W. J. Monk, R. J. Tippin, C. C. Whitehead, A. H. Leslie.

Reserve.—L. G. Murray-Kidd.

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WILSON'S VETO OF KNOX MEASURE TO END THE WAR

Says It 'Makes Complete Surrender Of Rights Of United States'

"A STAIN UPON HONOR"

His Action Throws The Treaty Of Peace Into The Political Campaign

Washington, May 27.—President Wilson in a caustic message to the House vetoed today the Knox peace resolution, which repeals the declaration of war against Germany and Austria-Hungary and provides for the termination of restrictive war legislation.

In taking this action the President for the third time assumed the responsibility for keeping the nation in a technical state of war, twice before having refused to allow ratification of the treaty with the Lodge reservations. The veto is the last step in bringing the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations covenant squarely into the next campaign.

The President justified his veto by denouncing the Knox resolution as "a complete surrender of the rights of the United States so far as the German Government is concerned" and "an ineffaceable stain upon the gallantry and honor of the United States."

The Republican House leaders plan to make an attempt tomorrow to override the veto.

Immediately after the reading of the message in the House this afternoon Representative Porter (Pa.), chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, moved to postpone consideration until tomorrow, and this was agreed to over the negative votes of the Democrats.

NEXT PROCEDURE

All previous votes on the peace resolution indicate that it will not receive the two-third majority necessary to override the veto in either house. The House originally passed the resolution by a vote of 228 to 139, while the Senate vote was 43 to 38. There were no indications today that many Democrats of the House would change their view and vote to override.

The new moves may follow the failure to override the veto. First, it is expected the President will send the treaty back to the Senate in order that it may be reposing there during the campaign; second, the Republicans have under consideration a separate resolution repealing all the war legislation. Democrats of both houses have stated that they will support such a move, and a resolution along this line has been framed by Representative Volstead (Minn.), chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, and Representative Graham (Pa.).

Running through the President's message was the same view that he expressed in recent telegrams to Oregon and Kansas Democrats —namely, that to do anything but accept the treaty in its present form is, to use the President's words, "inconceivable, inconsistent with the dignity of the United States, with the rights and liberties of her citizens, and with the very fundamental conditions of civilisation."

The message brought applause from the Democrats, but the Republican side broke into laughter when the President stated that no mention of the freedom of the seas was made in the Knox resolution. Representative Longworth (Ohio), later in a speech to the House, referred to the "complete surrender of the President himself on this point."

RIGHTS OF CONGRESS

Republican leaders were surprised to find that the President did not question the right of Congress to pass such a resolution.

The message was sent only to the House, because in disapproving any bill or resolution of Congress it is customary for the Executive to send his reasons to the house in which the measure originates. Although the resolution passed was framed by Senator Knox (Pa.), it was a substitute for the Porter resolution previously passed by the House, and the measure was sent to the President as "House Joint Resolution 327."

Should the House fail to override the veto tomorrow no further action on this resolution will be taken by the Senate.

Commenting on the President's message, Republican Leader Mondell said:

"The President's veto message is perhaps more remarkable for what it omits than for what it contains. The President, contrary to general expectations, makes no attempt to question the right of Congress to pass such a resolution. Therefore, naturally he admits the right of Congress. He does complain that it does not contain certain references which he cites. Neither does it contain anything about the golden rule or the ten commandments. The President's criticism that Congress makes no reference to the freedom of the seas is curious in view of the fact that the President himself entirely surrendered his demand for freedom of the seas. The President fails to give any logical reason for vetoing the resolution. He makes the lame excuse that if the treaty had been approved by the Senate the resolution would not have been necessary."

Representative Graham (Pa.) said: "The veto is an evasion of the real issue raised by the passage of the resolution. No real reason was advanced for its veto."

'OFFERS NO ALTERNATIVE'

"The President," said Representative Fess (Ohio), chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, "shows his seclusion from the current of public opinion in his seeming belief that the country desires to continue an indefinite state of war in order that he may have a chance for vindication in a matter where he has been all but universally criticised if not condemned. His reasons are far from conclusive. His mention of 'freedom of the seas' in the light of his own complete surrender in the treaty itself is unintelligible.

"The President offers no alternative save either his league or a continued state of war.

"The Senate demands not only the end of the war, but also the security of the Nation's sovereignty and independence at the same time.

"The Republicans are not alone in this demand. Their position, which is the rejection of the President's ultimatum, has been indorsed not only by all Republican leaders and by every Republican announcement, whether State or district since this question has become acute, but it also has been indorsed by Democrats both in Nation and State.

"There is but one thing left for us to do, pass this resolution over his veto and end the war without delay. The President has exercised his constitutional right to veto the resolution, a matter of his own will, but it must not deter the members of this house from performing their duty as they see it."

PRESIDENTS MESSAGE

The President's message follows:

To the House of Representatives:

I return herewith, without my signature, House joint resolution 327, intended to repeal the joint resolution of April 6, 1917, declaring a state of war to exist between the United States and Germany, and the joint resolution of December 7, 1917, declaring a state of war to exist between the United States and the Austro-Hungarian Government, and, to declare a state of peace. I have not felt at liberty to sign this joint resolution because I cannot bring myself to become party to an action which would place ineffaceable stain upon the gallantry and honor of the United States. The resolution seeks to establish peace with the German Empire without exacting from the German Government any action by way of setting right the infinite wrongs which it did to the peoples whom it attacked and whom we professed it our purpose to assist when we entered the war. Have we sacrificed the lives of more than 100,000 Americans and ruined the lives of thousands of others and brought upon thousands of American families an unhappiness that can never end for purposes which we do not now care to state or take further steps to attain? The attainment of these purposes is provided for in the Treaty of Versailles by terms deemed adequate by the leading statesmen and experts of all the great peoples who were associated in the war against Germany. Do we now not care to join in the effort to secure them?

SURRENDER OF RIGHTS

We entered the war most reluctantly. Our people were profoundly disinclined to take part in a European war, and at last did so, only because they became convinced that it could not in truth be regarded as only a European war, but must be regarded as a war in which civilisation itself was involved and human rights of every kind as against a belligerent Government. Moreover, when we entered the war we set forth very definitely the purposes for which we entered, partly because we did not wish to be considered as merely taking part in a European contest. This joint resolution which I return does not seek to accomplish any of these objects, but in effect makes a complete surrender of the rights of the United States so far as the German Government is concerned. A treaty of peace was signed at Versailles on the 28th of June last which did seek to accomplish the objects which we had declared to be in our minds, because all the great Governments and peoples which united against Germany had adopted our declarations of purpose as their own and had in solemn form embodied them in communications to the German Government preliminary to the armistice of November 11, 1918. But the treaty as signed at Versailles has been rejected by the Senate of the United States, though it has been ratified by Germany. By that rejection and by its methods we had in effect declared that we wish to draw apart and pursue objects and interests of our own, unhampered by any connections of interest or of purpose with other Governments and peoples.

Notwithstanding the fact that upon our entrance into the war we professed to be seeking to assist in the maintenance of common interests, nothing is said in this resolution about the freedom of navigation upon the seas, or the reduction of armaments, or the vindication of the rights of Belgium, or the rectification of wrongs done to France, or the release of the Christian populations of the Ottoman Empire from the intolerable subjugation which they have had for so many generations to endure, or the establishment of an independent Polish State, or the continued maintenance of any kind of understanding among the great Powers of the world which would be calculated to prevent in the future such outrages as Germany attempted, and in part consummated. We have now in effect declared that we do not care to take any further risks or to assume any further responsibilities with regard to the freedom of nations or the sacredness of international obligations or the safety of independent peoples.

Such a peace with Germany—a peace in which none of the essential interests which we had at heart when he entered the war is safeguarded—is, or ought to be, inconceivable, is inconsistent with the dignity of the United States, with the rights and liberties of her citizens, and with the very fundamental conditions of civilisation.

I hope that in these statements I have sufficiently set forth the reasons why I have felt it incumbent upon me to withhold my signature.

WOODROW WILSON,
The White House, May 27, 1920.

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Mrs. W. Pelham, of McCreary, Manitoba, writes: —"I consider Baby's Own Tablets a splendid medicine for children. My baby was very ill when cutting his teeth and greatly troubled with toothrash, inflamed mouth and nervousness. He was unable to take food for two days owing to ulcerated mouth, but after giving him Baby's Own Tablets the sore mouth soon healed and his health improved in every way. Another thing in favour of the Tablets is that they are much easier to give to a young child than a liquid medicine."

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SHANGHAI

WILSON TOLD NAVY TO BE AUDACIOUS

Daniels Reveals Text Of President's Address To Fleet Officers In August, 1917

WANTED NEW THINGS TRIED

Willing To Lose Half Of Navy To Destroy "Hornets' Nest" Of U-Boats

Washington, May 11.—Details hitherto unrevealed of what he termed President Wilson's "bold and audacious" war policy for the navy and his vision before the war for its future were laid before the Senate Naval Investigating Committee today by Secretary Daniels in continuing his answer to charges by Rear Admiral Sims against the Navy Department's conduct of the war.

The President laid down his policy in person to officers of the Atlantic Fleet, speaking aboard the flagship Pennsylvania in August, 1917. He told them he was not satisfied with the progress against the submarines being made by the Allies, and urged them to abandon prudence and seek an audacious solution of the problem at whatever risk.

"Do not stop to think of what is prudent for a moment," he said. "You will win by the audacity of your methods when you cannot win by circumspection and prudence.

The British Admiralty had met American suggestions with what amounted to statements that "it never had been done" the President said, adding:

"And I felt like saying 'well, nothing was ever done so systematically as nothing is being done now.'"

TEXT OF ADDRESS

Secretary Daniels laid before the committee the complete text of the President's address to the officers of the fleet aboard the Pennsylvania, not heretofore published. It read:

"Admiral Mayo and Gentlemen:

"I have not come here with malice prepense to make a speech, but I have come here to have a look at you and to say some things that perhaps may be intimately said, even though the company is large, said in confidence. Of course, the whole circumstance of the modern time is extraordinary and I feel that just because the circumstances are extraordinary there is an opportunity to see to it that the action is extraordinary.

"One of the deprivations which any man in authority experiences is that he cannot come into constant and intimate touch with the men with whom he is associated and necessarily associated in action. Most of my life has been spent in contact with young men, and though I would not admit it to them at the time, I have learned a great deal more from them than they ever learned from me. I have had most of my thinking stimulated by questions being put to me which I could not answer and I have had a great many of my preconceived conceptions absolutely destroyed by men who had not given half the study to the subject that I myself had given.

"The fact of the matter is that almost every profession is pushed forward by the men who do not belong to it and know nothing about it, because they ask the ignorant questions which it would not occur to the professional man to ask at all; he supposes that they have been answered, whereas it may be that most of them had not been answered at all. The naivete of the point of view, the whole approach of the mind that has nothing to do with the question, creates an entirely different atmosphere.

"There is many a question asked you about the navy which seems to you so simple-minded when you hear it that you laugh and then you find you cannot answer it. It never occurred to you that anybody could ask that question before, it is so simple.

"Now, the point that is constantly in my mind, gentlemen, is this: This is an unprecedented war and, therefore, it is a war in one sense for amateurs. Nobody ever before conducted a war like this and therefore nobody can pretend to be a professional in a war like this.

"Here are two great navies, not to speak of the others associated with us, our own and the British, outnumbering by a very great margin the navy to which we are opposed and yet casting about for a way in which to use our superiority and our strength, because of the novelty of the instruments used, because of the unprecedented character of the war, because, as I said just now, nobody ever before fought a war like this, in the way that this is being fought at sea, or on land either, for that matter.

"The experienced soldier—experienced in previous wars—is a back number so far as his experience is concerned; not so far as his intelligence is concerned. His experience does not count, because he never fought a war as this is being fought, and therefore he is an amateur along with the rest of us.

"Now, somebody has got to think this war out. Somebody has got to think out the way not only to fight the submarine, but to do something different from what we are doing.

"HUNTING HORNETS"

"We are hunting hornets all over the farm and letting the nest alone. None of us knows how to go to the nest and crush it, and yet I despair of hunting for hornets all over the sea when I know where the nest is and know that the nest is breeding hornets as fast as I can find them.

"I am willing for my part, and I know you are willing, because I know the stuff you are made of—I am willing to sacrifice half the navy Great Britain and we together have to crush that nest, because if we crush it the war is won.

"I have come here to say that I do not care where it comes from, I do not care whether it comes from the youngest officer or the oldest, but I want the officers of this navy to have the distinction of saying how this war is going to be won. The Secretary of the Navy and I have just been talking over plans for putting the planning machinery of the navy at the disposal of the brains of the navy, and not stopping to ask what rank that brains has, because, as I have said before, and want to repeat, so far as experience in this kind of war is concerned we are all of the same rank. I am not saying that I do not expect the Admirals to tell us what to do, but I am saying that I want the youngest and most modest youngster in the service to tell us what we ought to do if he knows what it is.

"Now, I am willing to make any sacrifice for that. I mean any sacrifice of time or anything else. I am ready to put myself at the disposal of any officer in the navy who thinks he knows how to run this war. I will not undertake to tell you whether he does or not, because I know that I do not, but I will undertake to put him in communication with those who can find out whether his idea will work or not. I have the authority to do that, and I will do it with the greatest pleasure.

"So that the idea that is in my mind all the time is that we are comrades in this thing. I was talking the other day with some commercial men about certain questions which seemed to affect their material interest in this war, and I said: 'I can't imagine a man thinking about those things. If we don't win this war your material interest won't make any difference. The prices you are charging are a matter of indifference with regard to the results of this war, because if we don't win it you will not have the chance to charge any prices, and I can't imagine a man in the present circumstances of the world sitting down and thinking about his own interest or the interest of anybody personally associated with him as compared with the interest of the world.'

WAR ON GERMAN METHODS

"I cannot say it too often to any audience, we are fighting a thing, not a people. The most extraordinary circumstances of modern history is the way in which the German people have been subordinated to the German system of authority, and how they have accepted their thinking from authority as well as their action from authority.

"Now, we do not intend to let that method of action and of thinking be imposed upon the rest of the world. Knowing as some of us do the fine quality of the German people, we are sorry that it was ever imposed upon them and we are anxious to see that they have their glad emancipation, but we intend to see to it that no other people suffers a like limitation and subordination.

"We went into this war because this system touched us. These people that stopped at nothing paid no attention to our rights, destroyed the lives of our people, invaded the dignity of our sovereignty, tried to make interest against us in the minds of our own people, and the thing was intolerable. We had to strike, but thank God we were striking not only for ourselves but for everybody else that loves liberty under God's heaven, and therefore we are in some peculiar sense the trustees of liberty.

"I wish that I could think and had the brains to think in the terms of marine warfare, because I would feel then that I was figuring out the future history of the political freedom of mankind. I do not see how any man can look at the flag of the United States and fail having his mind crowded with reminiscences of the number of unselfish men seeking no object of their own, privileged people, but the advantage of no dynasty, the advantage of no group of tage of fellowmen, who have died under the folds of that beautiful emblem. I wonder if men who do die under it realise the distinction they have.

"There is no comparison between dying in your bed in quiet times for nothing in particular and dying under that emblem of the might and destiny and pride of a great free people. There is distinction in the privilege, and I for my part am sorry to play so peaceful a part in the business as I myself am obliged to play, and I conceive it a privilege to come and look at you men who have the other thing to do and ask you to come and tell me or tell anybody you want to tell how this thing can be better done; and we will thank God that we have got men of originative brains among us.

DISCARD TRADITIONS

"We have got to throw tradition to the wind.

"Now, as I have said, gentlemen, I take it for granted that nothing that I say here will be repeated, and therefore I am going to say this: Every time we have suggested anything to the British Admiralty the reply has come back that virtually amounted to this, that it had never been done that way, and I felt like saying: 'Well, nothing was ever done so systematically as nothing is being done now.' Therefore, I should like to see something unusual happen, something that was never done before; and inasmuch as the things that are being done to you were never done before, don't you think it is worth while to try something that was never done before against those who are doing them to you?

"There is no other way to win, and the whole principle of this war is the kind of thing that ought to hearten and stimulate America. America has always boasted that she could find men to do anything. She is the prize amateur nation of the world. Germany is the prize professional nation of the world.

"Now, when it comes to doing new things and doing them well, I will back the amateur against the professional every time, because the professional does it out of the book and the amateur does it with his eyes open upon a new world and with a new set of circumstances. He knows so little about it that he is fool enough to try the right thing. The men that do not know the danger are the rashest men, and I have several times ventured to make this suggestion to the men about me in both arms of the service.

"Please leave out of your vocabulary altogether the word 'prudent.' Do not stop to think about what is prudent for a moment. Do the thing that is audacious to the utmost point of risk and daring, because that is exactly the thing that the other side does not understand, and you will win by the audacity of method when you cannot win by circumspection and prudence.

"I think that there are willing ears to hear this in the American Navy and the American Army because that is the kind of folks we are. We get tired of the old ways and covet the new ones.

EXPECTED AMERICA TO LEAD

"So, gentlemen, besides coming down here to give you my personal greeting and to say how absolutely I rely on you and believe in you, I have come down here to say also that I depend on you, depend on you for brains as well as training and courage and discipline. You are doing your job admirably, the job that you have been taught to do; now let us do something that we were never taught to do and do it just as well as we are doing the older and more habitual things, and do not let anybody ever put one thought of discouragement into your minds.

"I do not know what is the matter with the newspapers of the United States! I suppose they have to vary the tune from time to time just to relieve their minds, but every now and then a wave of the most absurb discouragement and pessimism goes through the country and we hear nothing except of the unusual advantages and equipment and sagacity and preparation and all the other wonderful things of the German Army and Navy. My comment is always the very familiar comment, 'Rats!'

"They are working under infinite disadvantages. They not only have no more brains than we have, but they have a different and less serviceable kind of brains than we have, if we will use the brains we have got. I am not discouraged for a moment, particularly because we have not even begun and, without saying anything in disparagement of those with whom we are associated in the war, I do expect things to begin when we begin.

"If they do not, American history will have changed its course, the American Army and Navy will have changed their character. There will have to come a new tradition into a service which does not do new and audacious and successful things.

"I am very much obliged to you for having given me this opportunity to see you and I hope you will also give me the pleasure of shaking hands with each one of you. If you ever want me again for anything in particular—because I am a busy man and cannot come for anything that is not particular—send for me and I will come."

In his testimony before the committee, Mr. Daniels declared that the vision of the President established the fact that he was "in advance of some officers, vocal now but silent then."

"It is true also," Mr. Daniels said, "that when war was declared the President sensed better than any naval expert across the seas the necessity for a bold and audacious plan of naval warfare. He was the first to see the wisdom of adopting the convoy system, which he suggested even before we entered the war. Long before any naval authority abroad had approved the idea of the barrage which was placed across the North Sea, the President sensed the futility of depending solely upon pursuing the submarines all over the ocean and declared the logical idea was to shut them up in their nests."

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WELL ALL THAT I CAN SAY IS THAT JESSE JAMES HAD A HORSE
PULL IN YOUR EARS A BIT
THAT'S BATTLING PIFFEN BUSH IN THERE - HIS MANAGER SAYS THAT THIS GUY'LL KNOCK DEMPSEY STIFF IN A ROUND
CHEESE MILTON CHEESE - I SAW HIM FIGHT A YEAR AGO AND A LITTLE GUY KNOCKED HIM SO STIFF THAT THEY HAD TO HEAT THE JOINT FOR 3 HOURS BEFORE THEY COULD GET HIM OFF THE CANVAS
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Health, Beauty And The Home

A Health Room

By Mrs. Christine Frederick,
The Distinguished Authority on Household Efficiency.

IN speaking to an audience not long ago I accidentally made the phrase "health-room" when what I had intended to say was bathroom. It seemed a "slip" at the time, but since thinking it over I believe that the word "health-room" is a wider term and one that might be adapted with justification.

For in the right kind of bath room we not only take baths but we should keep ourselves well. The bathroom is really a general utility room for all the practices and treatments that help keep our physical selves in good condition. It is one of my dreams to wish that I had sufficient money to build the kind of bath or health-room I have in mind.

In the first place it would not look like a chilly operating room. I would have no tiles on the wall nor any tiles on the floor. I would have the walls of warmly colored plaster, probably with a design such as we find in the old Roman rooms. I would have the floor of composition material in a corresponding warm tone and with a two-foot "cove baseboard" to avoid all danger of splash floor. Thus both the wall and the floor would be more comforting, more inviting than the usual chilly tile effect so prevalent in our modern bathrooms.

Of course, the tub should be built in and not set upon legs. This latter type of tub results in a trap for the collection of dust underneath where it is almost inaccessible to the housekeeper, who must practically kiss the floor to get at the dust behind the tub. Another point, no medicine closet should be set out from the wall. It should always be recessed, flush with the wall, in order to avoid the unpleasant effect of bumping one's head into it. A linen closet should never be built in the bathroom because of the proximity of odors.

In my opinion, a sitztub or foot bathtub attached to plumbing connections is invaluable in a home where there are women and children. It requires a small amount of water and is often far more suitable than the usual six-foot tub.

There should be some kind of a comfortable chair in the room. It is so useful when someone wants to take a hot foot bath or when the mother wants to bathe the baby. The bathroom which has only a stiff, small stool is not properly furnished.

I have never seen a shallow closet built into a bathroom wall to contain hot water bags and other large appliances which are so commonly used and for which there never is a special place. I can imagine a closet built from the floor to a height of six feet, having shelves of double widths, which would contain all such apparatus as well as medicines, soap and other supplies.

If possible bathroom windows should never be placed on a level which will enable persons from outside to gaze in. The ideal arrangement for bathroom windows is a set of small unit windows grouped together high in the wall to let in adequate light and to let out the maximum amount of steam.

Keeping the bathroom clean and sanitary is quite a task, especially for the woman who does her own work. But even the disagreeable task of cleaning the bowl can be made easier by the use of the right brush. There is on the market today a brush of bristles twisted into wire, mounted on a long handle, which is ideal for this purpose. The bristles are stiff enough to clean thoroughly and they can be sterilized immediately after use. A screw eye in the handle enables the brush to be hung on a strong nail outside of the window.

The bathtub also presents a cleaning problem, but here again is an excellent bathtub scrubbing brush of a peculiar shape mounted on a handle with which the tub can be cleaned most satisfactorily. There is also a similar shaped brush on a short handle for cleaning the hand basin. These brushes have the peculiar oval-shaped bristles which enable them to clean the curve of either the bowl or the tub most thoroughly. If such brushes are left hanging where all users of the bathroom may use them the work will be greatly lessened for the housewife.

As a busy mother of four children I have found it the best plan to give each child a hook low down on the bathroom door, with a label so that each child may be able to hang up his own towel and washrag. By having a different color initial on the towels for each one it makes the problem of keeping things in order much easier.

On the inside of every medicine closet door should be tacked an inventory of supplies, and this list should be checked up from time to time to see that the necessary supplies are always on hand. The supplies in Summer will vary a little from those in Winter. Particular attention should be given in Summer to those things which keep off insects and which are needed for Summer cuts and bruises, for perspiration, insect stings, etc. The most economical way to buy all medical supplies is to buy them by the pound or in a large quantity and put out as needed in small containers or glass jars. Clean, well-washed jelly glasses, pint glasses or even quart jars with covers are excellent for storing absorbent cotton, gauze, etc.

Commercial enticing to the contrary, I would have no glass shelves in the family bathroom. They are not easy to keep clean and there is constant danger of cracking them if great care is not used in placing objects upon them. Similarly, the glass or porcelain towel bars are not as strong as those of metal or even wood. For those who have to economize it will be found that sections of typical curtain pole wood, white enameled, will answer every purpose for holding towels. The towels slip off less easily from a wooden bar than from a glass one. Incidentally, never place the towel bar above the bathtub, because, of course, the towel will fall into the tub if it slips off.

A blacking box is a necessary adjunct to this utility room, because it is wiser to polish one's shoes in the bathroom, with its impervious floorings, than in a bedroom, where there are coverings. Also this somewhat unpleasant task is preferably done before washing one's hands and finishing dressing.

"Train your muscles so that your face will always wear a pleasant expression."
Photograph Posed by MISS MARION DAVIES at CAMPBELL STUDIO.

Complexion Hints

By Lina Cavalieri,
The Most Famous Living Beauty.

WHAT woman has not, at some time or other, bemoaned the fact that she must shine at a particular social function that night, and yet her skin is marred by an unexpected crop of unlovely pimples or ugly-looking splotches that fill her soul with apprehension and dread? She wants to look well, but how can she?

There is no time for diet, for consulting a physician or for any of the thorough roads by which one arrives at the goal of a good complexion. What she does must be quickly done.

Very well, then. We will suppose it is two or three angry-looking pimples that mar the curve of her pretty cheek. What shall be done? I will tell you. Use acetone.

Acetone is a colorless, ethereal liquid. It is used often to dissolve fat and resins. It is effective for asthma. Under the form of a 50 per cent solution, with 2 per cent of iodide of potassium, it has been much used in hay fever and similar irritable conditions of the respiratory tract.

Into a one-ounce bottle of acetone dip the wooden end of a match and press it firmly upon the pimple. Then with a silk sponge or a bit of absorbent cotton saturated with alcohol press the spot to disinfect it and neutralize the acetone.

Another of the hasty remedies I would recommend highly is this: White zinc, 1 ounce; a pure cold cream, 1 ounce. Mix these thoroughly together and apply with a small piece of cotton cloth to the pimples and leave on for a few hours.

For blackheads I have successfully used an entire face bath of a 4 per cent solution of borax, wiping it off soon after and giving it a second bath of rosewater to soften the skin.

A quick-acting ointment for the removal of blackheads prescribed by a French physician whose specialty was treatment of the skin is made up of the following ingredients: Ergotine, 3 grams; oxide of zinc, 7 grams; vaseline, 30 grams.

I have even seen pimples removed by half a dozen applications of bicarbonate of soda, dampened slightly and placed with the tip of the finger upon the irritated surface. Another simple remedy for the disfiguring pimples is this: Bicarbonate of soda, 36 grains; glycerine, 1 dram; spermaceti ointment, 1 ounce. This should be applied with absorbent cotton, allowed to remain on the affected part for a quarter of an hour and then removed.

For the blotched condition of the skin which is not brought on by indigestion, but is caused by the sun in Summer and wind in Winter, if the skin be delicate, I recommend this: Borax, ½ dram; glycerine, 1 ounce; elder flower water, 7 ounces.

Steaming is often recommended, also, for clearing up the face quickly. I do not like to use it too frequently, however, because I think its tendency is to make the skin too sensitive; to detach it from the muscles and to cause premature and deep-seated wrinkles.

Powder, judiciously used at night, especially, is a great aid to beauty. Its use in the evening is an indication of refinement provided its employment is not abused. Any dainty powder fluffed evenly upon the face before going out, especially if cold cream has been first applied, is an excellent protection from the cold or heat or from a high wind. But it is absolutely necessary that the powder be pure.

Rice powder is harmless to the skin. It protects the complexion as would a fine veil. And it removes that disagreeable "greasy" look from the face that makes the best-groomed woman in the world look vulgar at night without it.

Here is a powder which I often use and which I have found extremely valuable when I have to make a hasty toilet and my face happens not to be in the best of condition;

Rice flour, 6 ounces; rice starch, 6 ounces; carbonate of magnesia, 3 ounces; boric acid, 1½ ounces; powdered orris root, 1½ drams; essence of bergamot, 10 drops; essence of citron, 15 drops.

And last, but not least, try to train your muscles so that you will have a pleasant expression always on your face. This does not mean that you are to grin constantly, like a Cheshire cat, but you must make an effort to keep your face set in pleasant and attractive lines. It is an unwritten social law to "look pleasant" at all times, and even the plainest woman will find herself improved in appearance if she will remember this friendly suggestion.

Secrets of Beauty

I AM very anxious for you to help me improve my skin, which is afflicted with very large pores.—E. R.

An inexpensive remedy for this trouble is plain camphor water, to which a few drops of tincture of benzoin have been added. Use only a very small quantity of the latter or the effect will be too drying. Below is given another simple astringent lotion which can be applied to the skin every day with a soft piece of cloth:

Glycerine	½ ounce
Borax	¼ ounce
Camphor water	1 pint

AM greatly distressed because my hands are so broad. How can I make them narrow and tapering?—B. E.

Massage your hands gently for a few moments every day, rubbing them lengthwise toward the fingers. To secure the aristocratic hallmark or long, tapering fingers, pinch the end of each finger firmly and massage them frequently toward the tips. Use the following lotion to soften the tissues and keep the skin in good condition:

Olive oil	3 ounces
Almond oil	½ ounce
Benzoin	½ ounce

AM very much worried and am turning to you for help. My skin is excessively oily and my nose is full of blackheads.—FRITZIE.

To overcome that unpleasant oiliness of your skin you should anoint it frequently with this:

Rosewater	5½ ounces
Alcohol	½ ounce
Boric acid	½ dram

Gentle massage with a sterilized piece of cotton followed by an application made up of the following is very good for blackheads:

Fuller's earth	4 drams
Glycerine	3 drams
Vinegar	2 drams

I AM only twenty-seven, but my hair is almost entirely white in front. I don't like the way it looks, but am afraid of dyeing it. What can I do?—PANSY.

I do not approve of dyes for the hair because they are mainly compounded of nitrate of silver and other deleterious substances that are exceedingly injurious to the health of the hair and scalp. But a harmless coloring lotion can be made out of sage tea, which is prepared by steeping the following ingredients together for several hours:

Dried sage	2 ounces
Green tea	2 ounces
Boiling water	3 quarts

Allow to stand twenty-four hours and then strain ready for use.

WHAT injury can French heels do? Are they all right to wear on the street?—K. K.

French heels are absolutely unsuited for street wear, not only because they do not give sufficient basis of protection to the foot, but because they are in such extremely poor taste. French heels are primarily intended for the drawing room and for indoor use only. They throw too much of the body's weight on the toes and thus cause acute pain and organic weakness of structure in the instep and ankle. For this reason they are not deemed appropriate for long walks or for street wear.

WON'T you please tell me how to reduce thick lips?—H. L. C.

A surgical operation is generally the most effective method of reducing them, but this is not always practicable. They can be reduced, in some measure, by rubbing them daily with tannin or some other astringent lotion. Owing to the extreme delicacy of the lips, however, such substances should be combined with a cold cream in the following proportions:

Cold Cream	1 ounce
Pulverized tannin	1 gram
Pulverized alkanet chips	1 gram

WON'T you please tell me how to reduce my bust in a way that will not harm me later?—S. S.

It is difficult to reduce the bust because of the extreme delicacy of the underlying tissues involved. A less fattening diet will have an appreciable result in decreasing its size. Owing to the grave danger of inducing cancerous growths no drastic method of reduction can be recommended. It will help, however, to bathe the breasts daily with very cold, salty water, or else use water to which a dozen drops of benzoin, or half a teaspoonful of alum have been added.

Appetizing Menus for the Week

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
Breakfast	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*	*Breakfast*
Stewed Prunes with Lemon, Boiled Rice, Coffee.	Fruit, Oatmeal, Poached Eggs on Toast, Jam, Coffee.	Canned Fruit, Potato Omelet, Reheated Rolls, Coffee.	Oatmeal, Soft Cooked Eggs, Broiled Bacon, Muffins, Coffee.	Prunes, Frizzled Dried Beef, Corn Muffins, Coffee.	Plums, Savory Omelet, Coffee.	Cereal with Strawberries, Rolls, Coffee.
Luncheon	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Luncheon*	*Dinner*
Milk Toast, Apple, Celery and Nut Salad, Tea.	Emergency Soup, Lettuce and Cream Cheese Salad, Rolls, Tea.	Clam Chowder, Crackers, Bread and Butter, Apple Pudding.	Creamed Eggs, Toasted Muffins, Lettuce Salad, Gingerbread, Cocoa.	Potato and Sardine Salad, Sliced Pineapple, Cookies.	Spinach Soup, Toast, Strawberry Shortcake.	Broiled Steak, Mashed Potatoes, Glazed Onions, Heart Lettuce Salad, Lemon Sherbet, Cup Cakes.
Dinner	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Dinner*	*Supper*
Left-over Ham and Potato in Casserole, String Beans, Radishes, Caramel Custard, Coffee.	Beef Loaf, Steamed Potatoes, Chinese Cabbage, Banana Whip, One-egg Cake.	Broiled English Mutton Chops, Mashed Potatoes, Banana and Rhubarb Jelly, Coffee.	Turkish Pilaf, Spinach Salad, French Dressing, Baked Apples, Coffee.	Fried Smelts, Tartar Sauce, French Fried Potatoes, String Beans, Fruit Gelatine.	Vegetables in Casserole with Garnish of Broiled Beef Balls, Cornstarch Pudding, Coffee.	Jellied Fruit Salad, Bread and Butter Sandwiches, Cocoa.

Surpassing Charms of America's Women

AMERICAN women, away from the damp atmosphere of Western Europe, have not the bright complexions of their transatlantic cousins, but they more than make up for this by the vivacity of their eyes and the charm of their hair, says Frank Dilnot, an Englishman, who recently visited this country for the special purpose of studying American women. Mr. Dilnot continues:

Whether it is the manner of their dress or the natural effect of climate or race they seem to have a slimness and straightness of figure compared with Europeans. It is the fashion, too, I think. All the same, one's eyes have to become accustomed to it when one is fresh from Europe.

They walk well, the American women, uprightly, with dignity and grace, though not with the swinging alertness and resilience of, say, the Scottish girls.

The dress of the American woman is a matter of great care, even of elaborateness and every part of her, from her light lace-like collar to her spick-and-span boots, is groomed to a nicety. A cultured American woman in evening dress is a delight to the eye.

There is, however, discernible here and there a tendency to overdress, a disregard for the charm in simplicity as against the effect of ornateness. From time to time one meets women who are obviously too expensively dressed for what an Englishman would regard as taste.

These are the exceptions and are the inevitable development of the thoughtful care and precision in matters of apparel which is an inherent part of the American woman's being.

One of the charms of the best American woman is her vivid interest in those affairs of life in which an ordinarily well-read man finds material for thought and activity. Right down from the richer circles to the woman in what may be called the lower middle class there is a pulsing curiosity about life, a desire to know and understand, a courage which flinches from no unpleasant knowledge—indeed, asks for it—and withal a humor which, if a stranger may hazard an opinion, is even more noticeable than in the American man.

The American woman reads the newspapers fervently. She reads books of all kinds to an extent which I should guess is unequalled in any other part of the world.

Useful Hints for Busy Housewives

Lemon Juice on Shoes.

TO make new shoes take a good shine brush off and rub with lemon juice. Let this dry in and then polish in the usual way.

Is It All Wool?

IF a material is a mixture of wool and cotton the flame will run along the line where the cotton is when you burn a sample.

Making Meat Tender.

A FEW drops of lemon juice added to a piece of meat when it begins to boil does wonders toward making it tender.

Uncooked Cereal.

THE "mushy" taste of uncooked cereal is not so apparent if you pour the cream into the dish first and then add the cereal.

Good Without Butter.

BUTTER is not at all necessary in canned string beans if they are seasoned with salt, paprika and a little bacon drippings.

Grinding Tea.

TEA leaves will go twice as far and their flavor will be more delicate if they are ground before using.

Soda in Milk.

MILK that has become a trifle sour may be sweetened and rendered fit for use again by stirring in a little soda.

When Doors Stick.

WHEN doors and bureau drawers stick in warm weather rub a little brown soap on the surfaces that rub together.

Drying Soap.

SOAP will last much longer if removed from the wrapper and allowed to dry out for some time before using.

Thrift Meat Recipes

By Mary Lee Swann,
The Well-Known Writer and Lecturer on Cooking.

Corned Beef Hash.

CHOP 1 cup cooked corned beef very fine with 2 cups cooked potatoes and ½ green pepper freed from seeds. Melt a little butter in hot pan. Add the chopped beef and potato, seasoned to taste, cover closely and stir occasionally until well heated. Remove cover, dot with butter or drippings and brown slightly. Serve with plain lettuce salad.

Jellied Beef.

GENTLY cook four pounds sticking piece of beef in water to half cover. When beef is tender (about 3 or 4 hours) remove from liquid and chop fine. Soak 1 box granulated gelatine in ½ cup cold water or meat stock and dissolve in 1½ cups boiling meat stock. Season with 1 teaspoon vinegar, 1 teaspoon onion juice, ½ tablespoon salt and a little pepper. Add chopped meat to gelatine and stock mixture. Pour into loaf pans rinsed with cold water, press evenly into pans, chill and slice as needed.

Veal Cutlets and Soup.

COOK three pounds veal shank in boiling salted water until tender. Then remove all the meat, in cutlet shapes, from the bone. Season well and roll in bread crumbs, slightly beaten egg and bread crumbs and saute in hot fat. Garnish with parsley or green pepper rings. To make the soup add the shank bone to 3 cups meat stock and season with salt, pepper and celery salt. Add ½ cup each diced potatoes, turnips and celery. Cook about ½ hour.

Baked Stuffed Steak.

WIPE two-pound piece of round or flank steak which has been cut about ½ inch thick. Cover the meat with a stuffing made of bread crumbs well seasoned with salt, pepper, onion juice and stock. A little finely chopped celery may be added to the stuffing. Roll meat with the grain so that it may be cut easily. Place a layer of diced turnip and carrot and finely chopped onion and celery in roasting pan. On this layer of vegetables place the meat. Add hot water. Cover and bake 2 or 3 hours or until tender. Remove meat and thicken gravy.

Braised Round of Beef.

WIPE 2½ or 3 pounds cut from round of beef, sprinkle with salt and pepper and dredge with flour. Brown in 2 or 3 tablespoons beef drippings. Place in casserole or any covered baking dish and place the following vegetables in casserole with beef: ½ cup diced carrot, ½ cup diced turnip, ½ cup diced onion and ½ cup diced celery. Add 1 pint of hot water, cover and bake slowly 4 hours.

Beef Smothered with Onions.

SEAR three pounds sticking piece of beef in beef or bacon drippings until brown on all sides. Remove from drippings. Sprinkle with salt and pepper. Place on wire rack in closely covered casserole or large kettle. Place 10 or 12 small onions on beef. Add 1½ cups of water. Cook slowly until very tender. It will take several hours to become perfectly tender.

Beef Loaf.

MIX 1 cup soft bread crumbs with ¾ pound ground round steak. Add salt, pepper and onion juice to taste. A few drops of lemon juice and a grating of nutmeg may be added. Add 1 beaten egg and mix well. Shape into a loaf. Delicately brown 1 sliced onion in a little beef or bacon fat. Remove onion and place meat loaf in the hot pan. Cover and cook 10 minutes. Dredge with flour and brown as desired. Baste frequently, serve hot with tomato or mushroom sauce or cold as a luncheon or supper dish.

New England Boiled Dinner.

WIPE a two-pound piece of corned beef with a clean damp cloth and tie or skewer in shape. Put in boiler with cold water to cover. Bring slowly to boiling point, boil for five minutes, remove scum and reduce heat. Cook slowly until tender. Remove to hot dish and cook ½ head of cabbage, 4 or 5 small turnips, 6 small carrots and 1 dozen potatoes in the liquid from which the meat has been removed. If liquid is too salty add hot water. When vegetables are tender reheat the beef, place in centre of platter and arrange vegetables around meat. Garnish with parsley.

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

The China Press

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920

Special Notice To Mariners

No. 566.

China—East Coast.

Shanghai District.

Southern approach to Bonham Strait.

Wreck reported.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following radio-telegram has been received from the S.S. "Deucalion":—

Dangerous wreck mast projecting two feet above water Latitude 30°. 30¾′ N. Longitude 122° 29½′ E. Parry Island bearing S. 69° W. true, distant 4 2/3 miles from wreck.

Immediate steps are being taken to verify this report

H. E. HILLMAN,
Acting Coast Inspector.

Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 24th June, 1920.

30448

Notice To Mariners

No. 707

China—East Coast.

Chefoo District—Pechili Strait.

Howki Island Light to be re-exhibited—Provisional light to be discontinued.

Referring to Notice to Mariners No. 700, NOTICE is hereby given that on or about the 20th July, 1920, the Howki Island Light, Pechili Strait, will be re-exhibited, and the provisional light discontinued.

By Order of the Inspector General of Customs.

H. E. HILLMAN,
Acting Coast Inspector.

THE MARITIME CUSTOMS,
Coast Inspector's Office,
Shanghai, 24th June, 1920.

30442

NOTICE

The undersigned, Own Chinkee (翁金奎), original name Ka Chinkee (解金奎), hereby declares that by desire of his late father, he was adopted when a small boy into the Own family on his mother's side and was brought up by the Own family as their son. Subsequently, owing to the death of his father and out of filial consideration for his mother he still used his original name of Ka Chinkee. However, this was against the will and desire of his late father and much regretted by the Own family. Furthermore, the children in the Ka family have greatly increased, whilst the thirteen branches of the Own family are without sons. Hence a meeting of the family elders was held during the former Ching dynasty according to the usual Chinese custom, and his mother consented that he, Ka Chinkee (as the second son) should be adopted into the Own family, and that thereafter he should entirely sever his connection with the Ka family. As some years have elapsed and the matter may not be generally known, it is now desired to put the above facts on record and all friends, relatives and the general public are requested to take note accordingly.

OWN CHINKEE,
Compradore, Slowe & Co.

WHITE-COOPER, MASTER & HARRIS,
Solicitors.

No. 1464. 30445

Societe Belge pour l'Exportation Industrielle

(Belgian Export Co., Ltd.)

We beg to announce that we have now established a Branch Office in this port at No. 6 Hankow Road, to import all Belgian produce, and that

Messrs. MARTHOUD FRERES are acting as our local agents.

SOCIETE BELGE POUR L'EXPORTATION INDUSTRIELLE

30440

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

Shanghai Stock Exchange

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee has decided that the June Settlement shall revert to the 29th instant, as originally advertised.

By order of the Committee
F. B. WALKER,
Secretary.

30427

New Passport Regulations

Instructions have been received from the Department of State that, on and after July 1, 1920, all applicants for Passports, both Regular and Emergency, will be charged a fee of U.S. $1.00 for the application, and U.S. $9.00 for the passport. Applications for Department Passports which cannot reach Washington prior to June 25th next must bear $10.00 fee stamps.

On and after July 1, 1920, all aliens, other than officials, will be charged a fee of U.S. $1.00 for execution of visa, and U.S. $9.00 for the visa, of passport for travel to or through the United States.

EDWIN S. CUNNINGHAM,
American Consul-General.

30118

YU FONG STEAMSHIP CO.

NOTICE

is hereby given that this Company has chartered the following vessels, which are under the control of the Board of Communications, namely:—Hwah Jah, Hwah Yih, Hwah Ping, Hwah Ting, Hwah Wu, Hwah Chi, Hwah Kun, Hwah Hsin, Hwah Kuei, Hwah Ta, and Hwah Lee.

Also this Company has been instructed by the Board of Communications to take charge of the employment and payment of the captains, officers, engineers, sailors and firemen, and such other affairs as insurance and repairs of these vessels; and has accordingly been asked by the Chinese Government Steamship Administration of said Board to set a date for the transfer of such matters therefrom, so that said Administration may duly notify the captains and insurance companies to deal directly with this Company.

This Company hereby announces to take over the aforesaid matters on July 1, 1920. All funds and accounts and other affairs relating to the eleven vessels mentioned above before this date, shall be accounted for and settled by the Chinese Government Steamship Administration. This Company will take charge of such matters as arise after July 1, 1920. This Company has already reported this decision to the Board of Communications and notified the Chinese Government Steamship Administration to the same effect.

By order,
T. C. FU,
Manager
C. T. LO,
Submanager.

Shanghai, China, June 25, 1920.

30452

TO CONTRACTORS

Tenders are invited by the International Banking Corporation for the purchase, demolition and removal of the four-story brick Godown on the rear of American Consular Lot 2420, formerly British Consular Lot 5550, on Kiukiang Road, immediately behind the International Banking Corporation's present premises.

Form of Tenders and particulars of sale can be obtained on application to the undersigned, to whom sealed tenders must be delivered on or before July 9, 1920.

MURPHY & DANA,
Architects,
4 the Bund, Shanghai.

30446

Dr. Furstenberg M.D.

Specialist in urinary, venereal skin and internal diseases.

Hours 11-1 and 4-6 p.m.

25 Avenue Edward VII. Ben Building.

30414

HUNT'S PORTS AND SHERRIES

"RED RING" BURGUNDIES

(in Quarts and Pints)
and
the finest line of

WINES, SPIRITS AND LIQUEURS

in the Far East.

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

Telephone 2021

NOTICE

We beg to announce that we have opened a Hair-Dressing Saloon at No. 96 Szechuen Road near Nanking Road. We solicit your patronage and guarantee satisfaction.

C. J. SAVILOW.

30433

NOTICE

We have today authorized Mr. Harry Montague Mann to sign for our Company by procuration.

ARNHOLD BROTHERS & CO., LTD.

Shanghai, June 23, 1920.

30443

S. S. WYTHEVILLE

An examination of ship-damaged and broken cargo Ex-S.S. WYTHEVILLE will be held at the China Merchants' Lower Wharf at 10 a.m., Friday, June 25, when Messrs. Eisler and Reeves, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance.

The Admiral Line, Agents.

30386

National Loan of the Third Year Of the Republic (1914)

Subscribers to the above Loan are hereby notified that Redemption of the bonds drawn at Peking on the 9th June, 1920, will begin on the 30th June, 1920.

Payment in cash or its equivalent will be made at the Bank of China and Bank of Communications, or any of the branches of the above banks, and also at the Shanghai Office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

Bonds having as their two terminal numbers any of the following groups, viz., 09, 17, 22, 37, 50, 52, 59, 68, 76, 90, 95, are drawn bonds.

Cecil A. V. Bowra,
Officiating Inspector-General of Customs
ad interim.

INSPECTORATE GENERAL OF CUSTOMS,

Peking, 18th June, 1920.

30403

Ministry of Communications of the Republic of China

Telegraph Material Supply Department.

1920 YEARLY TENDER.

Tenders are invited for the supply of various kinds of materials, wire, etc., for Telegraph use during the whole year.

All tenders shall close on the 20th of Aug., 1920. Conditions governing Tenders, Specifications, Requisition Sheets and other particulars may be obtained from the Head Office, No. 27, Markham Road, Shanghai, on payment of a fee of Mexican Dollars Ten ($10) which shall not be returnable.

E. H. GOW,
General Manager.

Shanghai, 17th June 1920.

30299

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI

WE STOCK

COLUMBIA Ribbons and Carbons
HECTOGRAPH Carbons and Ribbons
DUPLICATORS, "Modern" and "Plex"
DUPLICATOR Supplies
VENUS Copying and Office Pencils
FABER'S Pencils and Erasers
MACHINES for Numbering, Dating, etc.
SENTINEL Cheque-Writers
CHICAGO Check Perforators
LOOSE-LEAF Ledgers, Binders, etc.
PENCIL SHARPENERS, All Makes
PAPER FASTENERS and Punches
STAFFORD'S Inks, Pastes, Sealing Wax
PENS, PEN-HOLDERS, PINS, etc.
RAVENSWOOD Glass Desk Pads
DESK Organizers and Distributors

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add. Mackbauch

When you need a new Storage Battery, there are two vital things to be considered — the *quality* of the battery and the *service* back of it.

Prest-O-Lite is the battery for you.

Service Station And Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

NOTICE

As the financial year of the Administration ends on the 30th instant, it is particularly requested that Creditors will present their accounts for payment *on or before that date.*

30274

Municipal Notification

No. 2702

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920

Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls 1,000, Tls 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 13, 1920.

29938

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

30404

THE DEPARTMENTS
of
DERMATOLOGY AND UROLOGY
OF THE
EDEN HOSPITAL
Now Open
Hours: 2 to 4 p.m. and by appointment

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
Reduced rates to men in uniform
Telephone: Central 4718
P. 372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)

GODOWNS WANTED

LARGE godown wanted. Centrally located. Please reply to Box 1217, THE CHINA PRESS.

30418 J. 25

WANTED, small godown in central district or Hongkew, for about one month. Reply to Box 1212, THE CHINA PRESS.

30413 J. 25

SITUATIONS WANTED

BY CHINESE accountant and who also undertakes any special job on bookkeeping with guarantee for satisfaction. Apply to Box 1222, THE CHINA PRESS.

30454 J. 25

YOUNG American bachelor wishes to share room with congenial American bachelor, having room without board. Apply to Box 1231, THE CHINA PRESS.

30441 J. 26

POSITION in either office or foreign firm as tracing man, structural engineer and architect, wanted by an educated young Chinese, with full knowledge of building contruction. Salary no object. Apply to Box 1235, THE CHINA PRESS.

YOUNG Chinese (unmarried) desires to change position as junior bookkeeper or general office assistant. Disengaged July 1st. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 1221, THE CHINA PRESS.

30422 J. 27

A refined young lady, perfect command of the Russian and German languages, wishes position as housekeeper or children's governess. Apply to Box 1202, THE CHINA PRESS.

30396

WANTED position in import firm by young American, previous experience. Apply to Box 1204, THE CHINA PRESS.

30388 J. 25

SITUATIONS VACANT

COTTON TEXTILES MANUFACTURING: This important, growing industry in China needs trained men. You can secure complete training at home in your spare time. Only necessary to be able to read simple English to begin. We teach you the rest. Write for catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1.

WANTED, good cook with knowledge of English. Will lady or gentleman recommend. Apply to Box 1228, THE CHINA PRESS.

30432 J. 25

WANTED immediately, first-class violin-celleist. Good salary to the right man. Please apply to 181 Dixwell Road.

30434 J. 27

WANTED, a Compradore, by a going American firm. Must be experienced in exports, have own capital and be able to furnish a satisfactory and substantial guaranty. Please reply to Box 1219, THE CHINA PRESS.

30420 J. 26

WANTED, competent steno-typist by a large local organisation. Apply in writing, stating nationality, sex, experience and salary expected, to Box 1214, THE CHINA PRESS.

30415 J. 26

WANTED for regular employment, Chinese able to translate into idiomatic English from Chinese newspapers. Apply to Box 1224, THE CHINA PRESS.

30426 J. 25

WANTED, Chinese typist. Reply to Box 1213, THE CHINA PRESS.

30413 J. 25

WANTED an efficient clerk, July 1st, used to export trade, keep books and typewrite well. State experience, nationality, references and salary required, to Box 1206, THE CHINA PRESS.

30402 J. 25

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, furnished house or apartment, by couple without children. Apply to Box 1232, THE CHINA PRESS.

30449 J. 27

WANTED to rent unfurnished house or flat from three to six rooms. Will lease one year if desired. Apply to Box 1227, THE CHINA PRESS.

PROF. I. K. SETO.

Turkish Bath

and
Massage establishment

In connection with medical Department, cures rheumatism, nervousness, fat people reduced, also skin, veneral diseases and internal diseases. Room for patients.

15 Nanking Road, Tel. 2768.

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens
Board—Residence
Apply
MRS. G. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board July 1st large newly furnished, well ventilated, attic flat, comprising two large rooms, small room and modern bathroom suitable for two bachelors. Tennis court, Garage and Stabling. Apply to Box 1137, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road

ONE large room and one large attic, also small room with bath attached. Hot and cold water. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102. 30369

LARGE furnished room with board, hot and cold water, telephone, etc. Apply 49 Bubbling Well Road.

30436 J. 27

NICE flat, consisting of two large rooms, kitchen, bathroom, beautifully situated in front of Race Course, from September 1st. Furniture to be taken over. Please apply to Box 1229, THE CHINA PRESS.

30425 J. 26

TO RENT at once, a most comfortable private flat, in select private villa. Real nice elegant home. Board supplied. Garden, tennis, garage. Apply to Box 1230, THE CHINA PRESS.

30427 J. 25

A flat of two rooms to let. Apply 41 Range Road.

30438 J. 27

TO LET, central, in private family, a furnished room with balcony, overlooking the river, no board. Apply to Box 1226, THE CHINA PRESS.

30430 J. 27

TO LET, two furnished rooms with board, at No. 103 Bubbling Well Road. Apply at premises, or phone West 805.

30425 J. 26

BOSTONIA, 61 Carter Road, Board-residence. Telephone west 883.

30399 J. 30

TO LET, large double-room (bathroom attached), suitable for young married couple or two bachelors. Well-furnished, with board, in central district. Apply to Box 1195, THE CHINA PRESS.

30383 J. 26

APARTMENTS WANTED

YOUNG American naval officer and wife desire furnished room and bath or small apartment for several months in central district. Best references. Address Navy Purchasing office, No. 20 Whangpoo Road.

30453 J. 27

WANTED to rent, flat of three or four furnished or unfurnished room (two bedrooms, sitting and or dining-room), by two friends. Bachelors of quiet habits. Apply to Box 1205, THE CHINA PRESS.

30401 J. 29

HOUSES TO LET

TO sub-let, five-roomed modern unfurnished house in French concession. Lease owner desires to board and room with party taking over lease, and has furniture for own room. Rent Tls. 90 per month. Apply to Box 1208, THE CHINA PRESS.

30408 J. 25

FOR RENT, Unzen, (near Nagasaki), large cottage, several bedrooms, rent Yen 300. For particulars, inquire L. J. Shafer, Nagasaki.

30381 J. 27

FURNISHED bungalow to let for six months. Situated in Wayside district, 15 minutes in tram-car from Bund. This is a detached residence, small garden in front. Two rooms, with bathroom and kitchen. Recently furnished and renovated. Water and electric light. Reference required. Apply to Box 1163, THE CHINA PRESS.

30332 J. 25

TO LET, Mokanshan, "Grand View House," comfortable, airy rooms, good table, house open for guests, 1st July. Apply 103 Bubbling Well Road, for particulars.

30341 J. 3

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, two bright office rooms in new building. Apply to Box 1218, THE CHINA PRESS.

30419 J. 26

OFFICES to let near Bund, four very large rooms, immediate occupation. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

29944

PROFESSIONAL

BACK TO THE FARM: Everywhere men of the city are being attracted by big possibilities in scientific farming. Provides healthful, interesting and profitable vocation with prospects of early financial independence. The I. C. S. teaches Soil Improvement, Farm Crops, Livestock, Dairying, Fruit Growing, Vegetable Growing, Poultry Farming, etc., etc. Request interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1.

MISCELLANEOUS

TWO bachelors employed in a local bank are willing to assume charge of a private residence for the summer, or longer, during the absence of the owner. References furnished. Reply to Box 1234, THE CHINA PRESS.

30451 J. 27

EXCHANGE AND MART

BUICK 7-passenger car for sale. Newly painted, wire wheels, tyres in good shape, guaranteed. Bargain. Apply to Box 1233, THE CHINA PRESS.

30450 J. 27

BUICK for sale, six-cylinder touring car with summer and winter tops. Car has been in careful hands and run about 6,000 miles, has just been overhauled and painted and is in first-class shape, tyres run less than six weeks. Insured until March, 1921, license June 30th. Not a cheap car. Can be seen by appointment. Please apply to Box 1225, THE CHINA PRESS.

30429 J. 26

RARE stamps in finest condition. C. Piens, 30 Kwen Ming Road.

30406

THE ANKING colored Cross Stitch will be on sale at 6A Seward Road, on Tuesdays and Thursday only, from 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

30428 J. 25

FOR SALE, 57½ feet of Manila hard-wood office partition, 7 feet high. New and in good condition. Apply to Box 1216, THE CHINA PRESS.

30417 J. 26

WANTED to purchase, residence in western district or French concession. Answers must have full particulars and exact location, otherwise no attention given. Apply to Box 1215, THE CHINA PRESS.

30416

FOR SALE, International Savings Society Bond, $120 paid in, will take $65. Apply to Box 1220, THE CHINA PRESS.

30421 J. 26

FORD CAR for sale, in good running order. Owner leaving city. Best offer accepted. Apply to Box 1223, THE CHINA PRESS.

30424 J. 27

FOR SALE, ground with Chinese houses in French concession. Apply to Box 1217, THE CHINA PRESS.

30418 J. 25

FOR SALE, safes, best makes, second-hand. Offers on request. Please apply to Box 1217, THE CHINA PRESS.

30418 J. 25

FOR SALE, tennis rackets, Gold Seal, 14, second-hand. Apply to Box 1217, THE CHINA PRESS.

30418 J. 25

FOR SALE, one International Savings Society Bond. Paid $300. Accept $150. Apply to P-352 Nanking Road.

30400 J. 25

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,000,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Karachi	Saigon
Batavia	Klang	Seremban
Bombay	Kobe	Shanghai
Calcutta	Kuala-Lumpur	Singapore
Cawnpore	(F. M. S.)	Sourabaya
Canton	Madras	Tientsin
Cebu	Manila	Tavoy
Colombo	Medan	(Lower Burma)
Delhi	Peking	Taiping
Haiphong	Penang	New York
Hankow	Puket	Yokohama
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .....Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .....Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoote	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des-Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank; Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabez."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000
Silver $23,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directorss
Hon, Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H.. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala	S. Francisco
Calcutta	Lumpur	Shanghai
Canton	London	Singapore
Colombo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Tientsin
Hankow	Manila	Tsingtao
Harbin	Nagasaki	Vladivostock
Iloilo	New York	Yokohama
	Peking	

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund.....	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	**Kup-Tls. 3,500,000**
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
	Ningpo	Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ...	$1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,393.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka, Yokohama,

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital ..Fr. 50,000,000
Reserves .....Fr. 12,027,956

Head office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangemements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed: £1,000,000
Capital paid up £850,000

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S.Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.
Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 435,461.90

Head office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
MENG GHIA, T. D. WOO, Acting Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus: $10,000,000
Undivided Profits: $500,000

OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
Head Office:
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street
Branches:

China
Canton
Hankow
Harbin
Hongkong
Peking
Shanghai
Tientsin
Tsingtau
Dominican Republic
Barahona
Fuerto Plata
San Pedro de Macoris
Sanchez
Santiago
Santo Domingo
India
Bombay
Calcutta
Rangoon
Japan
Kobe
Yokohama
Java
Batavia
Sourabaya
Panama
Colon
Panama
Philippine Islands
Cebu
Manila
Straits Settlements
Singapore

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina
Buenos Aires
Once (Buenos Aires)
Rosario
Belgium
Antwerp
Brussels
Brazil
Bahia
Pernambuco
Porto Alegre
Rio de Janeiro
Santos
Sao Paulo
Chile
Santiago
Valparaiso
Colombia
Barranquilla
Bogota
Medellin
Cuba
Havana and 22 other cities in Cuba
Italy
Genoa
Peru
Lima
Porto Rico
Ponce
San Juan
South Africa
Cape Town
Spain
Barcelona
Madrid
Trinidad
Port of Spain
Uruguay
Montevideo
Calle Rondean (Montevideo)
Venezuela
Caracas
Ciudad Bolivar
Maracaibo

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund $1,425.61
Resources 10,000,000.00

Head Office & Branches;
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimen, and Lanchi.

Domestic Agencies;
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, New York, Amsterdam, Tokio, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, and Fusan.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

Drafts issued and telegraph transfers effected.

Commercial Credits established.

Loans and Credits granted on approved securities.

Interests allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Pounds Sterling, Gold Dollars, Guilders, Yen, Taels and Dollars according to arrangements.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

Savings Deposits at 4% compound interest.

LI MING, Manager.
SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Telephone: C. 3145, Mgr's. Office.
Telephone: C. 2147, General Office.
CABLE ADDRESS:
"CHINDUSBANK."

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Y. M. CHIEN Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves: Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Palembang
Bandoeng	Penang
Cheribon	Pontianak
Djember	Rangoon
Djokjakarta	Semarang
Hongkong	Singapore
Kobe	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok Betong
Padang	Tjilatjap
Pekalongan	Weltevreden

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

J. J. Staargaard,
Acting Agent.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital .. £1,500,000
Paid up Capital..... 750,000
Reserve Fund..... 750,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
BANK OF ENGLAND
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	(Calcutta)	New York
Colombo	Kandy	Penang
Delhi	Karachi	Port Louis
Galle	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Hongkonk	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		Singapore

Shanghai Branch.
26 The Bund.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tea: Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. CHAMPKIN, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed „ 150,000,000
Capital paid up .. „ 75,000,000
Reserve ..... „ 30,000,000

One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: ANDRE BEETHELOT
General Manager: A. J. PERNOTTE

HEAD OFFICE:
74 RUE SAINT LAZARE, PARIS
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, New York, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton Foochow, Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London.
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano.
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION,
Manager.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 SURPLUS $1,100,000

AN AMERICAN BANK

Head Office: New York City
Head Office for the Far East: Shanghai
Corner Kiukiang and Kiangse Roads

Cables: BANKASIA Tel. C. 1325

Other Branch Offices:

CANTON, CHANGSHA, HANKOW, HONGKONG, MANILA, PEKING and TIENTSIN

Complete Banking Facilities
Direct Personal Service

Interest on Deposit subject to check, also on time deposits. Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit

BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Bought, Sold, Negotiated or Collected
Financing of Shipments: Mail or Cable Payments and Transfers

RESEARCH BUREAU

STOCKHOLDING BANKS
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
Continental & Commercial National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings & Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916
Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
			Cincinatti

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. Sun, Manger
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

HEAD OFFICE, NEW YORK

Owned and controlled By

The National Park Bank, New York — Union Bank of Canada

BRANCHES:

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — TOKYO — YOKOHAMA

SHANGHAI BRANCH: 1 Kiukiang Road. Telephone C. 1174

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Head Office: 9 NINGPO ROAD
Hongkew Branch: 15 N. SZECHUEN ROAD

Your saving account with this Bank is worth 100 cents on the dollar all the time plus 4 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Our pamphlet "HOW TO SAVE" supplied upon request.

Telephones:

Head Office	*Hongkew Branch*
C. 4522 C. 4523	N. 1115
Banking Department	Foreign Department
Savings Department	Trust Department

Branches and agencies in all principal cities.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $2,000,000
Paid up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund.
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

R. CHENG,
Acting—Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on June 22, 1920.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	none
Cod	„	16-18
Mandarin	„	30-40
Mackerel	„	16-18
Pomfret	„	16-18
Salmon	„	20-24
Samli	„	30-40
Soles	„	14-16
Whitebait	„	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	none
Duck	each	60-80
Hare	„	none
Eggs	per doz.	15-17
Fowl	per lb.	24-28
Geese	„	70-90
Partridge	„	none
Pheasant	„	none
Pigeons	„	16-18
Plover	each	none
Quail	„	none
Snipe	„	none
Teal	„	none
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	none
Wild Duck	„	none
Wild Geese	„	none
Wild Pigeons	„	none
Plover	each	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	8-12
Apples	„	25-30
Bananas	„	7-8
Cherrier	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	20-22
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per dozen	$1.20-$1.40
Peaches	per lb.	8-10
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	8-10
Plums	„	8-10
Pumeloes	each	18-30
Pineapples	„	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	none
Vegetables		
Artichokes	each	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	20-30
Broad Beans	per lb.	8-10
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	8-10
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	3-4
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	2-3
Egg Plant	per lb.	8-10
French Beans	per lb.	3-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	none
Onions	„	2-3
Parsnip	per bunch	6-8
Peas	per lb.	3-4
Potatoes	per pic.	$1.60-$2.00
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	„	18-20
Turnips	per bunch	1-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	„	$4.50
Flour, Australian	„	$4.00
Flour, Shanghai,	„	$3.00
Rice	200 lb.	$11.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	11
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 17.50
Stove Coal	„	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. Kilner,
Chief Inspector.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Russia July 3

For Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Dilwara July 9

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru June 25

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per T.K.K. s.s. Korea Maru July 2

From Europe
Per P. & O. s.s. Devanha June 25

From Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru June 26

-:- Financial And Commercial News -:-

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$620
Chartered	£80
Russo-Asiatic	Rs. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	Tls. 395 B.
North China	Tls. 153
Union of Canton .	Hk. 185 B.
Yangtsze	$245
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 19 B.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$128
Hongkong Fire ..	$306 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$207½ B.
Indo-China Pref. .	$18
"Shell"	200/–
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 50 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 35 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 20 S.
Oriental Cons. ...	17/–
Raub	$1.30 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	Tls. 152 S.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 125 B.
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 24 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 150
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 84½ B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 70 B.
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 63 B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 30 B.
China Realty (ord)	Hk. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.) Tls.	Tls. 638
E-wo Pref	Tls. 77½
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 400
Oriental	Tls. 260
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 350
Kungyik	Tls. 63½
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 40
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 75
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	Tls. 228 B.
Green Island	Tls. 7 B.
Langkats	Tls. 15 B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 98
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford ...	Tls. 80 B.
Moutrie	$35
Watson	Tls. 5¾ Sa.
Weeks	Tls. 11
Rubbers (Local)	
Kims	Tls. 5¾
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3¼ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 19½ B.
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.75
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 2¼
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.70 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 5
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2.20 B.
Dominion	Tls. 5½
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 6
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 12½ B.
Kamunting	Tls. 4¼
Kapala	Tls. 0.20 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 7.60
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 3½
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 13
Padang	Tls. 8
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 1 B.
Repah	Tls. 0.50
Samagaga	Tls. 0.70 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1½
Semamba	Tls. 0.50 B.
Senawang	Tls. 4½
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 1.10
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6½ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾
S'hai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.55
S'hai Seremban ...	Tls. 0.60
Taiping ..... Tls.	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15¾
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 6
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 325
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 67
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 14 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 34
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 69
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 100

S. Sellers. Ss. Sales. B. Buyers.

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 298

FRENCH MARKETS

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, June 23.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, June 20 and 22:

Rice cleaned: Saigon ..	220–215
Green peas: Japan	130–130
Potato starch	155–155

Le Havre, June 22:

Cotton, First quality ...	594–594
Cotton, Second quality .	554–554
Cotton, Third quality ..	580–570

Lyons, June 22 and 23:

Raw Silks:	
Cevennes	270–265
Italy	290–280
Syria	230–225
Japan	270–270
China	300–300
Canton	200–200

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 24, 1920.

Money and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate,
@ 5/0=Tls. 4.00
@ exch. 73=Mex. $5.48
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 100¼=Tls. 0.99
@ exch. 73=Mex. $1.37
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 72.775
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 246
Bar Silver 998 touch ...Tls. 111
Copper Cash ... per tael 190.500
Native Interest ..... Tls. 07

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 52½d.
Bank Rate of Discount 7%
Ex., Paris on London..Fr. 46.87
Ex., New York on London T.T. G.$3.99⅝

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T. 5/0
London	Demand 5/0¼
India	T.T. 260
Paris	T.T. 1200
Paris	Demand 1203
New York	T.T. 100
New York	Demand 100¼
Hongkong	T.T. 73½
Japan	T.T. 52½
Batavia	T.T. 265
Singapore	T.T. 46¼

Bank's Buying Rates

London	Demand 5/2
London ....4 m/s. Cdts.	5/4
London ....4 m/s. Docy.	5/4¼
London ....6 m/s. Cdts.	5/5¼
London ....6 m/s. Docy.	5/5½
Paris	4 m/s. 1350
New York ...	o/d. Docy. 103½
New York..4 m/s. Docy.	108¾

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand Buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 5/2= Sh. Tls. 38.71
G.$50 @ exch. 103½= Sh. Tls. 48.31
Fr. 250 @ exch. 1260= Sh. Tls. 19.84

1 Shanghai Tael=Mex. $1.37 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 2,700 ..... =Tls. 100
" 100 ..... =Mex. $5.12

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 14,000 ..... =Tls. 100
" 100 .... =Mex. $0.97

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying:	100	Old Roubles	$1.55
"	100	New "	90
Selling:	100	Old "	$1.65
"	100	New "	95

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR JUNE

Hk. Tls.	3.16	@ 5/8¼	£1
"	1	@ 1418	Fr. 15.80
"	0.31	@ 110¼	Gold $1
"	1	@ 47	Yen 2.37
"	1	@ 267½	Rs. 2.98
"	1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, June 24, 1920.

OFFICIAL

Anglo Javas Tls. 8.25
Consolidated Tls. 2.20
New Eng: Tls. 24.50
Tls. 25.00

UNOFFICIAL

New Eng: Tls. 25.00
Shanghai Lands Tls. 63.00

Sharebrokers' Association

Transactions

Shanghai, June 24, 1920.

UNOFFICIAL

Ziangbes Tls. 5.00
Consolidateds Tls. 2.20
Telephones Tls. 69.00
Anglo Javas Tls. 8.00

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, June 24, 1920.

Nisshi Boseki Kaisha
Tls. 5.80 June
Tls. 6.20 July
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 29.00 June
Tls. 29.90 July
Tls. 30.40 August
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 24.00 June
Tls. 25.00 July
Tls. 26.60 August

LOCAL YARN

Local Yarn for Standard: 16's
Tls. 153.00 August
Tls. 154.10 September
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 175.00 June

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Annual Meeting Is Held By S. Moutrie & Company

The twenty-first annual general meeting of S. Moutrie and Company of Shanghai, Tientsin, Hongkong, Singapore, Kuala Lumpur and Peking was held at the Company's offices here yesterday afternoon. Directors present were Messrs. E. C. Pearce, Chairman, W. J. Isenman, and J. H. Teesdale. Following the address of the Chairman routine resolutions were adopted. The Chairman's address was as follows:

CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS

"Gentlemen.—The report and accounts for our financial year having been in your hands for a few days, I will with your permission take them as read.

"In moving their adoption it is with much pleasure that your board are enabled to lay before you today the results of another satisfactory year's working. The net profits for the twelve months working ending March 31 last show a credit at profit and loss account of $61,586.34 which added to the amount of $15,767.52 carried forward from the previous twelve months' working, gives a devisible balance, after due provision has been made for depreciation, of $77,353.86, which your directors, as published in the report recommend for distribution as follows:

	$
Dividend of 10 percent ..	30,840.00
Bonus of $1 per share	6,168.00
Bonus to Foreign Staff ..	5,451.22
Building Reserve	16,000.00
Reserve Account	5,000.00
Carrying forward to new account	13,894.64
	$77,353.86

"The dividend proposed by your board is the same as that declared for the previous four years. The bonus of $1 per share I feel sure will be appreciated by all shareholders as was the case last year.

"This year we have increased our bonus to the foreign staff up to $5,451.11 as against $3,290.00 last year. We feel that your staff well deserve this extra bonus in recognition of their hard work during the year. Your staff in all our branches have worked well and the result of this satisfactory year's working is very largely due to their loyal support and personal efforts, during a period when depletions caused by the exigencies of the war has not yet been made good. We trust therefore you will approve of our recommendation.

"To our building reserve we are adding $16,000 bringing this reserve up to $30,000. I fully explained our reason for this action at our last meeting and therefore need not make any further comment today, except that the same reasons given last year hold good now.

"To our reserve account we are adding another $5,000 bringing this account up to $55,000 which sum is invested in your business.

"Stock reserve account remains the same as last year, and as it represents about 10 percent of the value of your stock we did not consider a further addition necessary.

"Among your liabilities last year a sum appeared of $15,000 called exchange fluctuation account. This amount, and I regret somewhat more, was absorbed during the year due to losses in exchange, in our business at Singapore and Kuala Lumpur. Exchange last year on March 31 was 4/8½ while on March 31 this year it stood at 7/4. As exchange since this last date has fallen considerably, your board do not consider it necessary to re-open the account. In fact should exchange remain about where it is, the Company would reap a benefit.

"We carry forward to next year's working $13,894.64.

"Your board venture to think that your business is in a very sound condition, we had a credit balance with our bankers of $79,765.14, which of course will be reduced by the amount of the appropriations recommended, and which I trust you will pass.

"The demand for "Moutrie" pianos continues satisfactory and in spite of the high exchange ruling during 1919 we have done quite well in placing our instruments all over the East. Our output steadily increases under the able management of Mr. Watson, our factory manager, and I need hardly say that the ever increasing demand for our pianos and organs is viewed by your board with every satisfaction.

"Your managing director, Mr. Fred J. Hinton, left last month on a holiday combined with business, and we trust his visit to England and the States, will result in the ultimate benefit of our business. In the meantime Mr. A. E. Paine our former manager in Hongkong assumes the acting position of manager and under his able guidance we hope we shall be able to lay before you an equally satisfactory result at next year's meeting.

"With these few remarks, gentlemen, I beg to propose the adoption of the report and accounts, but before doing so shall be pleased to answer any questions to the best of of my ability."

Resolutions proposed and adopted were as follows:

1.—Proposed that the report and accounts as printed be adopted. Proposed by E. C. Pearce, seconded by J. H. Teesdale.

2.—Proposed that Mr. W. J. Isenman be re-elected a director of the company. Proposed by H. Bromets, seconded by W. S. Watson.

3.—Proposed that Messrs. Lowe, Bingham and Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company for the ensuing year. Proposed by W. Harvery, seconded by Yuen Singfoong.

4.—Proposed that the next annual general meeting of the company be held during the months of June or July, 1921. Proposed by E. C. Pearce, seconded by J. H. Teesdale.

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Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 9)

MUNICIPAL NOTIFICATION

No. 2715.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL 6 PER CENT. STERLING LOAN, 1920.

Amount £750,000

Price of Issue £100 per cent.

UNDER the authority of Resolution VII passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for Bearer Debentures (with coupons attached) in the 6 percent. Sterling Loan of 1920, which is issued on the following terms:—

(1) Debentures to Bearer, with Sterling interest coupons attached, will be issued at £100 percent in denominations of £1,000, £500, £100 and £50.

(2) The Debentures of this issue will bear interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum, payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year by sterling demand draft on London at par, or in silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's Shanghai current demand buying rate on London on date of presentation of the relative coupon. The first payment of interest will be made on December 31, 1920.

(3) Applications, accompanied by payment in full, will be received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, on and after May 1, up to and including June 30, 1920, the Council reserving to itself the right of closing the subscription lists on any day previous to June 30, 1920, by Notification in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai.

(4) Payment on application will be accepted in Silver (local currency) at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's current selling T.T. rate on London and will bear interest from date of payment, or in Sterling by T.T. or Demand Draft on London. Interest on payments made in Sterling will only accrue from the date on which the relative remittances are received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, London.

The cost of all telegrams involved through payment by Sterling T.T. shall be paid by the applicant.

Payment will be acknowledged by Banker's Receipt pending issue of the Debentures.

In the event of any applicant not being allotted the full amount applied for, the amount over-applied for will be repaid in full, plus interest at the rate of 6 percent per annum from the date payment was received in Shanghai or London to the due date of repayment in Shanghai, as notified to the applicant by special notice from the Council.

(5) The Loan will be redeemed at par on June 30, 1950, but may be redeemed by the Council in whole or in part on June 30, 1930, and/or on any subsequent date or dates on which the half-yearly interest is payable, subject to the Council giving six calendar months' notice in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai. In the event of any partial redemption of the loan the numbers of the Debentures to be redeemed will be decided by drawing. The numbers of such drawn Debentures will be notified in the Municipal Gazette and Public Press of Shanghai not less than three months prior to the date of repayment.

Application forms can be obtained on and after May 1, from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, No. 12 The Bund, or from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24a Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 29, 1920.

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LOST

Bank Orders Nos. 12803 and 12804 for $100 each, due on 2nd day of 5th moon, also No. 12807 $1,000, due on 4th day of 5th moon, issued by the Tsin Sung Native Bank (晉升莊) have been lost. The public is notified not to negotiate or accept the above orders, as they have been declared to be null and void.

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, JUNE 25, 1920

WEATHER

Cloudy, but rather fine weather. Summer monsoon moderate or fresh along the whole coast.

Relation Of Industrial Capacity To Foreign Trade

BY JAMES A. FARRELL

(Chairman, National Foreign Trade Council; President, U. S. Steel Corporation).

WHEN we are confronted by the fact that the imports and exports of the United States for the calendar year 1919 amounted to nearly 12 billions of dollars—in round figures $11,800,000,000—as against $4,258,000,000 for the year before the war, it would appear to be superfluous to insist that we must become a foreign trading nation. The figures would seem to indicate that, consciously or unconsciously, we were already there. But figures must be interpreted with the due regard to the facts for which they stand, if their true meaning is to be extracted.

Such progress as has been made, impressive as it seems, fails to demonstrate such a general participation in foreign trade as to warrant us in describing the United States as being already a distinctively foreign trading nation. It is one indication, however, of the industrial change that has been taking place during the last half century in this country, and which reached its climax during the war. Fifty years ago, the total of our exports was only $376,600,000, or less than one-twentieth of their value in 1919. Of that comparatively small amount, raw materials and foodstuffs together contributed more than 81 percent and manufactures less than 19 percent. Last year the manufactures, including manufactured foodstuffs, accounted for over 70 percent and raw materials and foodstuffs in crude condition for only 29½ percent.

I do not want to weary you with statistics, but a few illustrations will give a fair indication of the rate of our industrial development prior to the European war. In 1860 the number of manufacturing establishments in the United States, as reported by the census, was 104,433. They employed 1,311,000 wage earners; paid an annual aggregate of $378,000,000 in wages, and spent $1,032,000,000 for material. The products they turned out were valued at $1,886,000,000. By 1914, the number of manufacturing establishments had grown to 275,791—not quite double that of 1860, but their average capacity was much greater. They employed 964,000 salaried officers and clerks at a total remuneration of $1,288,000,000; their wage earners numbered more than seven millions, or over five times as many as wage earners and salaried officers combined in 1860. The total of wages paid was $4,079,000,000, or more than ten times the aggregate of the earlier period. They paid for materials fourteen times the amount paid in 1860 and their product was valued at nearly $25,000,000,000, or about thirteen times the figure for 1860. The fact may be noted that in the fifty-five years during which this industrial development occurred, the population of the country had increased from 31,000,000 to 98,000,000, or somewhat over 200 percent.

During the period in question there was a very large agricultural development, starting with 2,660,000 farms in the country and 5,923,000 persons employed on them in 1870. In 1910 there were 6,362,000 farms and 12,659,000 persons engaged in agriculture. The value of farm property in 1870 was $8,945,000,000 and of farm products $1,958,000,000. In 1910 the value of farm property had grown to $40,992,000,000 and of farm products to $8,498,000,000. In the latter year the value of produce of American farms was approximately as great as that of the farm property itself in 1870. But despite this huge increase in the great industry of agriculture, both in plants and production, the increase of population and the expansion of manufacturing industry had progressed so rapidly as to consume at home a steadily increasing proportion of the agricultural production. I have already shown that in our exports the percentages of foodstuffs and of manufactures have practically changed places in the course of the last half century. In other words, this people has within that period definitely shifted from being a nation whose preponderant products were agricultural to a nation whose production is chiefly industrial.

But still, we had not reached the stage of being really a foreign trading nation. It remained for the European war to bring us swiftly and almost unconsciously to that point. This it did in two ways: first, by greatly stimulating the expansion of our industrial capacity; and second, by inducing, during the period of our participation in the war, such an energy of production and such a frugality in consumption as resulted in savings that made possible the loan of from ten to twelve billions of dollars to Europe, as well as the repayment of several billions of capital previously borrowed from Europe. In other words, the war made us a creditor nation. In a period of five years, or less, we achieved an industrial and financial position such as Great Britain needed more than a hundred years of carefully fostered and wisely directed development to attain. When, in 1913, the Secretary of Commerce felicitated the country on its ability to produce for export a surplus of manufactures worth some $750,000,000 a year, neither he nor any other American anticipated that within five years there would be anything like the expansion of plant capacity which actually did occur. The achievement has become a more or less familiar fact to all of us, and from whatever point of view the subject is examined, we are insensibly led to the same conclusion. Whether we study the investment of capital in the extension of old plants or the erection of new ones; whether we devote attention to the totals of production, or the movement of freight tonnage, or follow any other similar line of investigation, we arrive at the same result, namely, that there has been an enormous increase in the industrial plant capacity of the country during the war. It is the effect of that greatly enlarged basis of production with which we are now vitally concerned.

In the year that immediately preceded the outbreak of the war, seven billion dollars' worth of manufactures entered into international commerce. The United States was seventh on the list of nations whose products represented substantial shares of this commerce. Great Britain, France and Italy together produced $3,000,000,000 worth. Germany, Austria-Hungary and Belgium added $2,000,000,000, and the products of Canada, Japan, Russia, Scandinavia, the Netherlands and Switzerland made up another billion. With the complete cutting off of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Belgium, and the great reduction in the export capacity of Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia, the demands upon the productive capacity of the United States were greatly increased. As a result, our exports of manufactures, including the two groups, "for further use in manufacturing," and "manufactures ready for consumption," but not including "foodstuffs wholly or partly manufactured," leaped to an average for the four years, 1916-19, of more than $3,500,000,000 a year.

In the year which saw the outbreak of the war, the total value of the manufactures of the United States was slightly under twenty-five billion dollars, and the exports manufactures were one billion, approximately 4 percent. A report just prepared for the National Foreign Trade Council by Mr. O. P. Austin, statistician of the National City Bank of New York, estimates the total gross value of the manufactured products of the United States for 1919 at $48,500,000,000. As the value of the exports of manufactures was $5,449,000,000, the ratio of exports to total gross value was 11.3, percent. In estimating the gross value of manufactures, however, there is an element of duplication, which the census of 1900 estimated at one-third, due to the fact that the products of certain factories are used as the raw materials of others. Allowing for this duplication, the net value of the manufactures of the United States for 1919 may be estimated at $32,000,000,000, on which basis the percentage of exports was 17 percent.

The situation has been obscured to some extent by the long duration of the war and the consequent exhaustion of reserve stocks of all kinds throughout the world. The withdrawal of from twenty-five to thirty millions of men from active production to engage in military service, and the greatly increased consumption by these men of the output of the largely reduced number of producers resulted in an eager but abnormal demand upon our production during the war. The exhaustion of the world's reserve stocks has projected into the first years of peace that abnormal demand upon our industrial resources. The psychological reaction resulting from the long strain of war has greatly lessened the ratio of production by unit of labor in all countries—in those directly engaged in fighting as well as those not immediately affected by it. The situation in this country has been further complicated by the release of the pent-up buying power of our people, who, while hostilities continued, were intent upon displaying the utmost frugality that they might take their full share in war financing, which included the huge loans to our European Allies.

We see how fortuitous and casual our foreign trade has been, not merely in the time when it only meant four percent of our production, but in the enormously increased exports brought about by the war. Of scientific organisation for foreign trade we were, in our earlier years, throughout the war, and are even now, lacking. We see that we have created an enormous machinery for production, not alone that in well-organised hands but all over the country; while our machinery for salesmanship and distribution to the foreign consumer requires further development in order to compete with countries which have been at war but can now increasingly compete with us in manufacture for the world's trade. The world's demand for manufactured articles is limited only by its purchasing power, in credits, loans or the exchange of commodities. It is not merely that with scientific and broadly conceived organisation we can develop a trade that will take up what we do not need at home, it is that we must devise such a plan of campaign, organising for peaceful contest equipped with finance and transport, or we must be confronted with an overproduction unwieldy and beyond assimilation in this country.

Briefly, the time is almost at hand, if indeed it is not already here, when the effect of the great plant expansion that took place during the war will no longer be considered only by those who give special attention to such matters, but will be observable, and observed, by all our people. As Europe progresses toward her own recovery, and comes back into the full energy of production that effect will be more and more evident. Some of the European countries have already made great strides toward recovery. It has been estimated that Belgium has attained 80 percent of her normal productivity and, as the rapidly mounting figures of her exports testify, Great Britain is fast resuming her old form. The anticipation is by no means unduly optimistic that in the near future Europe will be in a position to begin making payments of interest, if not of principal, on the loans we have made to her. These payments, when they come, will be, as far Europe can make them so, in the shape of merchandise, the products of industry. It is to the advantage of Europe to export to us as largely as she can of the fruits of her labor, and it is obviously to our advantage to receive payment of the interest on her debt to us. It will be our effort to stimulate the importation of raw materials for the benefit of our own industry and to promote the investment of American capital abroad by way of lessening the necessity of immediate payment.

But the fact has always to be borne in mind that foreign trade is at least two-sided, and that it can be successful only when both sides derive profit from it. Imports pay for exports, and we have a huge balance of exports to be paid for. We have no longer a great annual interest bill to meet in London; that has been replaced by an interest bill twice as large to be met in this country. Necessarily, a large part of this bill will be met with goods, and those goods will come into a market equipped industrially to produce much more than it can consume. There is, of course, always room for certain classes of imports; no country is capable of producing all that its people need and desire.

We shall continue to sell large quantities of our products in the very countries of Europe which are deeply indebted to us. We shall be confronted, in a quite unmistakable way, with the fact that we are able to produce more than we can sell at home. We shall face, accordingly, such an urgency for foreign trade as we have never before experienced. For either we shall find markets abroad for the surplus of our industrial productivity or we shall cease to produce it, which is quite unthinkable. That way lies stagnation, unemployment and business reverses. But the world offers vast opportunities for American enterprise. Needs that have been restricted by jealous and discordant political policies, material development that has been checked by the insistence on narrow spheres of interest, will be governed in the future by a broader and freer conception of international co-operation than has ever prevailed before. It is at least possible to cherish the belief that railroads will be built with a single eye to their commercial value and not to their place in military strategy; that the wealth producing industries which follow in the wake of the railroad will spread throughout long stagnant regions of the earth.

There can be no question about the economic rebirth of the civilised world, for it is already in progress even in places where industrial distress seems most acute and social disorganisation most profound. Vast undeveloped portions of the world with fertile soil and cheap labor are entering upon a period of rapid development. They will help supply the rapidly increasing needs for foodstuffs and raw materials, and they will at the same time furnish new markets for finish products. We may not be able to tell the precise extent or fix the exact direction of the forces that are about to change the face of the world, but we may face the future with confidence by the exercise of an intelligent foresight and by being ready to adjust ourselves to the new course of economic development. We must devote the same sustained and intelligent effort to international commerce that has produced such wonderful results in our domestic trade. The development of our industrial productive capacity during the war, coupled with the change in our national financial status, might, if unintelligently handled, be the forerunner of distress. But if only if be handled with intelligence, energy and courage, there lies in it a vastly greater potentiality for general benefit through foreign trade.

Topics In Brief

Owing to crowded conditions in the Presidential ring, future candidates had better check their hats.—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

The Irish seem to believe that the only way to settle things in Ireland is to settle England first.—*Long Island City Star.*

The energies of our statesmen are about evenly divided between walking planks and talking them.—*Philadelphia Public Ledger.*

Venice may be the "bride of the Adriatic," but Fiume is rapidly drifting into the position of its mother-in-law.—*Boston Transcript.*

The Soviets announce they are willing to make peace at any price—if the United States will advance the price.—*Philadelphia North American.*

Unless something is done about it presently the silk shirt may become the distinguishing mark of the American proletariat.—*Chicago Daily News.*

Here's a story that "Russia holds out the olive branch" to us. But we have learned to beware of ripe olives.—*Columbia* (S. C.) *Record.*

Governor Edwards is in favor of a mahogany plank in the Democratic platform.—*Little Rock Arkansas Gazette.*

The Turks themselves continue to furnish excellent reasons for their being driven out of Europe.—*Philadelphia Evening Ledger.*

Paris is puzzled about the stand of the United States in world affairs, and so is the United States.—*Washington Post.*

Doubtless the census figures will show that Presidential aspirants are still a minority in this country.—*Chicago Daily News.*

Sea Trade

"International Waterways," By Paul Morgan Ogilvie

Man's dominion over the earth grew with his earliest ventures on the sea. Sea trade, which eventually became synonymous with world trade, developed; and, as an indispensable accompaniment, a constantly-expanding code of sea law evolved. "International Waterways," by Paul Morgan Ogilvie (Macmillan company, New York), is a scholarly, well-written history of the development of maritime enterprise. It sets forth the efforts of certain nations to secure the exclusive enjoyment of the seas.

According to the author, the modern theory of the "freedom of the seas" dates only from the congress of nations at Vienna (1815), which proclaimed that henceforth the inland waterways of Europe separating or traversing several states should be open freely to the navigation of vessels from any nation whatsoever. . . ." Maritime nations, exhausted by the long Napoleonic wars, had come to realise the futility of the struggle for domination of the seas and were ready to accept the enlightened principle that the ocean belongs to all, for common benefit and enjoyment; and, also, that in the interest of international economy the commercial navigation of arterial, inland waterways should be assimilated to that of the high seas.

The first part of Mr. Ogilvie's book concludes with a critical discussion of the question of the freedom of commercial navigation. Part II is composed of a reference manual, where is to be found a list of all the international inland waterways of the world, together with the treaties and laws governing the same.

Mr. Ogilvie's book will be, for the student of history, of transportation or of international law, a valuable work of reference.

Promotion of American construction and ownership of merchant vessels was the object of the earliest statutes (in 1789 and 1792) in laying down definitions for the vessels which might have American registry. For registry two things were required: Construction in the United States and ownership by American citizens.

In consequence of the Napoleonic wars, American vessels in the early part of the 19th century became to a considerable extent the carriers for the world's commerce. The tonnage of American vessels engaged in foreign trade gradually increased until, in 1861, it reached 2,642,000.

A volume covering intelligently and with reasonable fulness the history and present status of the commercial fleet of the United States is "The American Merchant Marine," compiled by Edith M. Phelps (H. W. Wilson company, New York). The building and operation of overseas commercial carriers should be a great national industry. The author shows that just as every adequate department store, for its own self-protection, insists upon its own delivery service, so every mercantile nation demands a suitable fleet of its own ships.

During the three years that have elapsed since the first edition of this book was published there has been a decided expansion of the American merchant marine. In order to cover the events of this period, and present arguments for and against government operation of ships, nearly 150 pages of matter have been added to the present volume.

Two little books that cannot fail to interest students of transportation are "East by West," by A. J. Morrison (Four Seas company, Boston), and "America's Merchant Marine," published by the Bankers trust company of New York. The former is a survey of existing information written in rather novel and refreshing fashion. In separate chapters Mr. Morrison traces the development of commerce by "trade routes" through 40 centuries of time. The underlying causes which caused the movements of civilisation from Babylon to Greece, from Greece to Rome and Bruges; from Bruges to America and back to the East again are dealt with in a lively style, which is not often found in books of this kind.

In "America's Merchant Marine" the reader will find a full account of the inception, greatness and decay of our commercial navy. As everyone knows, the world war brought about its "rebirth." In the short space of a few years America has become not only a great ship-owning but a great ship-producing nation.

Chapters in this timely little volume are devoted to the principles of ship operation, to the pros and cons of government aid and the subsidies and subventions hitherto granted by other countries to their merchant marines. Commercial houses, and those persons financially interested in shipping will find in this book much valuable matter. Not least in importance is the presentation of the laws governing American marine insurance, measurement and tonnage and the regulations regarding crews and the safety of vessels in general. In works of this kind there are often found many errors, especially in figures. But in "America's Merchant Marine" errors are conspicuous by their absence. All the chapters show much sound thinking and diligent research.

Not That Sort Of A Year

(From The New York Times)

On the whole, it does not seem a good year for favorite sons.

Behind The 'Want Ad'

Human Side Of The House Famine

(From N. Y. Nation)

The why and wherefore of the housing shortage is set forth by experts and inexperts in the news columns of the daily papers, but for the human and personal side, give us the "want ads." Whereas in other days the advertising was done almost entirely by those who had houses, apartments, or rooms to offer, there are now long lists of pleas from those who seek a place to lay their heads.

If you could secure just the sort of tenant you wanted, would you sublet your two-room, bath, and kitchenette apartment until October for $75? A young married couple would like to rent it from June; best of references.

Think of it; to be young and a couple and married in the month of June! As if that were not enough in life! Yet these two cannot envisage it without a place to hang their frying pans and their spring hats. And there are many others in the same predicament, for presently we read:

"When a Fellow Needs a Friend." Can Washington young couple find real home-apartment, house or rooms, furnished or unfurnished, Grand Central commutation, at reasonable rental? Help us out, stating particulars and price.

Could any real estate agent resist that appeal? It would seem not; yet personal experience convinces us that resistance is something in which real estate agents register close to 100 percent. One passes, therefore, to the next call for help:

Gentleman will pay about $12 weekly for good-sized room, front preferred, and plain breakfast, with strictly small private family with children, modest circumstances. Phone, ground floor, or one flight up.

With children? What can be the idea of this gentleman? Is he really so fond of children that he yearns to take a chance with those of any stranger? Or is it that he seeks to ingratiate himself in the heart of some fond parent who otherwise would never consent to let a room? One suspects the motives of the gentleman, although one is prejudiced in his favor by the fact that he does not describe himself as "refined." Careful study of the other advertisements reveals an almost unanimous tendency on the part of any gentleman, lady, or couple seeking or offering rooms to assay himself, herself, or themselves as "refined"; when to "refined" they are "congenial." Likewise one learns that apartments are prevailingly "elegant," "spacieus," or "beautiful"; in lieu of which they are "cozy." Poverty, dirt, and misery are swept out of every city by an enchanter's wand in the advertising columns; every neighborhood becomes "exclusive," or at least "desirable." One notes too, that couples are explicit in describing themselves, in spite of the fact that advertising is charged for by the word. To qualify as a "married couple" seems to be almost de rigeur, but the code of "want ad" morality tolerates also the merely "business couple." Housekeeping one finds invariably described as "light," although no housekeeper ever found any that was such. The "want ads" have developed their own vocabulary, with special insistence on keeping up the facade of life.

But let us continue our search through the columns. Down at the end, almost, we are rewarded by finding this:

"Author wants very quiet room to write in; no children in or around house."

O author, how we envy you your illusions! That "quiet room" and those "no children in or around house" is what all your craft has sought since Adam (having carelessly forgotten to insist on a lease) was evicted as an undesirable tenant from that first Garden. And though every scrivener has sought none has found this abode—unless at the end of his career in a mausoleum. The world's literature has mostly been written between the calls of bill collectors and during the moments when the children happened not to be crying. But if ever you do find that "quiet room," O author, we [illegible] boon of using it when [illegible] at lunch or supper. We, [illegible] work we crave to do in [illegible] room" without interrupt[illegible] too—but, pardon us, the telepa[illegible] is ringing.

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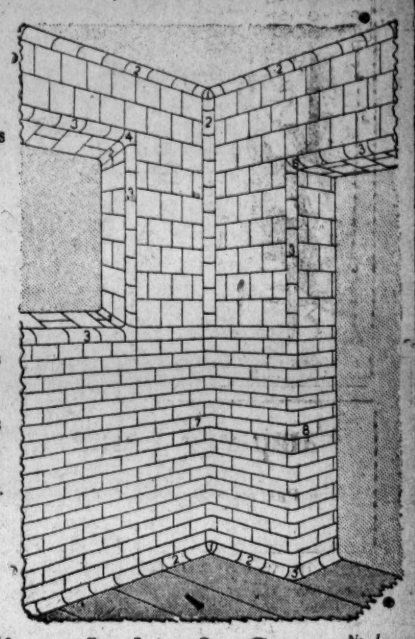

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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

NOW-HOW DAUGHTER IS INPROVING ON THE PIANO-ISN'T THAT BEAUTIFUL?
WELL-IF YOU CALL THAT MUSIC-I DON'T KNOW WHAT MUSIC IS.
OF COURSE YOU DON'T-HIGH CLASS MUSIC WOULDN'T APPEAL TO YOU-I MUST GO IN AND SEE WHAT OPERA SHE WAS PLAYING.
WHERE IS DAUGHTER-WASN'T SHE PLAYING THE PIANO?
NO MUM.
!
I WUZ JUST WIPIN OFF THE KEYS LIKE THIS.
GEO MCMANUS
12-19

Pampered Children A Menace

Rich Parents Encourage Bolshevism By Giving False Ideas To Own Boys

By Dr. Wm. A. McKeever
(Professor in the University of Kansas and a Well-Known Educator)

On a fast train and traveling through a distance of some 500 miles, it was recently my privilege to witness a chapter in the disheartening drama of what I am here characterising as creative Bolshevism.

The situation was this: In one end of the Pullman coach, during the entire day, sat an able and interesting mother apparently of common means, with her three boys and three girls. The children ranged in age from about three to thirteen, and during the entire day they participated intently in what might be characterised as a juvenile democracy.

They played together, quarrelled together, read together, waited on one another more or less, denied themselves a few desires; obeyed their mother's voice reasonably well; ran errands at her request; acted becomingly in their relations to the other passengers; gave evidence of being modestly supplied with the ordinary materials of life; appeared to be normally trained as to the usual school instructions juvenile thrift and industry.

I believe it would be very easy indeed for me to write a small volume of 2,500 words describing this family and to make the story a real contribution to society.

AT OTHER END OF CAR

At the other end of the car there sat in a compartment large enough for five or six people a mother of perhaps thirty-three years and her young, perfectly-groomed son of about eleven years. The boy was rather large for his age, was fat, chubby-faced, beaming with joy, and appeared to the casual observer to lack absolutely nothing to make his life one of perfect pleasure and contentment.

However, through quiet devices which my many years of experience have taught me to use, I made a considerable inquiry into the life of this alleged perfect specimen of boyhood. His chief shortcoming was an overamount of attention. His chubby body was almost as soft and fluffy as an ordinary pillow. His faultlessly manicured nails and dainty, soft hands were entirely in keeping with all the other elements of his being, signifying extreme care.

Here was an only child who had been kept out from among the common crowd; had been taught to believe himself superior to them; had learned to think of them as unworthy of his companionship; had acquired a habit of a disdainful regard of their plain clothes and rather crude manners.

In short, this big, soft, overgrown baby boy was the victim of practically all the ideas, all the methods suitable for creating an unsympathetic exploiter of common men and common industries at the time of his final adult development. He belongs to a family of wealth, a social group which is far too much isolated from ordinary society.

GIVEN FALSE OPINIONS

He has been educated in a very exclusive school, where the so-called best boys are sent and where it is believed they are being prepared directly and without interference of ordinary young human kind for a future program of successful big business enterprise.

Now, here is my idea of the proper way to create Bolshevism in this great country of ours: To give growing young people a false opinion of their superiority and worth; to keep them out from among the so-called common crowd; to deny them the inherent right of playing rough-and-tumble and of mingling with the ordinary boys and girls of their age.

To deny them the further divine right to mix up with mud and mortar and to develop and harden their physique through ordinary productive industry—in short, to deny them a right to carry from childhood their share of the common load and to be a common fellow with the tremendously significant throng of ordinary children of ordinary parents—to shut a child off from the vast crude, but wholesome and developing stream of humanity, and to attempt falsely to place him in a superior class of his own or with the select few.

We thus contribute to sectionalism, to factionalism, to class hatred and to Bolshevism as it should be defined and understood.

I would have none of this wicked thing, but would place every normal child, rich and poor, upon his own merit by giving him all the socialising and democratising experiences as outlined for the little family of six in the rear end of the coach. Thus, in time, we may establish in this great country of ours democracy such as the world has never known. At least, so I hope and pray.

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The Skull Is Like Shell Of A Nut

It Is What Is Inside That Really Counts

You read in the news columns that one great scientist, dying, gives his brain to another great scientist.

You realise that it is only the material brain that is transferred in ownership, and you perhaps think what a wonderful thing it would be if he could have passed along the wisdom that a few hours ago was treasured up in that wrinkled gray matter.

Genius we cannot transfer. Knowledge is transferred every hour of the day in the printed record of great intellects.

No matter how wise a man may have been, or how eminent in his profession, there is more information on one shelf in the public library than any one man, working all his life on one subject, could accumulate by his own efforts.

There is not a single subject you can think of that has not been written about, and all the information about it collated in accessible form in books. Reading them you can make yourself the heir of all the wisdom in the world from the days of the papyrus rolls and stone tablets of Egypt and Assyria down to the last theory of the most advanced student of the twentieth century.

Brains die, but knowledge lives, and knowledge is so cheap and so accessible that there is no excuse for ignorance.

The average male brain weighs about three pounds. The brain of a chimpanzee weighs considerably less than a pound. The gibbon, classified by zoologists with the high apes, has no man-like brain at all, since gray matter is almost absent.

The brains of more than a hundred eminent men have been weighed, examined and classified. Among these the men following the profession of exact sciences had the heaviest brains. The next were men of action in law, government and military affairs. Following them were philosophers and natural scientists.

The heaviest brain of which there is any record was that of Oliver Cromwell, which weighed five and a quarter pounds. Lord Byron's brain is said to have weighed eight grams more than Cromwell's, but there is no authentic record of its weighing.

Steinitz, the great chess player, who died insane, had a brain notable for its frontal, or forehead, development. His forehead bulged so prominently as to distort his eyes.

Every great thinker with marked powers of concentration and retentive memory has been characterised by prominence of the front part of the head.

Look at your child, and if the forehead is not prominent begin early to train him in thinking, in concentration and in memory, for these are powers that can in a measure be attained by training.

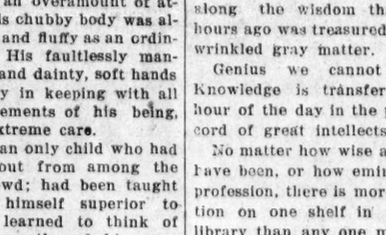
Study your child's head carefully and care for it attentively.

The skull when the child is born is almost soft. Some portions of it like that at the top and front, called the fontanelle, have no bony formation at all for some months after birth.

Do not bind or confine the head of a child in anyway. Do not tie close bonnets on it nor bandage it. See that it does not lie for long periods resting its head on one side to the exclusion of the other.

You may not be able to make a Voltaire or a Beethoven or a Newton out of a plain John Smith, but by care you may help him in his mental growth by preventing outside conditions from interfering with inside development.

If your child has a finely shaped head rejoice. If it is just an ordinary head make up your mind to help as much as you can in making the brains that are inside of it as valuable and productive as possible.



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Four Ambitious Girls

BY WINIFRED BLACK

Do you like the scent of lilacs in the Springtime? Did you ever stand ankle-deep in a meadow of sweet white clover? Are you fond of bread and milk—real milk—with yellow cream on the top of it—nice and cold, and sure-enough bread right out of the oven at home, all crumbly and sweet as a nut and brown on top and white in the middle—and do you like these things to eat from an old-fashioned blue bowl that looks as if Priscilla Alden had her bread and milk in it the day John came to ask her why she wasn't nicer to Miles Standish?

Did you ever sit out on the porch on a sweet Summer's evening and eat hot biscuits and honey, and strawberries and cream, and watch the baby rolling around on the rug, trying to catch hold of the puppy's tail?

Did you ever find a little brown nest in a little brown bush, and see five blue speckled eggs in it?

Did you ever take off your shoes and stockings and sit down in the moss and dip your feet in the cold, clear water of a running brook?

Did you ever come out of a hot, close, stuffy place full of all kinds of people and all kinds of perfume and all kinds of clothes, and painted scenery and painted women and loud music, and somebody chewing gum in the seat in front of you and some one chewing tobacco in the seat behind you, and an old lady eating peanuts out of a crackly paper bag, and when you got outside there were the stars shining so clear and pure, and a little wind was blowing, and suddenly you realised that somewhere the cowlips were in bloom and the wild violets were closing their eyes for a good night's cuddly sleep under their broad, green coverlets of leaves?

Well, now that's just the way you're going to feel when you read this little letter. Try it and see if you don't.

DEAR WINIFRED BLACK

Will you please answer some questions that have been vexing the average girl not a little?

In writing, I am representing four girls, close friends. Two of us are almost seventeen, and the others just past it. We, unfortunately, had been compelled to go to business after graduating from grammar school; but with determination to become "somebody" in later life we attend evening high school regularly.

Now, are we no longer children at seventeen years of age? Must we, because we are past sixteen, eliminate childish innocence and laughter to become "young ladies"? We are sneered at and called "kids" by the older girls. We still attend Sunday school and in the afternoon—our only free time—we go on long hikes into the woods of nature and God, away from the noisy, busy, tempting city, enjoying good health, laughing and giggling as though there were no such things as "responsibility" and "dignity."

Other girls at sixteen and seventeen years seem to be at home, "all powdered and painted," in long, tight skirts, looking like wax dolls and waiting for some boy to look at them and at once chat of being married. We abhor all this. We meet friends at school, but all that exists between us is the school friendship feeling.

We are all, without praising ourselves, respectable, and young ladies in our manners.

Are we not considered children or "kids" until we are eighteen? How I shudder at the thought of giving up the sweet innocence of childhood.

But on the other hand, if you think we should now leave all this behind, we will at once become dignified young ladies and follow your motherly advice.

Please, dear Winifred Black, will you write an article on this subject and let us know at what age we should become dignified and young women?

Thanking you in advance, and with untold gratitude, we remain.

FOUR AMBITIOUS "KIDS"

You darlings! Don't you dare to change one single thing about your looks or your thoughts or your manners or anything that is you.

Go right on being simple and unaffected and childlike—and everybody who looks at you will be thankful that you are alive.

Don't "schudder" too hard, you darlings. It'll shake your hair down, and that will never do.

Bless your hearts! I wish you were all mine, every one of you. But where would your dear mothers be then?

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THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Rem
TODAY							
Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	do	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Moji, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada	Chikugo M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Manila direct	Colombia	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Vladivostok & Siberia..	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Manila & Hongkong	Colombia		11.00	..	..	..	
W'wei, C'foo and T'tsin..	Kingsing	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo....	do	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Chefoo	Toonan	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton....	Choysang	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Swatow and Hongkong ...	Choysang	..	11.00	..	..	..	
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train			..	17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin..	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo....	do	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Devanha	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, June 27.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
U.S.A. via S. Francisco	W. Crosss	17.00	..	..	..	..	
Monday, June 28.							
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, June 29.							
Hongkong and Canton ...	Ichang	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
Hongkong	do	..	10.00	..	..	..	..
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin....	Shuntien	..	14.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo....	do	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
Japan Ports	Kumano M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Wednesday, June 30.							
mey and Hongkong.....	Sinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

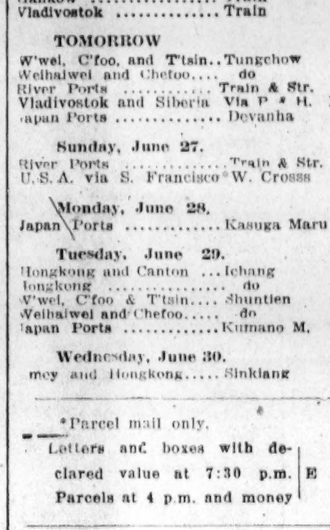
*Parcel mail only.

Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m. Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 3 p.m. Registered articles at 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 1 hour 35 minutes later than those closed for the previous night train.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
F. N. B.	May 17	Elcano	Am. gun-boat
Y. T. P. D.	June 9	Gnat	Br. gun-boat
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
U. S. N. B.	May 22	Samar	Am. gun-boat
2 C	June 15	St. Breock	Br. tug



Headache

neuralgia, etc, often tales us at very inconvenient moments. To rid yourself of these little ills, take the genuine

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Shows our 7½ grain tablet package. This size of tablet often proves more efficacious than the 5 grain tablet on account of the increased dosage. Your chemists stock them, or can obtain them for you from our agents,

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, June 25**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Loongwo**, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findelson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, June 25**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on **Saturday, June 26**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Kiangyung**, Capt. C. Smith, will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. CO.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, June 28**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Luenho**, 2,868 Tons, Capt. Woodgett, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Monday, June 28**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiwo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Tuesday, June 29**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Tel. C. 241. Extension to Freight and Passenger Department.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 29**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Capt. J. Gibbs, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Tuesday, June 29**, at 11 a.m. For Freight orPassage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE**, Agent. Tls. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Wednesday, June 30**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. E. Edwardes, will leave on **Friday, June 25**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Capt. C. Stewart will leave on **Friday** morning For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on **Saturday** at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW, HONGKONG AND CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Capt. A. V. Harrison, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, June 26**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ichang**, Captain Isbister, will leave on **Tuesday, June 29**, at 11 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) Via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Capt. M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on **June 29**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. W. J. Barkus, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, July 1**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hunan**, Captain Byres, will leave on **Friday, June 25**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents, Tel. No. 77.

NEWCHWANG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yuman**, Captain Turnbull, will leave on **Friday, June 25**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & Newchwang.—The Str. **Toonan**, Capt. H. M. Loresen, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. CO.**

TIENTSIN direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration, will despatch the s.s. **Kwangping**, on **June 26**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1114.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chenan**, Captain P. R. Purslow, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, June 26**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co's Stemer **Tungchow** Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, June 26**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHINWANGTAO Direct.—The Kailan Mining Administration wil despatched the s.s. **Kaiping** on **June 28**. For Freight apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1114.

TIENTSIN AND DAIREN.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Capt. N. Kamizawa, will be despatched from the Co.'s Y'poo wharf on **June 28**, at ——— For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKAK SHOSEN KAKISHA.** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Nos. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shuntien**. Capt. H. A. Walker, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, June 29**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chekiang**, Captain E. L. Jones, will leave on **Thursday, July 1**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

VLADIVOSTOK.—The Steamer **Shinyue** will be despatched for Vladivostok direct on or about **July 2**. For Freight or Passage apply to **L. V. LANG, No. 8 French Bund.** (Tel. Nos. Cen. 4702 and 3059).

For Foreign Ports

EUROPE, Via HONGKONG SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORT SAID, MARSEILLES, LONDON ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, & HAMBURG.—The Str. **Himalaya Maru**, Captain S. Yamane, will be despatched from Shanghai on **July 5**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA** No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No 4233, 4234 and 4235.

NEW YORK, Via Tsingtau, Japan Ports, San-Francisco and Panama.—The Steamer **Amazon Maru**, Captain N. Konishi, will be despatched from Shanghai ——— on **July 9**, at ——— For Freight please apply to **OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, No. 4,** The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

TACOMA AND SEATTLE CALLING AT VICTORIA B. C. Via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA —The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Str **Arabia Maru**, Capt. T. Saito, will despatched on **July 10.** Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ———
For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel No. 4234 & 4235.

Siccawei Weather Reports

23.—Pressures a little higher between the Kuriles and the Marianas, lower in Indo-China, levelled from the China sea to the sea of Japan. Moderate or light monsoon between the Philippines and Shantung; unsteady breezes elsewhere. Fire weather, here and in N China, very hot (98.) at Tientsin; overcast in the south; rain on the coasts of Fukien.

24.—The pressure keeps relatively high, with moderate breezes of SE monsoon. Weather overcas, and misty but rather fine.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
June 25	—	Seattle	West Jessup	Am.	S. & Dix
June 25	—	Portland	West Navaria	Am.	C. P. Co.
June 25	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
June 26	—	Portland	Waban	Am.	Adl. Line
June 30	—	New York	Deucalion	Br.	B. & S.
June 30	—	Vancouver	Mattawa	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 3	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 3	—	San Francisco	West Islip	Am.	S. & Dix.
July 4	—	Baltimore v. P'ama	West Hembrie	Am.	S. & Dix.
July 12	—	Seattle, etc.	†Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 12	—	Seattle	Maquan	Am.	A. T. Co.
July 12	—	San Francisco	Archer	Am.	P.M.S.N. Co
July 13	—	New York & Boston	Allowry	Am.	Adl Line
July 14	—	Seattle	Arcturus	Am.	S. & Dix
July 15	—	Baltimore v. Suez	West Mingo	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
July 17	—	San Francisco	†Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
July 18	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
July 20	—	San Francisco	West Catera	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
July 21	—	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 21	—	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 23	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July 25	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
July 30	—	San Francisco	Higho	Am.	Dollar Co.
July 31	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	West Cadron	Am.	Dollar Co.
Aug. 14	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. C
Aug. 15	—	Baltimore v. Suez	Elkridge	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Aug. 22	—	Vancouver	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Aug. 23	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Aug. 25	—	Seattle, etc.	†Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K
Oct. 19	—	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Sep. 12	—	Vancouver	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

June	26	—	Moji, Kobe, Y'hama	Devanha	Br.	M.M. & Co.
June	26	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June	29	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
June	30	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	3	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	4	—	Kobe	Atsuta Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	6	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	7	—	Moji, Kobe, Y'hama	Lahore	Br.	M.M. & Co.
July	7	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	9	—	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July	18	—	Moji, Kobe, Y'hama	Kalyan	Br.	M.M. & Co.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

June	25	—	London	†Karmala	Br.	M.M. & Co.
June	25	—	Marseilles	†Porthos	Fr.	M.M. Cie
June	26	—	Liverpool	Euryades	Br.	B. & S.
July	1	—	L., A'dam, H'burg	Elpenor	Br.	B. & S.
July	4	—	London, etc.	W. Hassayamps	Am.	Adl. Line
July	5	—	London, etc.	†Kamo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	5	—	Liverpool, etc.	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K
July	5	—	Hamburg, etc.	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	10	—	Liverpool, ports	K. Templar	Br.	B. & S.
July	10	—	Havre, Liverpool	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
July	10	—	Bombay	†Dilwara	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July	11	—	Marseilles	†Amazone	Fr.	M. M. Cie
July	13	—	London	†Devanha	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July	15	—	London	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
July	18	—	Liverpool	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.
July	19	—	London, etc.	†Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
July	26	—	London	†Lahore	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Aug.	2	—	Hamburg, etc.	Tatsuno Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Aug.	2	—	London, etc.	Prometheus	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	5	—	Havre & L'pool	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	6	—	London, etc.	†Kalyan	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Aug.	7	—	London, etc.	†Jeypore	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Aug.	12	—	London, ports	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	19	—	Liverpool, etc.	Bellerophon	Br.	B. & S.
Aug.	26	—	London, etc.	Protesilaus	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	16	—	Liverpool, etc.	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.
Sep.	16	—	G. M. & Liverpool	Cyclops	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June	25	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June	25	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningsnao	Chi	N.S.S.N. Co.
June	25	noon	Manila, H'kong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
June	25	—	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June	25	noon	S. H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J.M. & Co
June	26	4.00	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi	N.S.S.N. Co.
June	26	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
June	29	11.00*	Hongkong, Canton	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.
July	1	D.L.	A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
July	12	—	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	12	—	Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
July	16	—	Manila & H'kong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
July	24	—	Manila & H'kong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June	25	2.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	25	D.L.	Antung	Hunan	Br.	B. & S.
June	25	D.L.	Newchwang	Yunnan	Br.	B. & S.
June	26	D.L.	Tsingtau	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
June	26	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T.	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
June	26	—	Tientsin	Kwangping	Br.	K.M.A.
June	26	—	Chefoo, Newchwang	Toonan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June	27	—	Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.
June	29	noon	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Koonshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	29	10.00*	Tsingtau, Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
June	29	3.00	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
July	1	D.L.	Chefoo, Tientsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
July	2	—	Vladivostok	Shinyue	Chi.	L.V. Lang

FOR RIVER PORTS

June	25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
June	25	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
June	26	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
June	27	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June	28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June	28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co
June	28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
June	29	11.00*	Pukow	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S
June	29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
June	29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S
June	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
June	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
June	30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Information For Mariners

FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1920

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The night tides are higher than the day tides, they are about equal at 4 and 5 o'clock).
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
7h. 20m.	3ft. 5in.	8h. 0m.	5ft. 2in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The night tides are higher than the day tides),
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	A.M. M	P.M. H	P.M. M
6	1	6	32

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
1 50 p.m.	0 33 a.m.	4h. 57m.	7h. 5m.	4h. 12m.	7h. 50m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For June 29.73in
755.1mm.

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.
FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "TATUNG" ..... sails midnight, June 25.
S.S. "CHUNGKING" ..... sails midnight, June 26th.
S.S. "POYANG" ..... sails midnight, June 28th.
Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" ..... sails June 26th, 10 a.m.
S.S. "SHUNTIEN" ..... sails June 29th, 3 p.m.
S.S. "CHEKIANG" ..... sails, July 1st, at 10 a.m.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "YINGCHOW" ..... via Swatow June 26th.
S.S. "ICHANG" ..... direct June 29th.
S.S. "SINKIANG" ..... (via Amoy) July 1st.
Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO.
S.S. "CHENAN" ..... sails June 26th.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" ..... at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

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French Bund.

Tel. Nos:
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

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Emp. of Russia	July 8	†Emp. of Japan	July 12
Emp. of Japan	July 23	*Emp. of Asia	July 16
Emp. of Asia	July 31	†Monteagle	Aug. 1
Monteagle	Aug. 16	*Via Manila	
		† To Hongkong direct.	

Freight Office: Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai, Telephone, Central 181
Passenger Office: Palace Hotel 15 The Bund Shanghai, Telephone, Central 182

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THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR PORTLAND
S.S. "WABAN" ..... June 28

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GEO. A. HEYBURN, Asst. Gen. Agent
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For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Colombia	July 17	S.S. Colombia	June 26
S.S. Venezuela ...	Adg. 14	S.S. Venezuela	July 24
		S.S. Ecuador	Aug. 21.

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS

	Due at Shanghai	Leave for San Francisco
ARCHER	in port	July 12

ROUND THE WORLD SERVICE
For Singapore, Colombo, Mediterranean Ports and Baltimore.
MONTHLY SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
WEST CALERA ..... June 25
WEST MINGO ..... July 25

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)
Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

KOREA MARU	July 18
TENYO MARU	Aug. 14
SHINYO MARU	Sept. 9
KOREA	Oct. 3

FOR HONGKONG

SHINYO MARU	Aug. 21
SIBERIA MARU	Sept. 30

All steamers of this company are thoroughly modern and up to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transporation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings.
Telephone No. 3229.

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Fast Passenger Service Regular Sailings for
Trieste and Adriatic Ports
taking cargo on through Bill of Lading to
Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea and Danube Ports.
Next sailings:—
S.S. "PERSIA" about 15th July
* Carrying Passengers.
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS
Union Building Telephone Central 1693

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.
PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT
Sailings From Shanghai
SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
via Japan and Honolulu

S. S. "CHINA" (10,200 tons) *	July 25
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 tons)	Aug. 23
S.S. "NILE" (14,00 tons)	Aug. 31

*Will not call Yokohama and Honolulu

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "CHINA"	July 12
S.S. "NANKING"	Aug. 9
S.S. "NILE"	Aug. 19

For further information regarding Passenger Fares, Sailings, Freight Rates, etc., apply to

F. R. BARRETT, Agent.
Cable address "CHIMAIL" Phone "Central 4778"
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, Marseilles, London and Antwerp:—

	Tons		
KAMO MARU	16,000	Capt. M. Nakamura,	July 5
IYO MARU, ...	12,500	Capt. S. Murazumi,	July 19

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE.

For London, Antwerp, Rotterdam, and Hamburg via ports:—

TSUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Capt. K. Teramoto,	July 5
TATSUNO MARU ...	15,000	Capt. G. Ohta,	Aug. 2

For Marseilles and Liverpool via ports:—

TOKIWA MARU....	15,000	Capt. K. Shibuya,	July 5
AWA MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Hirata,	July 16

VICTORIA AND SEATTLE

For Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama:—

KATORI MARU ...	19,000	Capt. E. Tozawa,	July 12
TAJIMA MARU	15,000	Capt. K. Takano,	July 13
KASHIMA MARU ..	19,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	Aug. 25

NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

TOYOOKA MARU ..	15,000	Capt. S. Shiratori,	June 25

FOR YOKOHAMA (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe).

KASUGA MARU ...	7,000	Capt. S. Iriye,	June 29
YAMASHIRO MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Takano,	July 6
KOKURA MARU	5,000	Capt. S. Ito,	July 9

FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA

ATSUTA MARU	16,000	Capt. T. Sekine,	July 4

FOR MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Capt. R. Hayashi,	June 26
KUMANO MARU ...	9,500	Capt. T. Sasaki,	June 30
YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Shinohara,	July 3
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. S. Kishimoto,	July 7

FOR HONGKONG.

KASHIMA MARU ..	19,000	Capt. K. Stauno,	Aug. 3

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG.

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. M. Machida,	Aug. 26

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Manila).

NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. J. Kusano,	July 21
AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. S. Shibata,	Aug. 18
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. S. Nishimura,	Sept. 22

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

FRANK WATERHOUSE & CO.

PUGET SOUND TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

SEATTLE-MANILA via SHANGHAI & HONGKONG

and

NEW YORK SERVICE

Manila-New York.

Operated for account of UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

For rates and full particulars apply to

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY

AGENTS

53 SZECHUEN ROAD Telephone Central 944

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S. S. "WESTERN CROSS" ..... June 28
S. S. "ALLOWAY" ..... July 13

FOR ROTTERDAM - ANTWERP - LONDON VIA SUEZ

S. S. "WEST HASSAYAMPA" ..... July 8

Operated for Account of U. S. Shipping Board,

For rates and particulars apply to

THE BARBER S.S. LINES, INC.

THE ADMIRAL LINE, Agents.

53 Szechuen Road. Telephone C. 1471

STRUTHERS & DIXON

INCORPORATED

Amalgamated with

COSMOPOLITAN SHIPPING CO. NEW YORK GREEN STAR LINE NEW YORK

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

Due INWARD		Sailing OUTWARD	
Steamer	Date	Steamer	Date
West Jessup†	in port	West Jessup†	June 25
Colorado Springs*	in port	West Islip*	July 3
Arcturus†	June 25		

(If sufficient inducement offers)

* San Francisco † Seattle

Through B/Ls issued to all Overland Points in U.S.A. and Canada

ATLANTIC & GULF PORTS VIA PANAMA SERVICE

Due INWARD	Sailing OUTWARD
Fortnightly	Fortnightly

* Baltimore † New Orleans

For rates, space or other particulars, apply to

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, FOR THE FAR EAST, Shanghai, China. SHANGHAI OFFICE, 7, Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 2557.

L. EVERETT, Vice-Pres. J. S. EMENS, Agent

Telegrams "DIXTRUTH"

Vessels Due

Carmarthenshire, *London*	June	26
Chekiang, *Tientsin*	June	26
Demodocus, *Liverpool*	June	29
Devanha, *London*	June	25
Esang, *Hongkong*	June	26
Feiching, *Foochow*	June	25
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	June	30
Haean, *Foochow*	June	26
Hopsang, *Hongkong*	June	28
Hsinfung, *Hankow*	July	2
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	June	25
Hsintah, *Hongkong*	June	26
Hwahta, *Hankow*	June	28
Kasuga Maru, *Japan*	June	26
Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	June	26
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	June	26
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	June	29
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	June	25
Koonshing, *Tientsin*	June	26
Kutwo, *Hankow*	June	30
Kumano Maru, *Japan*	June	27
Kwangchi, *Wenchow*	June	25
Luenho, *Hankow*	June	26
Luenyi, *Hankow*	June	27
Ngankin, *Hankow*	July	1
Polyphemus, *Liverpool*	June	26
Poyang, *Hankow*	June	26
Sakaki Maru, *Dairen*	June	28
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	June	27
Singkiang, *Hongkong*	June	28
Suiwo, *Hankow*	June	27
Suiyang, *Hankow*	June	26
Tean, *Hongkong*	July	1
Theseus, *Liverpool*	July	2
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	July	1
Tungwah, *Swatow*	June	26
Wosang, *Hankow*	June	28
Wuchang, *Hankow*	June	28
Yawata Maru, *Japan*	June	30

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S.S. Lines

(Companies incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "KARMALA" June 24th
S.S. "DEVANHA" July 13th
S.S. "LAHORE" July 26th
S.S. "KALYAN" August 6th
S.S. "JEYPORE" August 7th

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO

S.S. "DILWARA" July 10th

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT FROM HONGKONG

S.S. "MADRAS" July 2nd
S.S. "GREGORY APCAR" July 6th

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG

S.S. "ST. ALBANS" July 21st

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.

Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered or cancelled without notice.

For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

AGENTS

24 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2069

CHINA PACIFIC COMPANY

AGENTS FOR

Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.,

and

Sudden and Christenson.

Cargo Service between

Portland, Oregon and Shanghai, Tsingtao, Tientsin, and Dairen.

Sailings from China ports:—

S.S. WEST NAVARIA .. on or about June 28th
S.S. WEST NOMENTUM ..... about July 20th

Through bills of lading issued to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

For information as to freight rates, etc., apply to:—

C. L. Seitz, General Agent

6 KIUKIANG ROAD. 4th FLOOR.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

(Subject to Alteration)

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR EUROPE Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo, Portsaid, Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*HIMALAYA MARU.	18,000	S. Yamane,	July 3	July 5

This steamer will not call at Marseilles.

FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA, Japan ports, San Francisco, and Panama.

*AMAZON MARU ...	15,000	N. Konichi,	July 7	July 9

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Victoria and Seattle) via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

ARABIA MARU	13,000	J. Saito,	July 9	July 10

FOR HONGKONG.

AFRICA MARU	18,000	H. Yamamoto,	Aug. 8	Aug. 9

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin, and Dairen).

KEELUNG MARU ...	5,000	N. Kamizawa,	June 26	June 28

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	June 27	June 29

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.

BORNEO MARU from Hamburg and Antwerp.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, New Orleans, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235. Union Building, 4 The Bund.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside, Tel. Nos. East 208, 209 & 212
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag Agents
Dec. 6	—	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	Rus. R.V.F.
Jan. 21	—	Japan	Kifune Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
Mar. 19	—	Japan	Kiyo Maru	Jap. Kaiyosha
Mar. 22	—		Chienan	Chi. W. & Co.
May 12	—	Japan	Naoteteu Maru	Jap.
May 20	—	Port Wallut	Simferopol	Rus. R.V.F.
May 21	—	Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
May 28	—	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br. J. M. & Co.
May 30	—	Japan	Tosa Maru 10	Jap.
May 31	—	Manila	Raritan	Am.
June 6	—	Vladivostok	Penza	Rus. R. V. F.
June 6	—	Trieste	Persia	Ital. Dod. & Co.
June 10	—	Chinwangtao	Shinsei Maru	Jap. K.M.A.
June 14	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 16	—	Liverpool, etc.	Pakling	Br. B. & S.
June 17	—		Childar	Br.
June 17	—	Hongkong	Euryades	Br. B. & S.
June 18	—	Japan	Yonan Maru	Jap.
June 18	—	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi. Customs
June 18	—	Seattle, etc.	Endicott	Am. Adl. Line
June 19	—	Hankow	Hanping	Chi. H. Y. P.
June 21	—	Hongkong	Hangsang	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 21	—	Hongkong	Kwangtan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 21	—	Foochow	Shinping	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June 21	—	Tientsin	Kingsing	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 21	—		Hemishima M.	Jap.
June 21	—	Portland	West Navara	Am. C. P. Co.
June 22	—	Dairen	Wallowra	Br. L. V. Lang
June 22	—	Foochow	Yungshin	Chi N.S.S.N. Co.
June 22	—	Liverpool, etc.	Elpenor	Br. B. & S.
June 22	—	Swatow	Chinkiang	Br. B. & S.
June 22	—	Hankow, etc.	Klangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 22	—	Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap. N.K.K.
June 22	—		Waban	Am. Adl. Line
June 22	—	Hongkong	West Jessup	Am. S. & Dix.
June 22	—	Japan	Karmala	Br. M.M. & Co.
June 23	—	Tsingtau	Choysang	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 23	—	Chinwangtao	Shinsei M. 5	Jap. K. M. A.
June 23	—	Chinwangtao	Providence	Nor. K.M.A.
June 23	—	Japan	Porthos	Fr. M.M. Cie
June 23	—	Swatow	Yunnan	Br. B. & S.
June 23	—	Chinwangtao	Taiyo Maru	Jap. K. M. A.
June 23	—	Hongkong	Sumatra	Sw. E. F. A.
June 23	—	Japan	Toyooka Maru	Jap. N. Y. K.
June 23	—	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br. B. & S.
June 23	—	Hankow, etc.	Hwahlee	Chi. J.M. & Co.
June 23	—	Japan	Chikugo Maru	Jap. N.Y.K.
June 23	—	Hongkong	Chenan	Br. B. & S.
June 23	—	Tientsin, etc.	Tungchow	Br. B. & S.
June 23	—	Hongkong	Western Cross	Am. Adl. Line
June 24	—	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
June 24	—	Seattle	Arcturus	Am. S. & Dix
June 24	—	Antung	Hunan	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—		Meinan	Am. Socony.
June 24	—	San Francisco	Col. Springs	Am. S. & Dix
June 24	—	Japan	Heihei Maru 2	Jap.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Meian	Am. Socony.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June 24	—	Foochow	Rotorua	Br. N.S.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi. Customs
June 24	—	Tsingtau	Hozan Maru	Jap. H.H. Co.

Departures

Date		For	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
June 23	—	Nanking	Shunchong	Chi. T.Y.S.S. Co.
June 23	—	Native Customs	Kienshin	Chi. W. & Co.
June 23	—	Manila, Hongkong	Abercos	Am. Adl. Line
June 23	—	Manila,	Archer	Am. P.M.S.S. Co
June 23	—	Chefoo, Tientsin	Hwahkuei	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June 24	—	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan. G.N.T. Co.
June 24	—	Keelung	Tamaye Maru	Jap. M.B.K.
June 24	—	Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinkong	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.

Arrivals

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag Agents
June 24	—	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Tsingtau	Yingchow	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—	San Francisco	Colombia	Am. P.M.S.S. Co.
June 24	—	Seattle	Arcturus	Am. S. & Dix
June 24	—	Antung	Hunan	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—		Meinan	Am. Socony.
June 24	—	San Francisco	Col. Springs	Am. S. & Dix
June 24	—	Japan	Heihei Maru 2	Jap.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br. B. & S.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br. J. M. & Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi. S.P.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Meian	Am. Socony.
June 24	—	Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap. N. K. K.
June 24	—	Foochow	Rotorua	Br. N.S.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Newchwang	Toonan	Chi. C.M.S.N. Co.
June 24	—	Tsingtau	Hozan Maru	Jap. H.H. Co.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
West Cadron	May	21
Tascalusa	May	21
Venezuela	May	23
Satanta	May	25
China	May	26
Tenyo Maru	May	30
Nanking	June	6
Berwindmoor	June	7
Ecuador	June	19
Tancred	June	19
Shinyo Maru	June	21
Nile	June	22
For Tacoma		
Africa Maru	June	5
For Seattle		
Kashima Maru	May	30
Fushimi Maru	June	19
For Portland		
Wawalone	June	2
For Los Angeles		
Vinita	June	6
For Vancouver		
Empress of Japan	May	29
Empress of Asia	June	6
Monteagle	June	12
For New York		
Persian Prince	May	22
Radnor	May	29
Lima Maru	June	4
Eurymachus	June	6
Alaska Maru	June	7
Bolton Castle	June	9
Slavic Prince	June	10
For London etc.		
Glenade	May	23
Novara	May	23
Sado Maru	May	24
Delta	June	1
Teiresias	June	3
Kitano Maru	June	7
Lt. de la Tour	June	12
Nellore	June	14
Havre Maru	June	15
Helenus	June	21
Inaba Maru	June	23
For Liverpool		
Kamakura Maru	May	26
Idomeneus	June	1
For Hamburg		
Tsuruga Maru	June	17
For Marseilles		
Pelho	May	30
Cordillere	May	30
For Trieste		
Africa	May	28
For Calcutta		
Japan	May	26
Madras	June	17
Gregory Apcar	June	21
For Java		
Hwahting	June	4
Yannis	June	5
Tjibodas	June	22
For Singapore		
Telemachus	May	22
Naneric	June	4
West Hixton	June	12
Hermes	June	13
Palembang	June	16
For Australia		
Comeric	June	5
Eurylochus	June	5

Passengers Arrived

Per K.M.A. s.s. Kwangping from Chinwangtao: Mr. G. Elliot.

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Mr. Hylbert.

Per S.P. s.s. Tehhsing from Hankow: Mr. Marshall.

Per I-C. s.s. Loongwo from Hankow: Messrs. Robert Cutright, Wm. Guble, W. Kien.

Per P.M. s.s. Colombia from San Francisco: Mrs. B. Ashley, Miss A. Beichman, Mrs. B. H. Blakley, Mrs. J. J. Byrnes, Sister Anita Boone, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Collins, Mrs. M. and Miss I. Collet-Vogt, Miss M. M. Cross, Mr. and Mrs. A. De Vos, Mrs. Rose Gill, Miss F. Gill, Mrs. F. Hadley, Mrs. F. Hadley Jr., Miss J. Hope, Mr. and Mrs. H. Katten, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Mann, Misses D. and G. Mann, Mrs. A. T. Mills, Miss J. L. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith, Mrs. E. F. Stenvenson, Messrs. D. Bell, R. J. Cowell, Wm. W Eastman, J. Elmont, E. Fuger, A. Goldman, A. W. Hughes, Al. Israel, C. E. NacArthur, W. Montgomery, H. H. Solomon, B. H. Tolles Jr., S. L. Ware, F. H. Weber.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Suiyang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Tsingtau for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chekiang left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Esang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang left Lungkow for Hongkong and Canton on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Haean left Foochow for Wenchow and Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Feiching left Foochow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Karmala arrived in Shanghai from Kobe Tuesday evening and will sail for London and ports at daylight today.

The P. and O. s.s. Devanha from London, left Hongkong at 6 a.m. Tuesday and is expected to arrive Shanghai this afternoon.

The P. and O. s.s. Lahore from London, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Sunday.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara from Bombay, was expected to leave Colombo for Straits, Hongkong and Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Hwahta will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Wosang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Hsintah left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Tungwah left Amoy for Foochow and Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. China was expected to leave San Francisco on Wednesday and is due in Shanghai on July 12.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru left Nagasaki for Shanghai yesterday and is expected to arrive at the Wayside Wharf tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano Maru will leave Moji for Shanghai today and is expected to arrive at the N.Y.K. Wharf on Sunday.

The M.M. s.s. Porthos arrived in Shanghai from Kobe Tuesday morning and is docked at the S.M.R. Whangpoo Wharf. The Porthos sails for Marseilles and ports at daylight today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Theseus, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.K.K. s.s. Siangyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangchi left Wenchow for Shanghai yesterday

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is expecter to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hopsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow on Monday.

The Royal Mail S.P. Co.'s s.s Carmarthenshire, from London and Antwerp, left Dairen on Wednesday evening and is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning.

The P.M. s.s. Colombia arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco, Honolulu and Japan ports yesterday morning and is docked at the China Merchants' Central Wharf. The Colombia sails for Manila and Hongkong at noon today.

Launch Services

Tuesday, June 29, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S. M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9 a.m.

MORGAN BANK TO PAY RENT IN GOLD

Lease Calls For Quarterly Payments 'At Present Standard' For 84 Years

A 25-STORY BUILDING

Must Replace Old Structure By 1928—To House All Morgan Enterprises

New York, May 15.—J. P. Morgan and Co. will pay to the Mills estate an aggregate rent of about $27,300,000 for the Mills Building, which was leased last month for an eighty-four year period. Details of the lease, which will rank as one of the biggest ever closed in New York, were learned yesterday for the first time since the announcement from the Morgan offices on March 12 that the famous old office building at 15 Broad Street had been taken over for eventual use as the site for a new skyscraper to house the Morgan enterprises.

The rent for the first twenty-one years will be at the rate of $300,000 a year net, plus taxes and other carrying charges. For the second twenty-one year period the rent will continue at the same figure, but in May, 1962, a new rent rate will be established, based on a new appraisal of the land value. The lease stipulates, however, that the rent for the third and fourth twenty-one years shall not be less than $350,000 a year.

These figures indicate that the property will net the Mills estate $12,600,000 for the first two periods and at least $14,700,000 for the last two, an aggregate for the entire life of the lease of about $27,300,000. This is about $2,550,000 more than the Standard Oil Company will pay Elmer E. Smathers for the Welles Building at 18 Broadway in the recently reported ninety-nine year lease at the rate of $250,000 a year net, heretofore the record transaction of its kind in New York.

The Morgan interests are required to pay the taxes and other charges. The lease also provides that the lessees must erect on the site, not later than May 1, 1928, a modern office building at least twenty-five stories in height.

MUST PAY RENT IN GOLD

An unusually interesting clause in the lease stipulates that the rent payments must be paid quarterly in gold, the phraseology reading "in gold at its present standard of weight and fineness."

Real estate men expressed surprise that a payment of such character should be incorporated in the terms. Few transactions within recent years have provided for such a renting arrangement, although it was said that years ago, especially after the civil war, payments in gold were quite common in long term leasing deals. The demand in those days was explained by the desire of owners to obtain specie rather than currency during the troubled days of post war reconstruction.

When Gimbel Brothers, in 1910, leased the present site of heir big Broadway store the lease called for a rent payment in gold at the rate of $630,000 a year. It is not known that these payments were ever actually made in specie, and since then the Gimbel interests have bought the property outright from the Hudson Companies, builders of the McAdoo Tunnels.

Passengers Departed

Per I-C. s.s. Hwahlee for Hankow: Messrs. Albert Rudd, F. E. Felton, A. E. Williams

Per P. and O. s.s. Karmala for London: Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Ellis and child, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. W. Brooke, 2 Misses Brooke, 2 Mstrs. Brooke, Dr. J. A. Dougherty, Rev. J. J. Rossiter, Mrs. A. H. and Mstr. Hilton-Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nield, Mr. and Mrs. Laerner, Comdrr and Mrs. House, Mstr. and 3 Misses Housem, Mrs. and Miss Bear, Messrs. W. Spark, J. L. Sample, A. E. Lyall, Lewis; for Colombo: Mr. E. J. J. Randall; for Singapore: Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Van der Bent, Miss D. Ling, Lt. and Mrs. N. B. Boonin, Messrs. H. Shirley, J. A. Campbell, Too Pang-kang; for Hongkong: Miss L. Maioroff, Messrs. J. W. Maioroff, E. S. Kong, L. Krivonogoff, J. Silin, M. A. Behreus.

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LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1874
AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD : SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

THURSDAY, June 24th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

SATURDAY, June 26th.—A Splendid Collection of Postage Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

MONDAY, June 28th.—Superior Household Furniture at 9 Hankow Road, at 10 a.m.

MONDAY, July 5th.—Superior Household Furniture and Accessories at 129 Siccawei Road.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, July 6th and 7th.—Superior and Artistic Household Furniture and Accessories at 67 Kiangse Road (The Ritz).

LET US FIT YOU
with a pair of these comfortable, beautiful and dainty glasses.

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EVERY CONNOISSEUR ENJOYS THE BEAUTY

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NANYANG BROS. TOBACCO CO., LTD.

SOCIETY REVERSED IN SOVIET RUSSIA

Communists Become Bourgeoisie Who Give Gorgeous Parties

INDUSTRY IS PARALYSED

Netherlanders Long Held As Prisoners By Red Government Are Freed

The Hague, May 14.—The arrival yesterday of a hundred Netherlanders who had long been held as prisoners in Russia, about whom official negotiations have been carried on since September last, awakened some excitement in Holland.

The prisoners, men, women and children, were mostly in a terrible condition of health, having suffered great privations and persecution. One died aboard ship.

All agreed that conditions in Russia at present are unbearable; that roles have been exchanged and Communists have become bourgeoisie who give gorgeous evening parties, and that work is only carried on in State factories under the direction of Communists for the Red army.

There is no raw material, no general industry, and everything is nationalised. Former bourgeoisie sell their furniture in order to live. There was, however, a change recently, said one of the prisoners. Trotsky and Lenin are now approaching the bourgeoisie and endeavoring to make use of the former heads of factories and institutions with technical knowledge and have been fairly successful.

Until May, 1919, it appears that foreigners were not persecuted. Then all the foreign representatives left Russia except the Swiss representative, who seemed to be on good terms with the Soviet Government. Many Netherlanders sold all their goods hoping to be allowed to return, but although at that time the Soviets treated neutrals fairly well, considering them the last link with the rest of the world, they were not allowed to leave.

In the middle of May the courier service was stopped and regular persecution of foreigners began. On June 2 all foreign legations and embassies were seized and occupied by soldiers. Everything was confiscated or stolen, including the contents of the safes. The Dutch Legation building contained documents, papers, securities and large sums of money belonging to foreign powers and foreign subjects under Dutch protection during the war which had been placed for security in the Dutch Legation at the beginning of the war.

Only four letters were found afterward at the legation. The consulate was also completely plundered. The reason given for this was that neutral legations had become centers of espionage and counter-revolution.

Every one appearing at a legation or consulate was arrested. People were often trapped into coming by telephone and then arrested.

The Netherlanders, with many Russian notables, ex-Ministers, Generals and hostages, were locked up in prison for two weeks without beds, chairs or food. Finally they were marched off to a station carrying packs and mattresses on their backs and were entrained in goods cars for Moscow, where they were interned in camps with nothing but the bare walls.

No sanitary arrangements were provided and dysentery raged, there being no medical help. At one time they were set free, then again imprisoned.

There is no postal rate in Russia, but railway officials carry letters for large bribes. Few letters arrive. One letter costs 20 to 80 rubles.

A more pitiable picture of life in Russia could hardly be drawn. People arriving recently from Petrograd confirm the reports of conditions.

Shanghai Tramway

The following is the Traffic Returns of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended June 23, 1920, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1920	1919
Gross receipts	$47,491.31	$33,446.23
Loss by currency depreciation	12,442.36	8,245.18
Effective receipts	$35,048.95	$25,201.05
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	27.66	26.33
Car miles run	89,837	83,817
Passengers carried	2,137,156	1,531,705

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland, Fearon and Brand write as follows in their Circular for week ending Wednesday, June 23:

Exchange:—The London price of Silver influenced by purchases by China, and some American operations rose to 52½d. for "spot" and 51½d. for forward showing a rise of 8½d. and 7⅛d. for these deliveries repectively during the week. Our rate for T.T. on London which at 5/0d. is 4d. up has been principally influenced by further speculative re-sales by Gold dealers. There has also been a certain amount of Export paper offering. For the last two days our exchange market has ruled unsteady and at the close the gold dealers are buyers of T.T. on a weak market.

Stocks of silver are reported as follows:

Sycee and Bar Silver Tls. 37,800,000 in increase of Tls. 1,700,000.

Chinese and Mexican Dollars $19,170,000 in increase of $490,000.

Estimated value in Taels 51,800,000 an increase of Tls. 800,000.

The Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

According to a telegram received from the Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, Amsterdam, a dividend of 16 percent for the year 1919 has been declared.

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, June 23.—Exchange quotations:

London	46.87
New York	11.63
Belgium	104.50
Italy	64.65
Prague	29.00
Switzerland	208.00
French War Loans:	
3 percent	57.30
4 percent 1917	71.00
4 percent 1918	71.70
5 percent	88.25
5 percent 1920	101.55

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Yours for Service,
"JACK RAYNES"
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OPEN AIR CINEMA
217 Bubbling Well Road

Owing to the inclement weather last Monday
TOM MOORE
in
"Lord & Lady Algy"
Six-part Comedy-Drama
Will be screened again
On Friday, Saturday and Sunday
June, 25th, 26th & 27th

Last Episodes!
"The Red Glove"
17th & 18th Episodes
Marie Walcamp
also Japanese Drama
Towa Cinema Theatre
Woochang Road.

ISIS
Friday, Saturday and Sunday
VIRGINIA PEARSON

IN
"THE BISHOP'S EMERALDS"
WITH SHELDON LEWIS
High Class Society Drama In Six Acts
Saturday Matinee 3 p.m.
"SPORTING BLOOD"
Sunday Matinee 3 p.m.
PEARL WHITE
"THE BLACK SECRET"
Episodes 7 and 8

SPECIAL PROGRAMME
For Three Nights Only
June 25th, 26th & 27th
and MATINEE on SUNDAY, 27th
AT THE Victoria Theatre PRESENTING
"THE WOMAN GOD FORGOT"

SPECIAL MUSIC. ADMISSION PRICES $1.50 & $1.00
Holder of Special Coupon Tickets Entitled To Use Same By Paying the Difference
Matinee Saturday at 4 p.m. Showing Douglas Fairbanks in
"The Man From Painted Post"

SPECIAL PROGRAMME
AT THE OLYMPIC THEATRE
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
June 26th and 27th and MATINEE on SUNDAY at 3.15 p.m.
PRESENTING
"CHRISTUS"

Being The Story of the
ETERNAL DRAMA
THE STORY OF THE
WORLD'S REDEEMER
Reproduced in the Sacred places of Palestine and Egypt and presented in Historical and chronological order in magnificent Moving pictures produced by the Cines Company of Rome in Seven Spectacular Acts.
Admission Prices $1.50 and $1.00 -:- Special Music

THE HOUSE SHOWING THE BIG PICTURES.
FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
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JUNE 25th, 26th and 27th
THE THEATRE WHERE EVERYBODY GOES
UNIVERSAL FILM CORP. presents
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SCREEN BEAUTY
DOROTHY PHILLIPS
IN A SPARKLING SIX PART COMEDY-DRAMA
"THE TALK OF THE TOWN"
It is a most agreeable surprise and every one who sees this excellent Feature of the Universal Film Producing Company will without the slightest hesitation, feel assured that Shanghai public from henceforth, will have the opportunity of seeing really tip-top Features at the Apollo Theatre, which has acquired the first runs of their pictures.
DOROTHY PHILLIPS, as the girl GENEVRA, is excellent and the supporting cast is much above the average, every character being carefully thought out and played.
Matinee, Saturday, 4 p.m.
DOLORES CASSINELLI in
"THE RIGHT TO LIE"
7 part Drama
Matinee, Sunday, at 3 p.m.
THE GREATEST AND MOST INTERESTING SERIAL
"THE MIDNIGHT MAN"
Episodes: 1st, 2nd and 3rd.
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